

Converting Colors

`RYB(86, 129, 134)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(86, 129, 134) contains.

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Color

`RYB(86, 129, 134)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56865C
RGB	86, 134, 92
RGB Percent	34%, 53%, 36%
CMY	0.6627, 0.4745, 0.6409
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.32, 0.47
HSL	127°, 22%, 43%
HSV	127°, 36%, 53%
XYZ	14.2764, 19.7940, 13.0977
YIQ	114.8600, -15.1260, -23.2380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

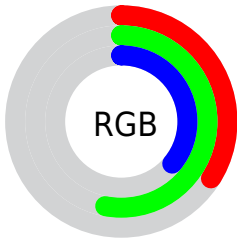
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 129, 134
Decimal	5670492
CIE _{Lab}	51.60, -25.61, 17.83
CIE _{LCh}	52, 31.205, 145.155
Yxy	19.7940, 0.3027, 0.4196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283860572 (0xFF56865C)
YUV	114.8600, -11.2700, -25.3102
Hunter-Lab	44.4905, -20.5802, 13.6887

Details

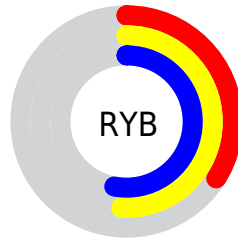
The RYB color **86, 129, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **134, 86, 128**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137, 183, 188**, and **37, 76, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 128, 134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 130, 134**.

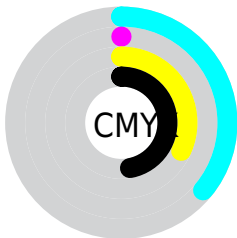
Distribution



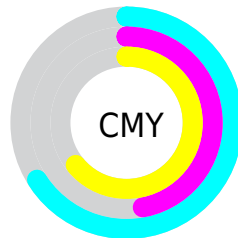
- Red (34%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 86, 129, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 86, 129, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86, 129, 134



86, 129, 134

255, 255, 255



61, 102, 108



137, 183, 188



37, 77, 84



164, 210, 215



11, 50, 60



192, 240, 244



0, 38, 38



220, 251, 255



0, 11, 11



249, 253, 255



0, 0, 0



86, 129, 134



86, 129, 134



73, 128, 134



99, 130, 134



59, 126, 134



113, 132, 134

■ 46, 125, 134

■ 126, 133, 134

■ 32, 123, 134

■ 140, 134, 139

■ 19, 122, 134

■ 153, 134, 151

■ 6, 121, 134

■ 166, 134, 163

■ 0, 120, 134

■ 180, 134, 174

■ 193, 134, 186

■ 207, 134, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74, 128, 85



86, 129, 134



48, 98, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86, 129, 134



75, 109, 176



174, 103, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 129, 134



134, 86, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 102, 128



86, 129, 134



120, 118, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86, 129, 134



16, 82, 166



152, 108, 154



164, 129, 80

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 129, 134



12, 75, 137



152, 108, 154



175, 102, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 129, 134



154, 170, 173



86, 134, 91



75, 85, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 129, 134



99, 165, 173



86, 116, 134



60, 66, 66



0, 117, 130



0, 3, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 86, 128



173, 99, 165



134, 86, 105



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 115



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 86, 129, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 86, 129, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

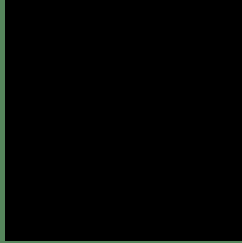
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 86, 129, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 86, 129, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 86, 129, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


86, 129, 134

Protanopia

100, 132, 87

Deuteranopia

143, 139, 95



Tritanopia
95, 114, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 129, 134

Protanomaly
89, 126, 100

Deuteranomaly
94, 124, 96

Tritanomaly
92, 114, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 129, 134

Achromatopsia
115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly
104, 120, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 86, 129, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 134, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 134, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 134, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 134, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 86, 129, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 134, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 134, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 134, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 134, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 134, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 134,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 86, 129, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 134, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 134,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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