

Converting Colors

`RYB(83, 120, 125)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(83, 120, 125) contains.

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Color

`RYB(83, 120, 125)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	537D59
RGB	83, 125, 89
RGB Percent	33%, 49%, 35%
CMY	0.6745, 0.5098, 0.6523
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.29, 0.51
HSL	128°, 20%, 41%
HSV	128°, 34%, 49%
XYZ	12.6905, 17.2221, 12.0353
YIQ	108.3380, -13.4760, -20.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

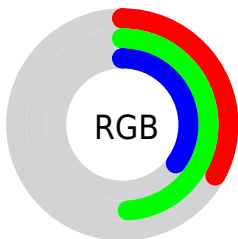
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 120, 125
Decimal	5471577
CIE Lab	48.54, -22.63, 15.29
CIE LCh	49, 27.311, 145.954
Yxy	17.2221, 0.3025, 0.4106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283661657 (0xFF537D59)
YUV	108.3380, -9.5336, -22.2214
Hunter-Lab	41.4995, -18.0391, 11.8549

Details

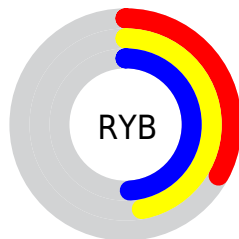
The RYB color **83, 120, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **125, 83, 119**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **134, 174, 178**, and **35, 69, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 119, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 122, 125**.

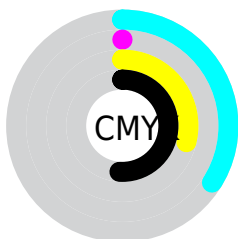
Distribution



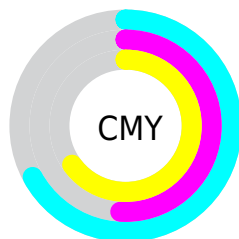
- Red (33%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 83, 120, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 83, 120, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



83, 120, 125



83, 120, 125

255, 255, 255



59, 95, 100



134, 174, 178



35, 69, 76



160, 201, 205



10, 44, 53



188, 230, 234



0, 32, 32



216, 251, 255



0, 0, 0



245, 252, 255



83, 120, 125



83, 120, 125



71, 119, 125



96, 122, 125



58, 117, 125



108, 123, 125

■ 46, 116, 125

■ 121, 125, 125

■ 33, 114, 125

■ 133, 125, 132

■ 21, 113, 125

■ 146, 125, 143

■ 8, 111, 125

■ 158, 125, 154

■ 0, 110, 125

■ 171, 125, 164

■ 183, 125, 175

■ 195, 125, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73, 120, 83



83, 120, 125



53, 94, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83, 120, 125



77, 105, 161



160, 99, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 120, 125



125, 83, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 98, 119



83, 120, 125



114, 110, 157

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83, 120, 125



39, 88, 153



141, 102, 141



151, 121, 78

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 120, 125



33, 81, 128



141, 102, 141



161, 98, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 120, 125



147, 161, 163



83, 125, 89



72, 81, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 120, 125



98, 155, 163



83, 109, 125



57, 63, 64



0, 113, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 83, 119



163, 98, 154



125, 83, 98



64, 57, 63



128, 0, 110



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 83, 120, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 83, 120, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

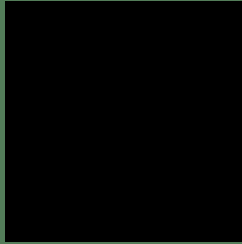
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 83, 120, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 83, 120, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 83, 120, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
83, 120, 125

Protanopia
94, 123, 84

Deuteranopia
134, 124, 92



Tritanopia
91, 107, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 120, 125

Protanomaly
86, 119, 97

Deuteranomaly
91, 115, 91

Tritanomaly
88, 107, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 120, 125

Achromatopsia
108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly
99, 112, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 83, 120, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 125, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 125, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 125, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 125, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 83, 120, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 125, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 125, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 125, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 125, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 125, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 125,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 83, 125, 89 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 125, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 125,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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