

Converting Colors

`RYB(85, 110, 97)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(85, 110, 97) contains.

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Color

R_YB(85, 110, 97)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	626E55
RGB	98, 110, 85
RGB Percent	38%, 43%, 33%
CMY	0.6157, 0.5686, 0.6667
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.23, 0.57
HSL	89°, 13%, 38%
HSV	89°, 23%, 43%
XYZ	12.2526, 14.4044, 10.7289
YIQ	103.5620, 0.8730, -10.3190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

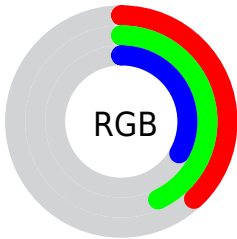
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 110, 97
Decimal	6450773
CIE Lab	44.81, -9.52, 12.46
CIE LCh	45, 15.684, 127.373
Yxy	14.4044, 0.3277, 0.3853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284640853 (0xFF626E55)
YUV	103.5620, -9.1511, -4.8779
Hunter-Lab	37.9531, -8.7918, 9.8067

Details

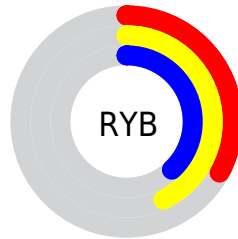
The RYB color **85, 110, 97** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **97, 85, 110**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135, 162, 148**, and **40, 62, 51** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 110, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 110, 103**.

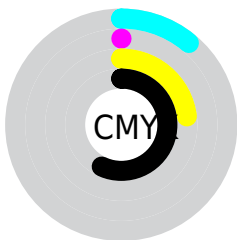
Distribution



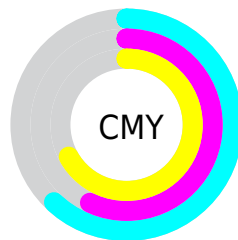
- Red (38%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 85, 110, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 85, 110, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

85, 110, 97

255, 255, 255

135, 162, 148

161, 189, 174

188, 216, 201

216, 245, 230

244, 255, 244

85, 110, 97

62, 86, 74

40, 62, 51

19, 41, 30

0, 21, 19

0, 0, 0

85, 110, 97

74, 110, 91

63, 110, 86

85, 110, 97

96, 110, 103

107, 110, 108

■ 52, 110, 80

■ 114, 110, 118

■ 41, 110, 74

■ 119, 110, 129

■ 30, 110, 68

■ 124, 110, 140

■ 19, 110, 63

■ 130, 110, 151

■ 8, 110, 57

■ 135, 110, 162

■ 0, 110, 53

■ 140, 110, 173

■ 146, 110, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89, 113, 80



85, 110, 97



83, 104, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85, 110, 97



78, 98, 130



132, 97, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 110, 97



97, 85, 110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126, 98, 116



85, 110, 97



95, 103, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85, 110, 97



70, 93, 121



112, 102, 127



132, 99, 91

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 110, 97



75, 97, 113



112, 102, 127



131, 97, 108

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 110, 97



133, 143, 138



110, 108, 85



66, 71, 68



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 110, 97



104, 143, 123



85, 110, 109



50, 56, 53



0, 120, 58



0, 247, 118

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 85, 110



123, 104, 143



109, 85, 110



53, 50, 56



58, 0, 120



119, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 85, 110, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

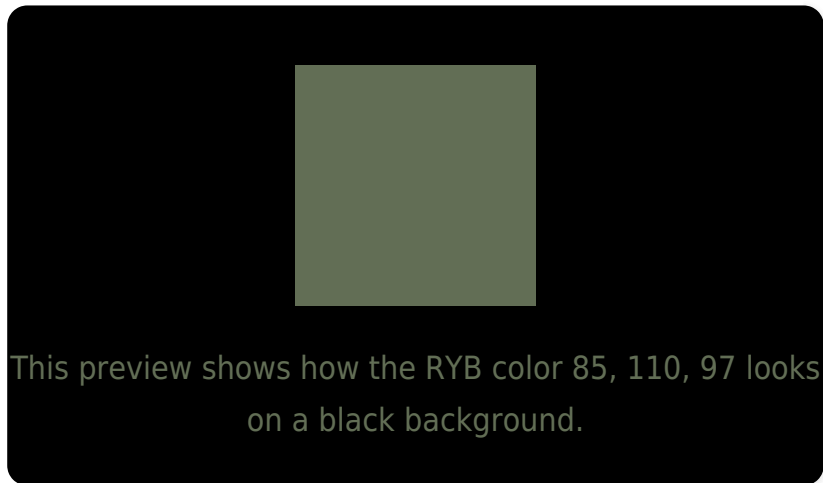
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

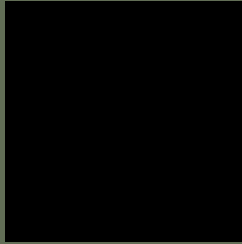
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 85, 110, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 85, 110, 97.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 85, 110, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


85, 110, 97

Protanopia

92, 113, 83

Deuteranopia

123, 113, 87



Tritanopia
102, 105, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color

85, 110, 97

Protanomaly

85, 108, 84

Deuteranomaly

99, 114, 86

Tritanomaly

101, 106, 107

Monochromacy



Original Color

85, 110, 97

Achromatopsia

104, 104, 104

Achromatomaly

97, 106, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 85, 110, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 110, 85) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 110, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 110, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 110, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 85, 110, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 110, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 110, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 110, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 110, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 110, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 110,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 85, 110, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 110, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 110,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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