

Converting Colors

`RYB(86, 224, 81)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(86, 224, 81) contains.

RYB(86, 224, 81)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(86, 224, 81)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0DB51
RGB	224, 219, 81
RGB Percent	88%, 86%, 32%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1405, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.64, 0.12
HSL	58°, 70%, 60%
HSV	58°, 64%, 88%
XYZ	57.6013, 67.1926, 17.7181
YIQ	204.7630, 47.2780, -41.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

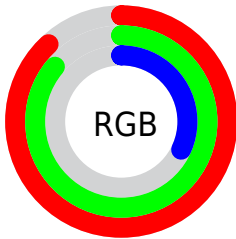
Format	Color
R _Y B	86, 224, 81
Decimal	14736209
CIE Lab	85.60, -14.81, 65.98
CIE LCh	86, 67.626, 102.652
Yxy	67.1926, 0.4042, 0.4715
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292926289 (0xFFE0DB51)
YUV	204.7630, -61.0152, 16.8708
Hunter-Lab	81.9711, -18.0170, 44.5642

Details

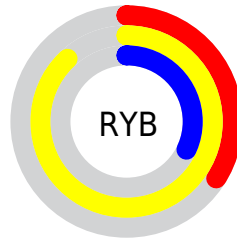
The RYB color **86, 224, 81** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **81, 86, 224**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136, 255, 136**, and **18, 166, 16** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 224, 59**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107, 224, 103**.

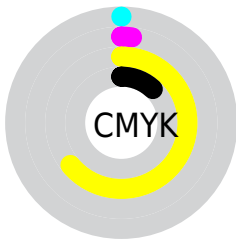
Distribution



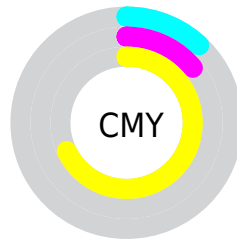
- Red (88%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (12%)




















- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 86, 224, 81 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 86, 224, 81 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 224, 81	 86, 224, 81
 255, 255, 255	 56, 195, 52
 136, 255, 136	 18, 166, 16
 164, 255, 164	 0, 138, 1
 193, 255, 193	 0, 113, 4
 222, 255, 222	 0, 89, 7
 251, 255, 251	 0, 66, 11
	 0, 44, 14
	 0, 24, 24
	 0, 0, 0

86, 224, 81

86, 224, 81

65, 224, 59

107, 224, 103

42, 224, 36

129, 224, 126

21, 224, 14

151, 224, 148

8, 224, 0

173, 224, 171

194, 224, 193

215, 224, 215

224, 224, 238

224, 225, 255

224, 226, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 255, 88



86, 224, 81



115, 235, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86, 224, 81



0, 124, 255



255, 163, 254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 224, 81



81, 86, 224

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



253, 186, 255



86, 224, 81



0, 121, 255

Square

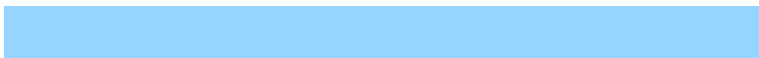
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86, 224, 81



0, 125, 246



149, 189, 255



255, 158, 189

Rectangle

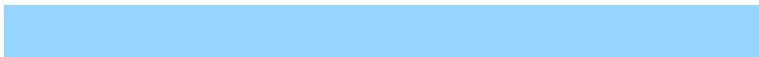
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 224, 81



86, 194, 241



149, 189, 255



255, 170, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 224, 81



209, 255, 207



224, 81, 88



99, 128, 98



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 224, 81



66, 255, 59



81, 224, 145



101, 112, 101



6, 176, 0



1, 48, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 86, 224



59, 65, 255



145, 81, 224



101, 101, 112



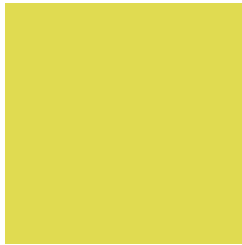
0, 6, 176



0, 2, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 86, 224, 81 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

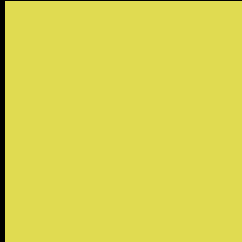
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 86, 224, 81 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 86, 224, 81 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 86, 224, 81.

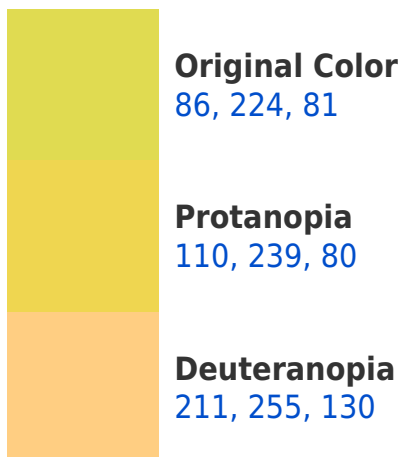


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 86, 224, 81.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

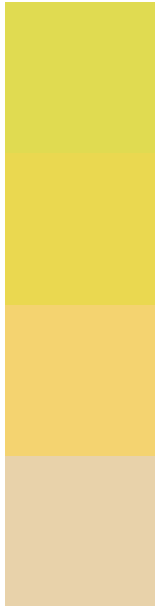
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
237, 205, 221

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 224, 81

Protanomaly
100, 234, 80

Deuteranomaly
156, 244, 112

Tritanomaly
204, 232, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 224, 81

Achromatopsia
205, 205, 205

Achromatomaly
162, 212, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 86, 224, 81 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 219, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 219, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 219, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 219, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 86, 224, 81 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 219, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 219, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 219, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 219, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 219, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 219,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 224, 219, 81 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 219, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
219, 81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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