

Converting Colors

`RYB(85, 82, 135)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(85, 82, 135) contains.

RYB(85, 82, 135)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(85, 82, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	555287
RGB	85, 82, 135
RGB Percent	33%, 32%, 53%
CMY	0.6667, 0.6784, 0.4706
CMYK	0.37, 0.39, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	243°, 24%, 43%
HSV	243°, 39%, 53%
XYZ	11.1368, 9.7152, 24.2099
YIQ	88.9390, -15.2250, 17.1190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

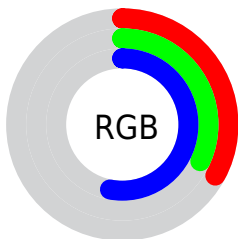
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 82, 135
Decimal	5591687
CIE Lab	37.33, 14.81, -29.22
CIE LCh	37, 32.763, 296.881
Yxy	9.7152, 0.2471, 0.2156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283781767 (0xFF555287)
YUV	88.9390, 22.7081, -3.4545
Hunter-Lab	31.1691, 9.2323, -24.2337

Details

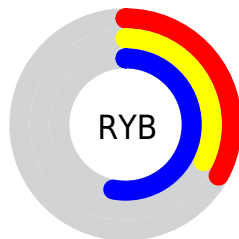
The RYB color **85, 82, 135** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **82, 135, 85**, and the grayscale version is **89, 89, 89**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137, 131, 189**, and **36, 37, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 69, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 96, 135**.

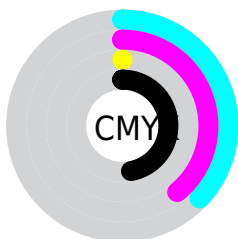
Distribution



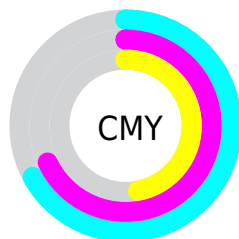
- Red (33%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 85, 82, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 85, 82, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85, 82, 135



85, 82, 135

255, 255, 255



60, 59, 109



137, 131, 189



36, 37, 85



163, 157, 216



9, 16, 61



191, 184, 245



0, 0, 39



219, 212, 255



0, 1, 17



248, 240, 255



0, 0, 0



85, 82, 135



85, 82, 135



72, 69, 135



98, 96, 135



60, 55, 135



110, 109, 135

■ 47, 42, 135

■ 123, 123, 135

■ 34, 28, 135

■ 135, 136, 135

■ 21, 15, 135

■ 135, 150, 136

■ 9, 1, 135

■ 135, 163, 137

■ 8, 0, 135

■ 135, 177, 138

■ 135, 190, 138

■ 135, 204, 139

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28, 68, 140



85, 82, 135



118, 72, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85, 82, 135



126, 96, 44



0, 55, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 82, 135



82, 135, 85

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46, 88, 98



85, 82, 135



62, 106, 33

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85, 82, 135



136, 67, 65



39, 93, 53



0, 53, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 82, 135



131, 67, 101



39, 93, 53



3, 59, 100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 82, 135



156, 155, 176



82, 108, 135



77, 77, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 82, 135



98, 93, 176



111, 82, 135



60, 60, 66



7, 0, 130



0, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135, 82, 132



176, 93, 171



82, 135, 111



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 123



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 85, 82, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

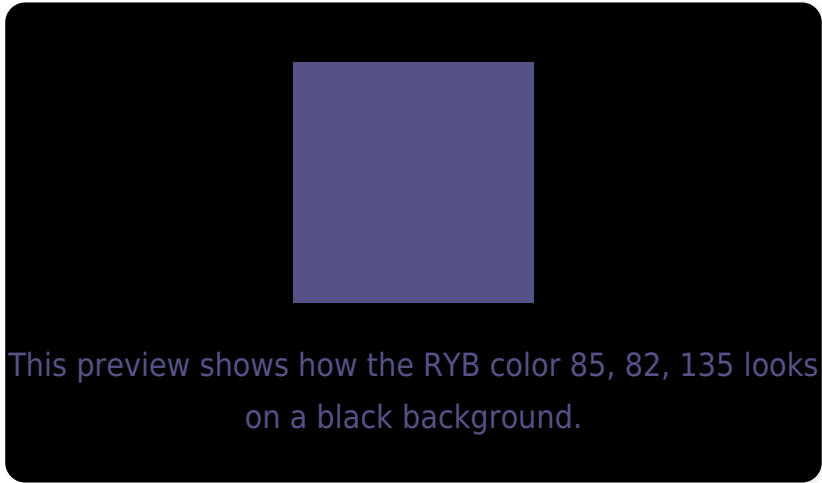
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 85, 82, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 85, 82, 135.

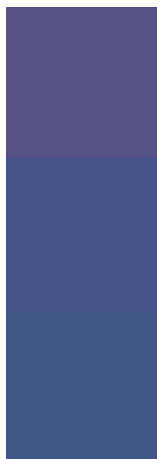


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 85, 82, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

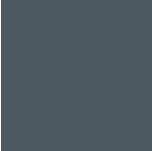
85, 82, 135

Protanopia

68, 82, 139

Deuteranopia

65, 82, 134



Tritanopia

76, 84, 97

Trichromacy



Original Color
85, 82, 135

Protanomaly
74, 83, 138

Deuteranomaly
72, 83, 134

Tritanomaly
79, 85, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 82, 135

Achromatopsia
89, 89, 89

Achromatomaly
88, 86, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 85, 82, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(85, 82, 135) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 82, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 82, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 82, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 85, 82, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 82, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 82, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 82, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 82, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 82, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 82,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 85, 82, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 82, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 82,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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