

# Converting Colors

`RYB(86, 196, 133)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(86, 196, 133) contains.

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# Color

**$\text{RYB}(86, 196, 133)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	95C456
RGB	149, 196, 86
RGB Percent	58%, 77%, 34%
CMY	0.4157, 0.2314, 0.6627
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.56, 0.23
HSL	86°, 48%, 55%
HSV	86°, 56%, 77%
XYZ	33.8141, 46.5413, 16.0053
YIQ	169.4070, 7.2980, -44.1740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

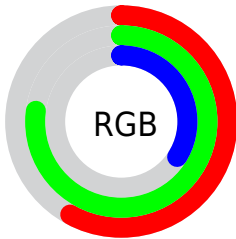
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	86, 196, 133
Decimal	9815126
CIELab	73.90, -33.19, 49.44
CIELCh	74, 59.549, 123.876
Yxy	46.5413, 0.3509, 0.4830
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288005206 (0xFF95C456)
YUV	169.4070, -41.1197, -17.8969
Hunter-Lab	68.2212, -30.9129, 33.8449

# Details

The RYB color **86, 196, 133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **133, 86, 196**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139, 253, 187**, and **33, 142, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 196, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **106, 196, 145**.

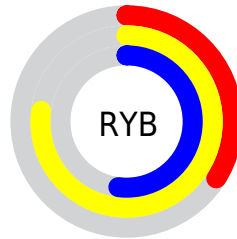
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (77%)

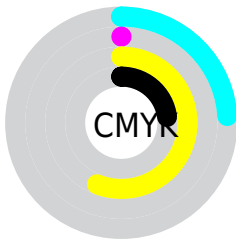
Blue (34%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (52%)

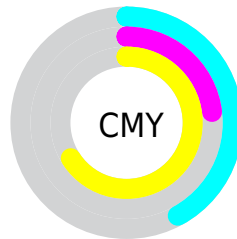


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 86, 196, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 86, 196, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





86, 196, 133



86, 196, 133

255, 255, 255



60, 169, 107



139, 253, 187



33, 142, 80



166, 255, 187



0, 116, 48



194, 255, 194



0, 91, 49



223, 255, 223



0, 67, 56



252, 255, 252



0, 45, 45



0, 22, 22




0, 0, 0




86, 196, 133




86, 196, 133

 66, 196, 121


 106, 196, 145

 47, 196, 111


 125, 196, 155

 27, 196, 99

 145, 196, 167

 8, 196, 88

 164, 196, 178

 0, 196, 84

 184, 196, 189

 199, 196, 204

 208, 196, 223

 216, 196, 243

 224, 196, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 206, 66



86, 196, 133



68, 162, 205

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86, 196, 133



0, 112, 255



255, 133, 177

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 196, 133



133, 86, 196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



254, 143, 231



86, 196, 133



87, 149, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86, 196, 133



0, 111, 241



194, 164, 255



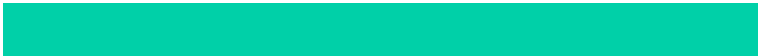
255, 145, 124

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 196, 133



0, 115, 208



194, 164, 255



255, 134, 195

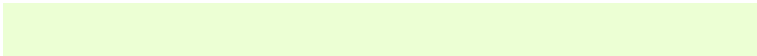


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 196, 133



212, 255, 231



196, 165, 86



102, 128, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 196, 133



84, 255, 157



86, 196, 187



87, 97, 91



0, 161, 69



0, 33, 14



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133, 86, 196



157, 84, 255



187, 86, 196



91, 87, 97



69, 0, 161



14, 0, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 86, 196, 133 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 86, 196, 133 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **R Y B 86, 196, 133 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 86, 196, 133.

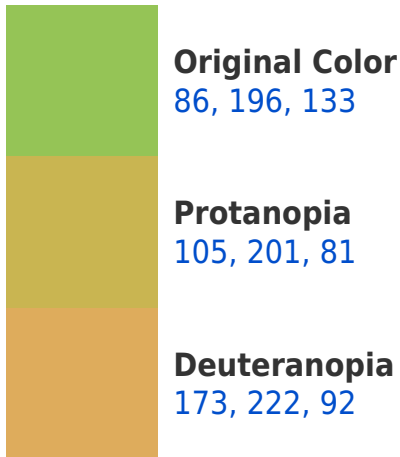


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 86, 196, 133.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
164, 177, 199

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 196, 133

**Protanomaly**  
83, 186, 87

**Deuteranomaly**  
106, 195, 90

**Tritanomaly**  
158, 188, 187

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 196, 133

**Achromatopsia**  
169, 169, 169

**Achromatomaly**  
139, 179, 156

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 86, 196, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 196, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 196, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 196, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 196, 86) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 86, 196, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 196, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 196, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 196, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 196, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 196, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 196,  
86) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 86, 196, 133 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 196, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
196, 86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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