

Converting Colors

R_YB(84, 97, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(84, 97, 147) contains.

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Color

R_YB(84, 97, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	546493
RGB	84, 100, 147
RGB Percent	33%, 39%, 58%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6064, 0.4235
CMYK	0.43, 0.32, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	224°, 27%, 45%
HSV	224°, 43%, 58%
XYZ	13.5163, 13.1788, 29.4351
YIQ	100.5740, -24.6230, 11.2250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

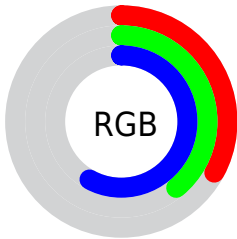
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 97, 147
Decimal	5530771
CIE _{Lab}	43.03, 6.54, -27.54
CIE _{LCh}	43, 28.306, 283.350
Yxy	13.1788, 0.2408, 0.2348
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283720851 (0xFF546493)
YUV	100.5740, 22.8880, -14.5354
Hunter-Lab	36.3026, 2.9301, -22.6621

Details

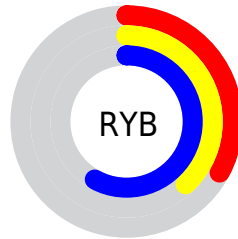
The RYB color **84, 97, 147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **105, 147, 84**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136, 148, 201**, and **33, 49, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 86, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 109, 147**.

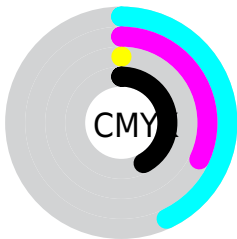
Distribution



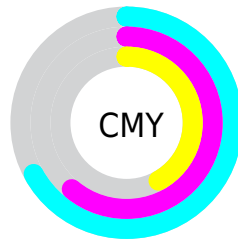
- Red (33%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 84, 97, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 84, 97, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84, 97, 147



84, 97, 147

255, 255, 255



59, 73, 121



136, 148, 201



33, 49, 96



163, 175, 229



1, 23, 72



191, 202, 255



0, 8, 49



219, 229, 255



0, 1, 28



248, 252, 255



0, 0, 0



84, 97, 147



84, 97, 147



69, 86, 147



99, 109, 147



55, 74, 147



113, 120, 147

■ 40, 62, 147

■ 128, 132, 147

■ 25, 50, 147

■ 143, 144, 147

■ 10, 39, 147

■ 150, 157, 147

■ 0, 30, 147

■ 155, 172, 147

■ 160, 187, 147

■ 168, 202, 147

■ 171, 216, 147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39, 81, 146



84, 97, 147



117, 92, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84, 97, 147



142, 93, 71



49, 89, 113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 97, 147



105, 147, 84

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67, 110, 97



84, 97, 147



115, 128, 57

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84, 97, 147



147, 83, 92



57, 106, 55



0, 58, 114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 97, 147



133, 87, 123



57, 106, 55



61, 98, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 97, 147



166, 171, 191



84, 120, 147



81, 84, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 97, 147



94, 114, 191



99, 84, 147



67, 68, 74



0, 29, 138



0, 2, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 84, 100



191, 94, 119



84, 147, 99



74, 67, 68



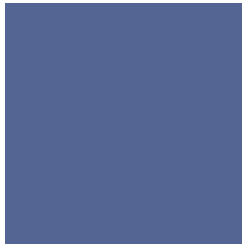
138, 0, 36



10, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 84, 97, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

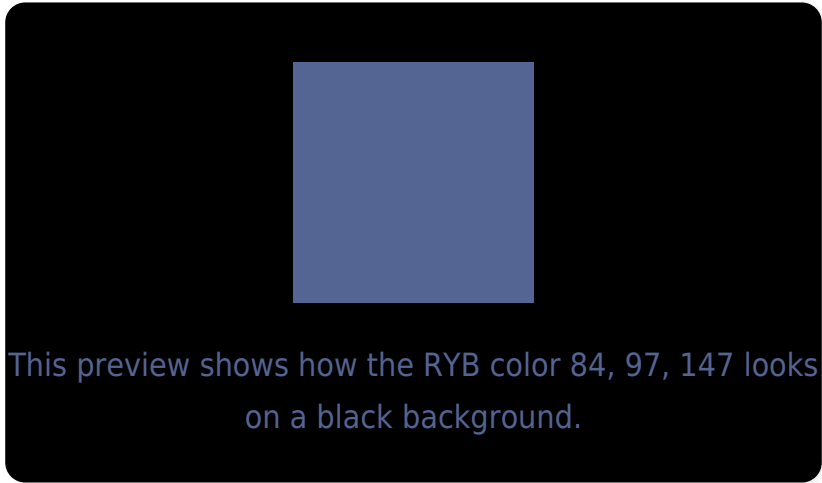
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

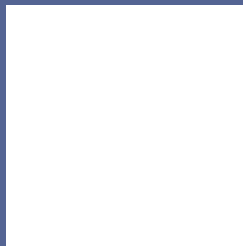
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 84, 97, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 84, 97, 147.

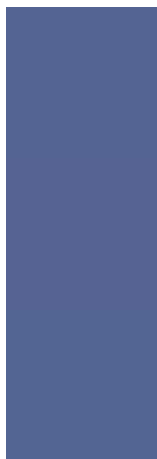


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 84, 97, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


84, 97, 147

Protanopia

86, 97, 147

Deuteranopia

83, 97, 147



Tritanopia
75, 93, 115

Trichromacy



Original Color

84, 97, 147

Protanomaly

85, 97, 147

Deuteranomaly

83, 97, 147

Tritanomaly

78, 95, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

84, 97, 147

Achromatopsia

101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly

95, 100, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 84, 97, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 100, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 100, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 100, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 100, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 84, 97, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 100, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 100, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 100, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 100, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 100, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 100,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 84, 97, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 100, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 100,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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