

Converting Colors

`RYB(85, 120, 85)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(85, 120, 85) contains.

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Color

R_YB(85, 120, 85)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787855
RGB	120, 120, 85
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 33%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5294, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.29, 0.53
HSL	60°, 17%, 40%
HSV	60°, 29%, 47%
XYZ	16.1019, 18.0819, 11.2358
YIQ	116.0100, 11.2350, -10.8850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

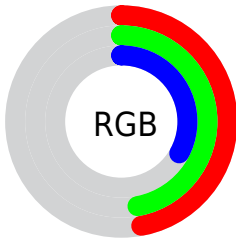
Format	Color
RYB	85, 120, 85
Decimal	7895125
CIELab	49.60, -6.08, 19.29
CIELCh	50, 20.221, 107.487
Yxy	18.0819, 0.3545, 0.3981
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085205 (0xFF787855)
YUV	116.0100, -15.2879, 3.4992
Hunter-Lab	42.5228, -6.8232, 14.0997

Details

The RYB color **85, 120, 85** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **85, 85, 120**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136, 173, 135**, and **39, 72, 40** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 120, 73**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 120, 97**.

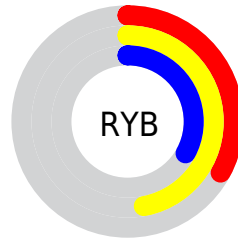
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (47%)

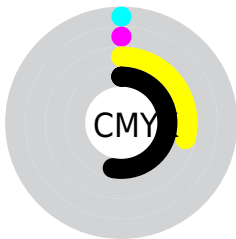
Blue (33%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (33%)

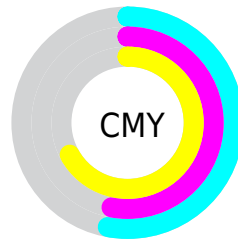


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 85, 120, 85 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 85, 120, 85 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85, 120, 85



85, 120, 85

255, 255, 255



62, 95, 62



136, 173, 135



39, 72, 40



162, 200, 161



18, 49, 19



188, 228, 188



0, 28, 0



216, 255, 216



0, 0, 0



245, 255, 245



85, 120, 85



85, 120, 85



73, 120, 73



97, 120, 97



61, 120, 61



109, 120, 109

■ 49, 120, 49

■ 120, 120, 121

■ 37, 120, 37

■ 120, 120, 133

■ 25, 120, 25

■ 120, 120, 145

■ 13, 120, 13

■ 120, 120, 157

■ 1, 120, 1

■ 120, 120, 169

■ 0, 120, 0

■ 120, 120, 181

■ 120, 120, 193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 137, 85



85, 120, 85



94, 124, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85, 120, 85



69, 101, 143



148, 106, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 120, 85



85, 85, 120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133, 110, 141



85, 120, 85



87, 110, 151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85, 120, 85



68, 98, 128



111, 115, 150



153, 106, 108

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 120, 85



87, 114, 126



111, 115, 150



144, 107, 131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 120, 85



142, 156, 142



120, 85, 85



70, 79, 70



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 120, 85



101, 156, 101



85, 120, 103



55, 61, 55



0, 125, 0



0, 252, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 85, 120



101, 101, 156



102, 85, 120



55, 55, 61



0, 0, 125



0, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 85, 120, 85 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

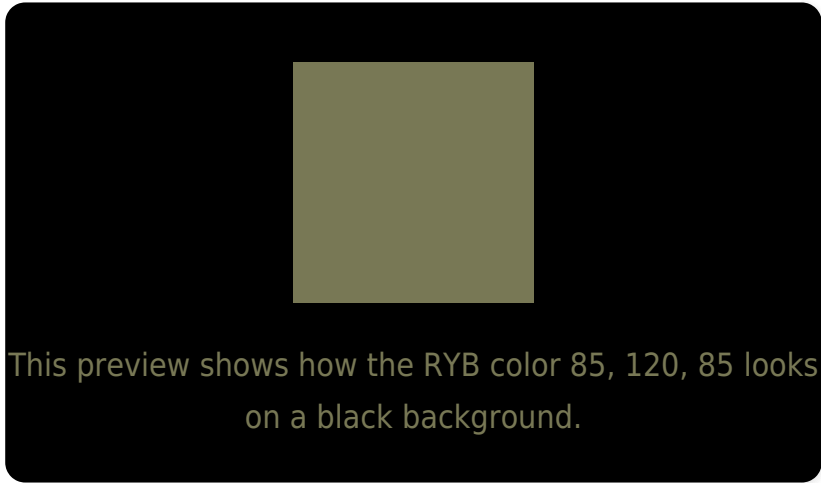
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

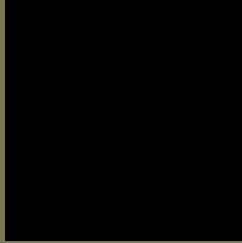
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 85, 120, 85 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 85, 120, 85.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 85, 120, 85.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

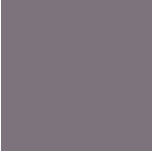
85, 120, 85

Protanopia

95, 127, 84

Deuteranopia

137, 139, 86



Tritanopia
125, 115, 124

Trichromacy



Original Color
85, 120, 85

Protanomaly
90, 124, 84

Deuteranomaly
111, 132, 86

Tritanomaly
121, 123, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 120, 85

Achromatopsia
116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly
105, 117, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 85, 120, 85 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 120, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 120, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 120, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 120, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 85, 120, 85 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 120, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 120, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 120, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 120, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 120, 120, 85 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 120, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
120, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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