

Converting Colors

R_YB(83, 97, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(83, 97, 186) contains.

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Color

R_YB(83, 97, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5363BA
RGB	83, 99, 186
RGB Percent	33%, 39%, 73%
CMY	0.6745, 0.6110, 0.2706
CMYK	0.55, 0.47, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	231°, 43%, 53%
HSV	231°, 55%, 73%
XYZ	16.9112, 14.3462, 48.3322
YIQ	104.1340, -37.4630, 23.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

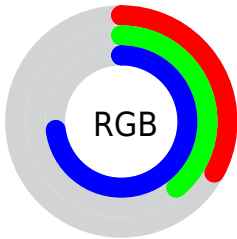
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 97, 186
Decimal	5465018
CIE _{Lab}	44.73, 19.47, -47.87
CIE _{LCh}	45, 51.676, 292.139
Yxy	14.3462, 0.2125, 0.1803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283655098 (0xFF5363BA)
YUV	104.1340, 40.3599, -18.5345
Hunter-Lab	37.8764, 13.4138, -49.1435

Details

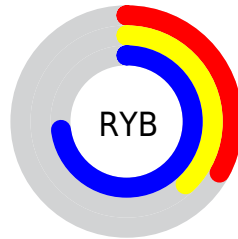
The RYB color **83, 97, 186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **102, 186, 83**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139, 148, 243**, and **14, 43, 132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 81, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102, 113, 186**.

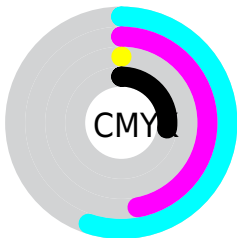
Distribution



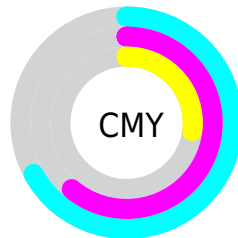
- Red (33%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 83, 97, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 83, 97, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 97, 186

■ 83, 97, 186

255, 255, 255

■ 53, 72, 159

■ 139, 149, 243

■ 14, 43, 132

■ 168, 175, 255

■ 0, 25, 106

■ 197, 203, 255

■ 0, 10, 82

■ 226, 231, 255

■ 0, 5, 58

■ 0, 2, 35

■ 0, 0, 10

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 83, 97, 186

■ 83, 97, 186

■ 64, 81, 186

■ 102, 113, 186

■ 46, 65, 186

■ 120, 129, 186

■ 27, 49, 186

■ 139, 145, 186

■ 9, 33, 186

■ 157, 161, 186

■ 0, 25, 186

■ 176, 178, 186

■ 189, 195, 186

■ 191, 213, 186

■ 194, 232, 186

■ 198, 250, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 71, 191



83, 97, 186



146, 80, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83, 97, 186



167, 105, 38



0, 72, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 97, 186



102, 186, 83

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37, 111, 121



83, 97, 186



52, 136, 3

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83, 97, 186



182, 66, 76



10, 113, 27



0, 66, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 97, 186



170, 68, 133



10, 113, 27



0, 76, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 97, 186



201, 207, 242



83, 139, 186



98, 101, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 97, 186



82, 104, 242



117, 83, 186



83, 84, 92



0, 21, 156



0, 4, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 83, 99



242, 82, 108



83, 186, 117



92, 83, 84



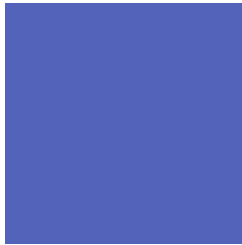
156, 0, 24



28, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 83, 97, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 83, 97, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

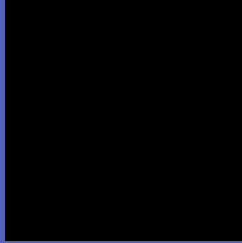
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 83, 97, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 83, 97, 186.

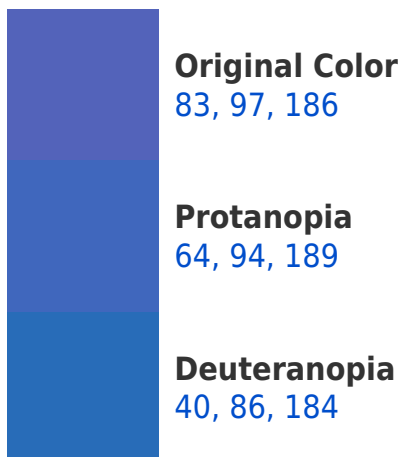


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 83, 97, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 89, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 97, 186

Protanomaly
71, 96, 188

Deuteranomaly
56, 91, 185

Tritanomaly
68, 95, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 97, 186

Achromatopsia
104, 104, 104

Achromatomaly
96, 101, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 83, 97, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 99, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 99, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 99, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 99, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 83, 97, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 99, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 99, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 99, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 99, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 99, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 99,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 83, 99, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 99, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 99,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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