

Converting Colors

`RYB(80, 31, 190)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(80, 31, 190) contains.

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Color

R_YB(80, 31, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	501FBE
RGB	80, 31, 190
RGB Percent	31%, 12%, 75%
CMY	0.6863, 0.8784, 0.2549
CMYK	0.58, 0.84, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	258°, 72%, 43%
HSV	258°, 84%, 75%
XYZ	13.0925, 6.4032, 49.2611
YIQ	63.7770, -21.8350, 59.8370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

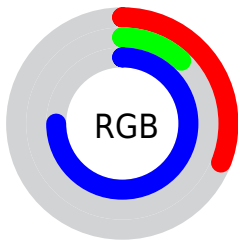
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 31, 190
Decimal	5251006
CIE _{Lab}	30.41, 58.19, -73.52
CIE _{LCh}	30, 93.766, 308.361
Yxy	6.4032, 0.1904, 0.0931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283441086 (0xFF501FBE)
YUV	63.7770, 62.2279, 14.2276
Hunter-Lab	25.3045, 48.0731, -97.7088

Details

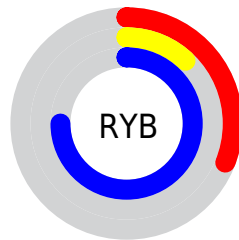
The RYB color **80, 31, 190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. A complement of this color would be **31, 190, 80**, and the grayscale version is **63, 63, 63**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **141, 84, 248**, and **0, 0, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 12, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 50, 190**.

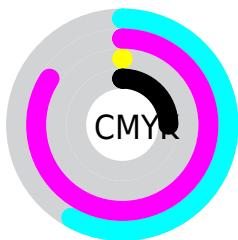
Distribution



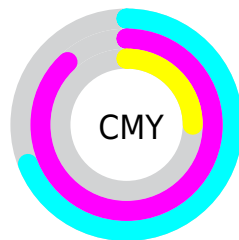
- Red (31%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 80, 31, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 80, 31, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80, 31, 190



80, 31, 190

255, 255, 255



45, 0, 162



141, 84, 248



0, 0, 135



171, 110, 255



0, 0, 109



201, 137, 255



0, 0, 83



231, 164, 255



0, 5, 59



255, 192, 255



0, 2, 37



255, 220, 255



0, 1, 13



255, 249, 255



0, 0, 0



80, 31, 190



80, 31, 190

■ 67, 12, 190

■ 93, 50, 190

■ 59, 0, 190

■ 106, 69, 190

■ 119, 88, 190

■ 133, 107, 190

■ 146, 126, 190

■ 159, 145, 190

■ 172, 164, 190

■ 185, 183, 190

■ 190, 202, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 58, 222



80, 31, 190



166, 0, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80, 31, 190



129, 67, 0



0, 49, 95

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 31, 190



31, 190, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 90, 93



80, 31, 190



0, 76, 6

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80, 31, 190



171, 0, 0



0, 89, 89



0, 61, 163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 31, 190



185, 0, 79



0, 89, 89



0, 56, 95

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 31, 190



205, 186, 247



31, 96, 190



99, 87, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 31, 190



76, 0, 247



158, 31, 190



88, 85, 94



49, 0, 158



9, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 31, 141



247, 0, 171



31, 190, 158



94, 85, 91



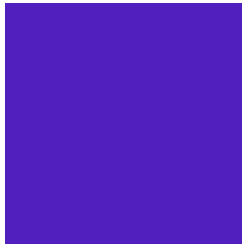
158, 0, 109



31, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 80, 31, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

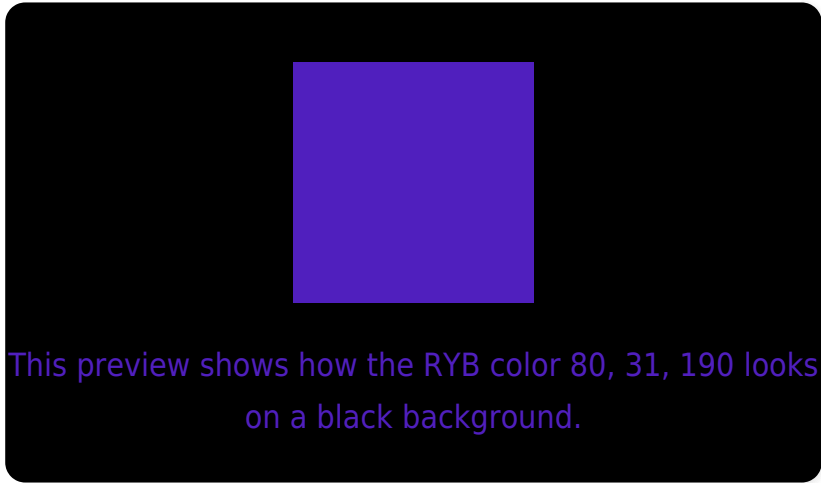
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

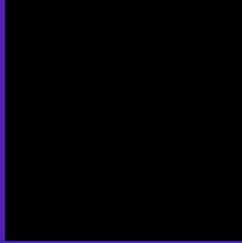
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 80, 31, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 80, 31, 190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 80, 31, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80, 31, 190

Protanopia

0, 47, 146

Deuteranopia

0, 46, 125



Tritanopia
37, 59, 84

Trichromacy



Original Color

80, 31, 190



Protanomaly

29, 51, 162



Deuteranomaly

29, 52, 149



Tritanomaly

53, 60, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

80, 31, 190



Achromatopsia

64, 64, 64



Achromatomaly

70, 52, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 80, 31, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(80, 31, 190) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 31, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 31, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 31, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 80, 31, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 31, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 31, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 31, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 31, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 31, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 31,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 80, 31, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 31, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 31,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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