

Converting Colors

`RYB(83, 117, 211)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(83, 117, 211) contains.

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Color

R_YB(83, 117, 211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5381D3
RGB	83, 129, 211
RGB Percent	33%, 51%, 83%
CMY	0.6745, 0.4929, 0.1725
CMYK	0.61, 0.39, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	218°, 59%, 58%
HSV	218°, 61%, 83%
XYZ	23.2147, 22.3213, 64.7129
YIQ	124.5940, -53.7380, 15.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

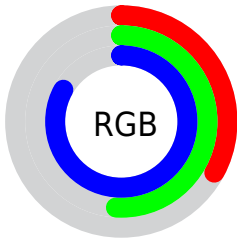
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 117, 211
Decimal	5472723
CIE _{Lab}	54.37, 9.24, -46.83
CIE _{LCh}	54, 47.736, 281.163
Yxy	22.3213, 0.2106, 0.2025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283662803 (0xFF5381D3)
YUV	124.5940, 42.5982, -36.4779
Hunter-Lab	47.2454, 5.0292, -48.1389

Details

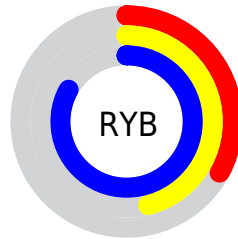
The RYB color **83, 117, 211** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **155, 211, 83**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142, 171, 255**, and **0, 53, 156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 102, 211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 133, 211**.

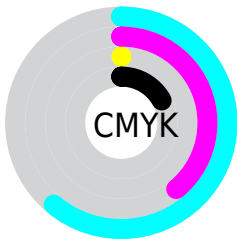
Distribution



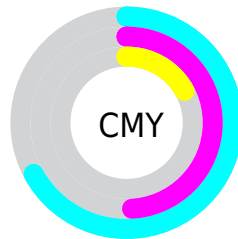
- Red (33%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



















- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 83, 117, 211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 83, 117, 211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 83, 117, 211	 83, 117, 211
 255, 255, 255	 50, 88, 183
 142, 172, 255	 0, 53, 156
 171, 197, 255	 0, 40, 129
 201, 223, 255	 0, 27, 104
 230, 243, 255	 0, 14, 79
	 0, 5, 56
	 0, 2, 33
	 0, 0, 6
	 0, 0, 0

■ 83, 117, 211

■ 83, 117, 211

■ 62, 102, 211

■ 104, 133, 211

■ 41, 86, 211

■ 125, 148, 211

■ 20, 71, 211

■ 146, 164, 211

■ 0, 56, 211

■ 167, 179, 211

■ 188, 194, 211

■ 210, 210, 211

■ 222, 231, 211

■ 235, 252, 211

■ 215, 255, 211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 84, 208



83, 117, 211



153, 113, 192

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83, 117, 211



199, 110, 78



0, 88, 149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 117, 211



155, 211, 83

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65, 143, 115



83, 117, 211



152, 174, 50

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83, 117, 211



206, 93, 116



49, 138, 44



0, 76, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 117, 211



182, 102, 170



49, 138, 44



51, 120, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 117, 211



209, 221, 255



83, 161, 211



99, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 117, 211



69, 118, 255



100, 83, 211



94, 97, 105



0, 45, 168



0, 11, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 83, 129



255, 69, 136



83, 211, 100



105, 94, 98



168, 0, 61



41, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 83, 117, 211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 83, 117, 211 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 83, 117, 211 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 83, 117, 211.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 83, 117, 211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 117, 211

Protanopia

97, 121, 209

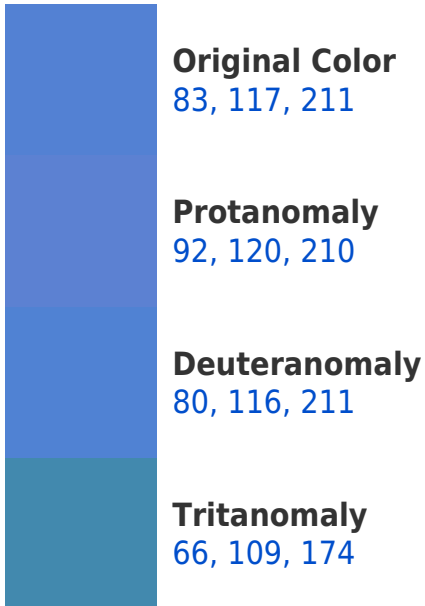
Deuteranopia

79, 116, 211

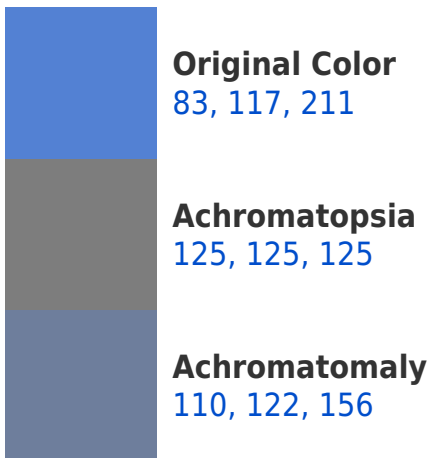


Tritanopia
56, 101, 153

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 83, 117, 211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 129, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 129, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 129, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 129, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 83, 117, 211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 129, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 129, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 129, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 129, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 129, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 129,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 83, 129, 211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 129, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 129,  
211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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