

Converting Colors

`RYB(85, 158, 171)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(85, 158, 171) contains.

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Color

RYB(85, 158, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55AB64
RGB	85, 171, 100
RGB Percent	33%, 67%, 39%
CMY	0.6667, 0.3294, 0.6066
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.41, 0.33
HSL	131°, 34%, 50%
HSV	131°, 50%, 67%
XYZ	20.6248, 31.9833, 17.2231
YIQ	137.1920, -28.4650, -40.3130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

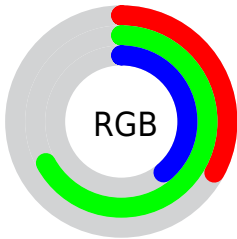
Format	Color
RYB	85, 158, 171
Decimal	5614436
CIELab	63.33, -41.48, 28.61
CIElCh	63, 50.387, 145.401
Yxy	31.9833, 0.2954, 0.4580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283804516 (0xFF55AB64)
YUV	137.1920, -18.3357, -45.7724
Hunter-Lab	56.5538, -33.8715, 21.5313

Details

The RYB color **85, 158, 171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **171, 85, 156**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140, 216, 227**, and **25, 97, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 156, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102, 161, 171**.

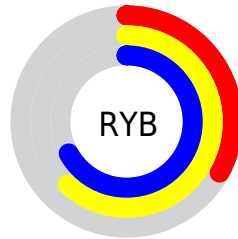
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (67%)

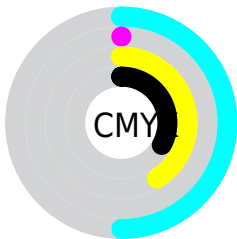
Blue (39%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (67%)

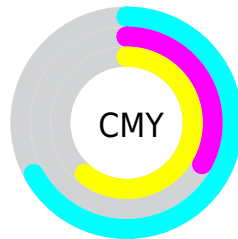


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (33%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 85, 158, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 85, 158, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 85, 158, 171


255, 255, 255


 140, 216, 227

 168, 245, 255

 196, 246, 255

 225, 248, 255

 85, 158, 171

 57, 128, 144

 25, 97, 118


 0, 71, 93


 0, 63, 68

 0, 45, 45


 0, 20, 20

 0, 0, 0

 85, 158, 171

 68, 156, 171

 85, 158, 171

 102, 161, 171

■ 51, 153, 171

■ 119, 163, 171

■ 34, 151, 171

■ 136, 166, 171

■ 17, 148, 171

■ 153, 168, 171

■ 0, 145, 171

■ 170, 171, 171

■ 188, 171, 185

■ 205, 171, 199

■ 222, 171, 213

■ 239, 171, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68, 162, 89



85, 158, 171



0, 96, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85, 158, 171



33, 112, 242



236, 118, 117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 158, 171



171, 85, 156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232, 115, 162



85, 158, 171



145, 144, 234

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85, 158, 171



0, 97, 226



202, 126, 205



218, 163, 80

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 158, 171



0, 88, 176



202, 126, 205



237, 115, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 158, 171



189, 218, 222



85, 171, 99



92, 109, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 158, 171



89, 202, 222



85, 137, 171



78, 85, 87



0, 127, 150



0, 20, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 85, 156



222, 89, 198



171, 85, 114



87, 78, 85



150, 0, 124



23, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 85, 158, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 85, 158, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 85, 158, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 85, 158, 171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 85, 158, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
85, 158, 171

Protanopia
110, 166, 93

Deuteranopia
174, 182, 106



Tritanopia
103, 135, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color

85, 158, 171



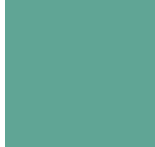
Protanomaly

96, 159, 118



Deuteranomaly

104, 155, 112



Tritanomaly

96, 135, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color

85, 158, 171



Achromatopsia

137, 137, 137



Achromatomaly

118, 144, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 85, 158, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 171, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 171, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 171, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 171, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 85, 158, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 171, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 171, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 171, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 171, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 171, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 171,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 85, 158, 171 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 171, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 171,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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