

Converting Colors

`RYB(84, 160, 129)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(84, 160, 129) contains.

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Color

`RYB(84, 160, 129)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73A054
RGB	115, 160, 84
RGB Percent	45%, 63%, 33%
CMY	0.5490, 0.3725, 0.6706
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.48, 0.37
HSL	96°, 31%, 48%
HSV	96°, 48%, 63%
XYZ	21.2413, 29.4265, 12.9479
YIQ	137.8810, -2.4240, -33.1760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

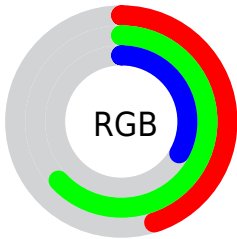
Format	Color
RYB	84, 160, 129
Decimal	7577684
CIELab	61.16, -29.15, 34.68
CIELCh	61, 45.299, 130.046
Yxy	29.4265, 0.3339, 0.4626
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285767764 (0xFF73A054)
YUV	137.8810, -26.5633, -20.0666
Hunter-Lab	54.2462, -25.0354, 23.8206

Details

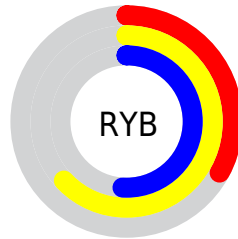
The RYB color **84, 160, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **129, 84, 160**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135, 215, 181**, and **36, 108, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 160, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 160, 136**.

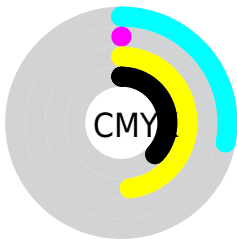
Distribution



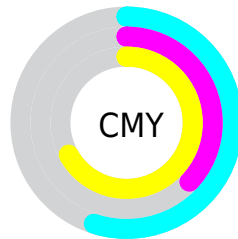
- Red (45%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 84, 160, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 84, 160, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84, 160, 129



84, 160, 129

255, 255, 255



60, 134, 105



135, 215, 181



36, 108, 80



162, 244, 209



10, 84, 55



189, 255, 219



0, 60, 46



217, 255, 218



0, 38, 38



246, 255, 246



0, 8, 8



0, 0, 0



84, 160, 129



84, 160, 129



68, 160, 122



100, 160, 136

■ 52, 160, 116

■ 116, 160, 142

■ 36, 160, 109

■ 132, 160, 149

■ 20, 160, 103

■ 148, 160, 155

■ 4, 160, 96

■ 162, 160, 164

■ 0, 160, 95

■ 172, 160, 180

■ 181, 160, 196

■ 191, 160, 212

■ 200, 160, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75, 158, 66



84, 160, 129



55, 125, 166

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84, 160, 129



0, 93, 222



223, 114, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 160, 129



129, 84, 160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207, 118, 176



84, 160, 129



104, 136, 226

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84, 160, 129



0, 90, 198



168, 132, 209



217, 128, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 160, 129



0, 90, 168



168, 132, 209



220, 114, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 160, 129



180, 209, 197



139, 160, 84



87, 105, 98



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 160, 129



90, 209, 160



84, 154, 160



71, 79, 76



0, 143, 85



0, 15, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129, 84, 160



160, 90, 209



160, 84, 154



76, 71, 79



85, 0, 143



9, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 84, 160, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 84, 160, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 84, 160, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 84, 160, 129.

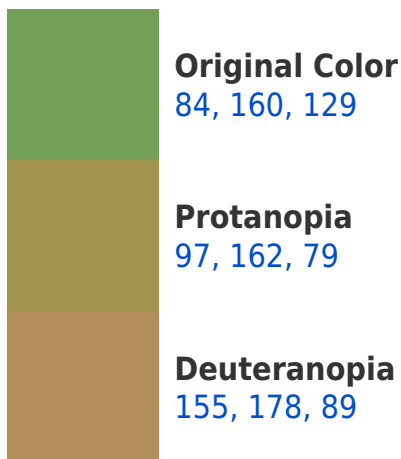


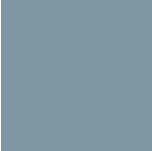
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 84, 160, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
127, 141, 163

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 160, 129

Protanomaly
81, 152, 88

Deuteranomaly
96, 155, 87

Tritanomaly
123, 146, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 160, 129

Achromatopsia
138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly
118, 146, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 84, 160, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 160, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 160, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 160, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 160, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 84, 160, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 160, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 160, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 160, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 160, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 160, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 160,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 84, 160, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 160, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
160, 84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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