

Converting Colors

`RYB(81, 139, 219)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(81, 139, 219) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(81, 139, 219)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	51B5DB
RGB	81, 181, 219
RGB Percent	32%, 71%, 86%
CMY	0.6824, 0.2900, 0.1412
CMYK	0.63, 0.17, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	196°, 66%, 59%
HSV	196°, 63%, 86%
XYZ	32.7136, 39.9319, 73.0013
YIQ	155.4320, -71.7980, -9.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

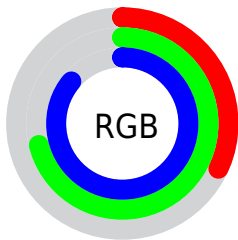
Format	Color
R _Y B	81, 139, 219
Decimal	5354971
CIE Lab	69.42, -17.79, -27.77
CIE LCh	69, 32.980, 237.352
Yxy	39.9319, 0.2246, 0.2742
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283545051 (0xFF51B5DB)
YUV	155.4320, 31.3390, -65.2769
Hunter-Lab	63.1917, -18.1782, -24.2597

Details

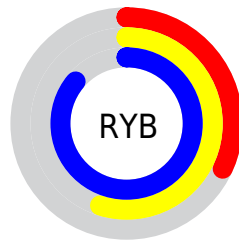
The RYB color **81, 139, 219** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **219, 133, 81**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143, 194, 255**, and **0, 72, 164** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 126, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **103, 152, 219**.

Distribution



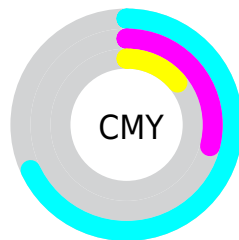
- Red (32%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



















- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 81, 139, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 81, 139, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 81, 139, 219	 81, 139, 219
 255, 255, 255	 45, 107, 191
 143, 194, 255	 0, 72, 164
 172, 214, 255	 0, 59, 137
 202, 229, 255	 0, 46, 112
 232, 244, 255	 0, 34, 87
	 0, 23, 64
	 0, 3, 42
	 0, 1, 20
	 0, 0, 0

81, 139, 219

81, 139, 219

59, 126, 219

103, 152, 219

37, 114, 219

125, 164, 219

15, 101, 219

147, 177, 219

0, 92, 219

169, 190, 219

191, 203, 219

212, 215, 219

234, 224, 219

255, 233, 219

255, 248, 219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66, 128, 196



81, 139, 219



125, 158, 229

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81, 139, 219



225, 147, 173



116, 176, 130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 139, 219



219, 133, 81

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 192, 110



81, 139, 219



228, 149, 144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81, 139, 219



205, 153, 202



216, 180, 120



127, 175, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 139, 219



155, 165, 226



216, 180, 120



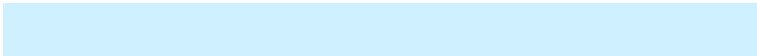
112, 173, 113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 139, 219



207, 227, 255



81, 190, 219



98, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 139, 219



61, 143, 255



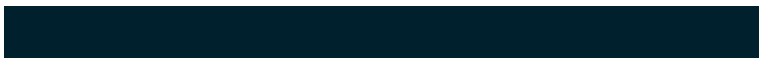
81, 107, 219



99, 104, 110



0, 73, 173



0, 19, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 81, 181



255, 61, 202



123, 219, 81



110, 99, 107



173, 0, 126



46, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 81, 139, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

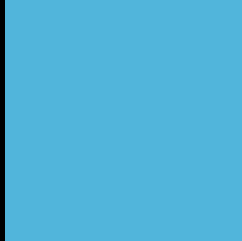
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 81, 139, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 81, 139, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 81, 139, 219.

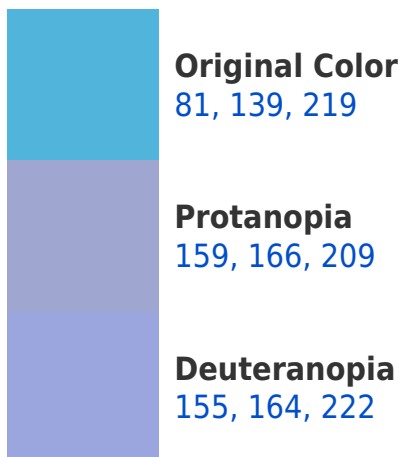


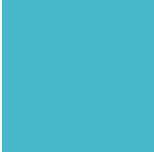
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 81, 139, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

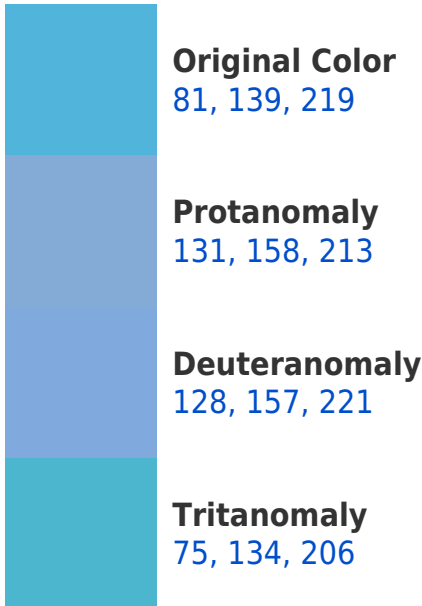
Dichromacy



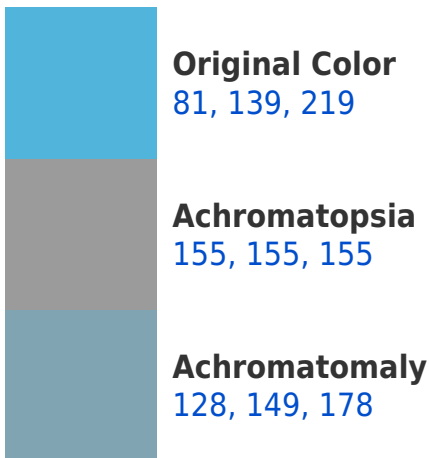


Tritanopia
71, 131, 199

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 81, 139, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 181, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 181, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 181, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 181, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 81, 139, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 181, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 181, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 181, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 181, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 181, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 181,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 81, 139, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 181, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 181,  
219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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