

Converting Colors

`RYB(80, 156, 249)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(80, 156, 249) contains.

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Color

`RYB(80, 156, 249)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 50DAF9 |
| RGB | 80, 218, 249 |
| RGB Percent | 31%, 85%, 98% |
| CMY | 0.6863, 0.1447, 0.0235 |
| CMYK | 0.68, 0.12, 0.00, 0.02 |
| HSL | 191°, 93%, 65% |
| HSV | 191°, 68%, 98% |
| XYZ | 45.5064, 58.7436, 98.5627 |
| YIQ | 180.2720, -92.1990, -19.6150 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

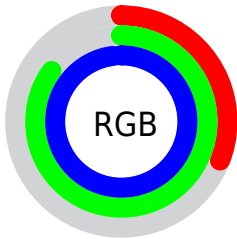
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 80, 156, 249 |
| Decimal | 5298937 |
| CIE Lab | 81.15, -27.60, -25.97 |
| CIE LCh | 81, 37.895, 223.259 |
| Yxy | 58.7436, 0.2244, 0.2896 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283489017 (0xFF50DAF9) |
| YUV | 180.2720, 33.8829, -87.9385 |
| Hunter-Lab | 76.6444, -28.1460, -22.5944 |

Details

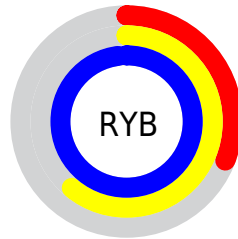
The RYB color **80, 156, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **249, 118, 80**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 201, 255**, and **0, 88, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 142, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 170, 249**.

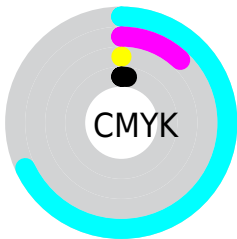
Distribution



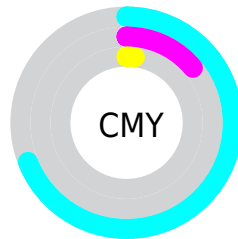
- Red (31%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



















- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 80, 156, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 80, 156, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

| | |
|---|--|
|  80, 156, 249 |  80, 156, 249 |
|  255, 255, 255 |  34, 119, 220 |
|  147, 201, 255 |  0, 88, 192 |
|  179, 217, 255 |  0, 75, 165 |
|  210, 233, 255 |  0, 62, 139 |
|  241, 248, 255 |  0, 49, 113 |
| |  0, 37, 89 |
| |  0, 25, 65 |
| |  0, 9, 43 |
| |  0, 1, 22 |

■ 80, 156, 249

■ 80, 156, 249

■ 55, 142, 249

■ 105, 170, 249

■ 30, 128, 249

■ 130, 183, 249

■ 5, 115, 249

■ 155, 197, 249

■ 0, 112, 249

■ 180, 211, 249

■ 204, 224, 249

■ 229, 238, 249

■ 254, 250, 249

■ 249, 255, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 156, 221



80, 156, 249



122, 175, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80, 156, 249



255, 177, 223



139, 210, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 156, 249



249, 118, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



226, 243, 134



80, 156, 249



255, 175, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80, 156, 249



226, 187, 253



255, 190, 155



149, 214, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 156, 249



159, 190, 255



255, 190, 155



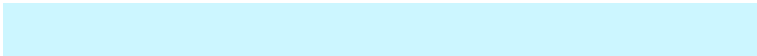
157, 222, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 156, 249



204, 227, 255



80, 225, 249



97, 111, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 156, 249



48, 141, 255



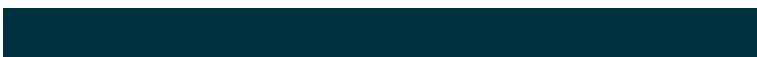
80, 122, 249



112, 118, 125



0, 85, 189



0, 27, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 80, 218



255, 48, 217



164, 249, 80



125, 112, 123



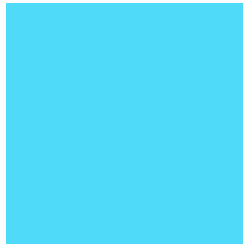
189, 0, 154



61, 0, 50

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 80, 156, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

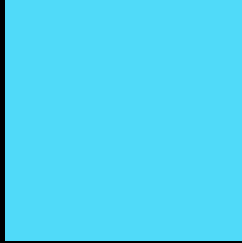
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 80, 156, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

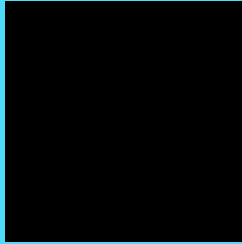
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 80, 156, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 80, 156, 249.

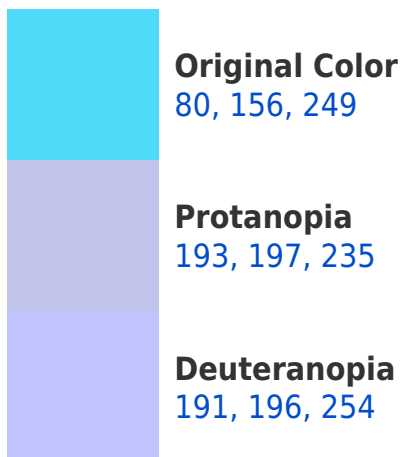


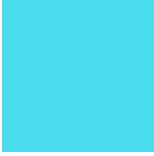
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 80, 156, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
73, 151, 238

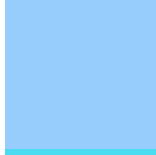
Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 156, 249



Protanomaly
152, 185, 240



Deuteranomaly
151, 186, 252

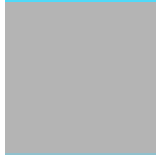


Tritanomaly
76, 153, 242

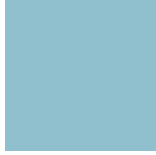
Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 156, 249



Achromatopsia
180, 180, 180



Achromatomaly
144, 171, 205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 80, 156, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(80, 218, 249) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 218, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 218, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 218, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 80, 156, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 218, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 218, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 218, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 218, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 218, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 218,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 80, 156, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 218, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 218,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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