

Converting Colors

R_YB(80, 78, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(80, 78, 188) contains.

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Color

R_YB(80, 78, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	504EBC
RGB	80, 78, 188
RGB Percent	31%, 31%, 74%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6941, 0.2627
CMYK	0.57, 0.59, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	241°, 45%, 52%
HSV	241°, 59%, 74%
XYZ	15.1098, 10.7851, 48.8623
YIQ	91.1380, -34.1180, 34.6340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

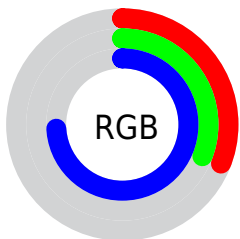
Format	Color
R _{YB}	80, 78, 188
Decimal	5263036
CIE Lab	39.22, 32.86, -57.92
CIE LCh	39, 66.592, 299.566
Yxy	10.7851, 0.2021, 0.1443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283453116 (0xFF504EBC)
YUV	91.1380, 47.7530, -9.7680
Hunter-Lab	32.8407, 24.6554, -65.2268

Details

The RYB color **80, 78, 188** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **78, 188, 80**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138, 127, 245**, and **0, 26, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 59, 188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 97, 188**.

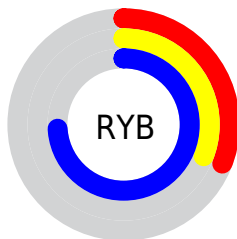
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (31%)

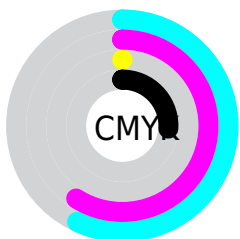
Blue (74%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (74%)

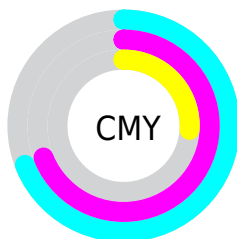


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 80, 78, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 80, 78, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 78, 188

 80, 78, 188


255, 255, 255

 48, 55, 160

 138, 127, 245

 0, 26, 134

 167, 153, 255

 0, 12, 108

 196, 180, 255

 0, 0, 83

 226, 208, 255

 0, 5, 59

 255, 236, 255

 0, 2, 36

 0, 0, 12

 0, 0, 0

 80, 78, 188

 80, 78, 188

■ 62, 59, 188

■ 98, 97, 188

■ 43, 40, 188

■ 117, 116, 188

■ 25, 22, 188

■ 135, 134, 188

■ 6, 3, 188

■ 154, 153, 188

■ 3, 0, 188

■ 172, 172, 188

■ 188, 191, 188

■ 188, 210, 189

■ 188, 228, 188

■ 188, 247, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 67, 202



80, 78, 188



154, 43, 148

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80, 78, 188



154, 116, 0



0, 65, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 78, 188



78, 188, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 87, 111



80, 78, 188



30, 114, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80, 78, 188



180, 30, 43



0, 104, 45



0, 64, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 78, 188



177, 11, 114



0, 104, 45



0, 70, 114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 78, 188



202, 201, 245



78, 132, 188



96, 95, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 78, 188



77, 73, 245



135, 78, 188



85, 85, 94



3, 0, 158



1, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 78, 186



245, 73, 242



78, 188, 135



94, 85, 94



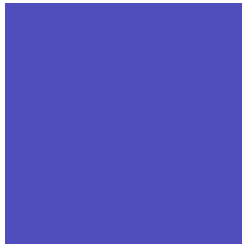
158, 0, 155



31, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 80, 78, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 80, 78, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

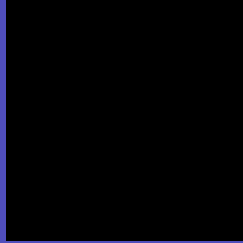
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 80, 78, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 80, 78, 188.

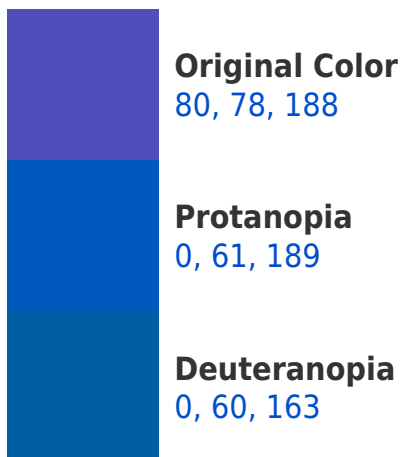


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 80, 78, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

48, 76, 108

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 78, 188

Protanomaly
29, 70, 189

Deuteranomaly
29, 71, 172

Tritanomaly
60, 83, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 78, 188

Achromatopsia
91, 91, 91

Achromatomaly
87, 86, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 80, 78, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 78, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 78, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 78, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 78, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 80, 78, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 78, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 78, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 78, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 78, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 78, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 78,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 80, 78, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 78, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 78,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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