

Converting Colors

`RYB(84, 82, 212)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(84, 82, 212) contains.

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Color

R_YB(84, 82, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5452D4
RGB	84, 82, 212
RGB Percent	33%, 32%, 83%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6784, 0.1686
CMYK	0.60, 0.61, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	241°, 60%, 58%
HSV	241°, 61%, 83%
XYZ	18.5571, 12.6729, 63.7554
YIQ	97.4180, -40.5380, 40.8540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

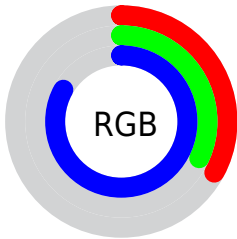
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 82, 212
Decimal	5526228
CIE _{Lab}	42.27, 38.92, -66.86
CIE _{LCh}	42, 77.363, 300.202
Yxy	12.6729, 0.1954, 0.1334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283716308 (0xFF5452D4)
YUV	97.4180, 56.4889, -11.7676
Hunter-Lab	35.5990, 30.7507, -81.2652

Details

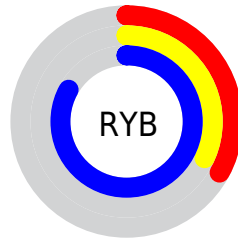
The RYB color **84, 82, 212** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **82, 212, 84**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145, 132, 255**, and **0, 30, 156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 61, 212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 103, 212**.

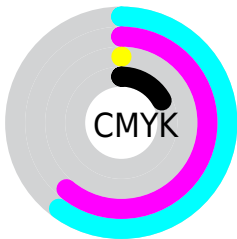
Distribution



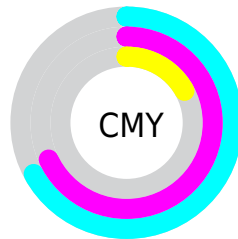
- Red (33%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 84, 82, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 84, 82, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84, 82, 212



84, 82, 212

255, 255, 255



49, 58, 184



145, 132, 255



0, 30, 156



175, 158, 255



0, 14, 129



205, 185, 255



0, 0, 104



235, 213, 255



0, 6, 78



255, 241, 255



0, 5, 54



0, 2, 32



0, 0, 4



0, 0, 0

■ 84, 82, 212

■ 84, 82, 212

■ 63, 61, 212

■ 105, 103, 212

■ 42, 40, 212

■ 126, 124, 212

■ 21, 18, 212

■ 147, 146, 212

■ 3, 0, 212

■ 167, 167, 212

■ 188, 188, 212

■ 209, 209, 212

■ 212, 230, 212

■ 212, 252, 213

■ 212, 255, 212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 74, 230



84, 82, 212



173, 33, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84, 82, 212



170, 116, 0



0, 70, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 82, 212



82, 212, 84

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 100, 122



84, 82, 212



30, 122, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84, 82, 212



201, 7, 40



0, 114, 59



0, 71, 163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 82, 212



199, 0, 124



0, 114, 59



0, 77, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 82, 212



210, 209, 255



82, 147, 212



100, 99, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 82, 212



69, 66, 255



147, 82, 212



97, 96, 107



3, 0, 171



1, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 82, 210



255, 66, 252



82, 212, 147



107, 96, 107



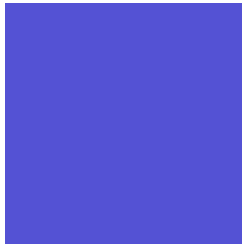
171, 0, 168



43, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 84, 82, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

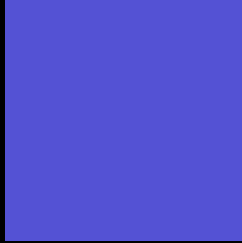
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 84, 82, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

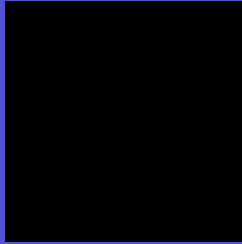
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 84, 82, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 84, 82, 212.

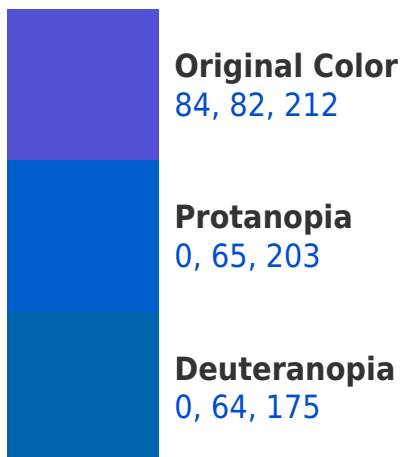


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 84, 82, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
39, 76, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 82, 212

Protanomaly
31, 76, 206

Deuteranomaly
31, 76, 188

Tritanomaly
55, 85, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 82, 212

Achromatopsia
97, 97, 97

Achromatomaly
92, 92, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 84, 82, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 82, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 82, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 82, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 82, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 84, 82, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 82, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 82, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 82, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 82, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 82, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 82,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 84, 82, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 82, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 82,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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