

Converting Colors

`RYB(87, 104, 115)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(87, 104, 115) contains.

RYB(87, 104, 115)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(87, 104, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	577369
RGB	87, 115, 105
RGB Percent	34%, 45%, 41%
CMY	0.6588, 0.5490, 0.5878
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.09, 0.55
HSL	159°, 14%, 40%
HSV	159°, 24%, 45%
XYZ	12.6171, 15.3100, 15.6865
YIQ	105.4880, -13.4780, -9.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

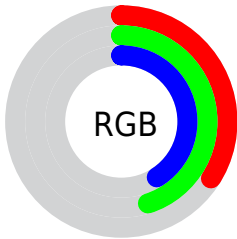
Format	Color
RYB	87, 104, 115
Decimal	5731177
CIELab	46.06, -12.42, 2.15
CIELCh	46, 12.606, 170.194
Yxy	15.3100, 0.2893, 0.3510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283921257 (0xFF577369)
YUV	105.4880, -0.2406, -16.2140
Hunter-Lab	39.1281, -10.9157, 3.6202

Details

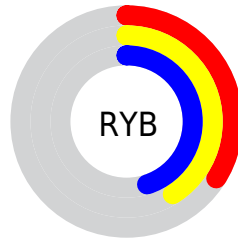
The RYB color **87, 104, 115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **115, 87, 97**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137, 155, 167**, and **41, 57, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 100, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 109, 115**.

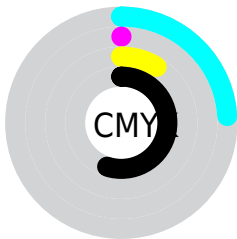
Distribution



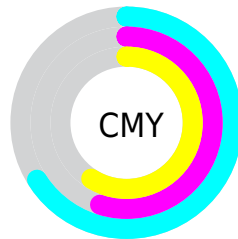
- Red (34%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 87, 104, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 87, 104, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 104, 115



87, 104, 115

255, 255, 255



63, 79, 90



137, 155, 167



41, 57, 67



164, 182, 194



19, 34, 45



191, 210, 222



0, 16, 25



219, 239, 251



0, 0, 0



248, 252, 255



87, 104, 115



87, 104, 115



76, 100, 115



99, 109, 115



64, 95, 115



110, 113, 115

■ 53, 91, 115

■ 122, 115, 117

■ 41, 86, 115

■ 133, 115, 121

■ 30, 82, 115

■ 145, 115, 125

■ 18, 77, 115

■ 156, 115, 129

■ 7, 73, 115

■ 168, 115, 134

■ 0, 70, 115

■ 179, 115, 138

■ 191, 115, 142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 113, 110



87, 104, 115



81, 98, 116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87, 104, 115



107, 108, 129



128, 109, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 104, 115



115, 87, 97

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131, 102, 102



87, 104, 115



119, 104, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87, 104, 115



93, 105, 130



128, 102, 113



114, 121, 89

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 104, 115



82, 100, 122



128, 102, 113



130, 105, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 104, 115



140, 146, 150



87, 115, 105



70, 74, 77



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 104, 115



107, 133, 150



87, 100, 115



53, 57, 59



0, 74, 122



0, 152, 250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115, 87, 97



150, 107, 122



115, 92, 87



59, 53, 55



122, 0, 43



250, 0, 88

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 104, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 104, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

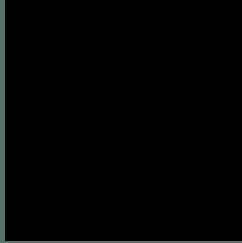
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 87, 104, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 104, 115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 104, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[87, 104, 115](#)

Protanopia

[107, 112, 101](#)

Deuteranopia

[120, 105, 107](#)



Tritanopia
90, 103, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

87, 104, 115

Protanomaly

102, 111, 110

Deuteranomaly

106, 109, 107

Tritanomaly

89, 102, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

87, 104, 115

Achromatopsia

106, 106, 106

Achromatomaly

99, 105, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 87, 104, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 115, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 115, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 115, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 115, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 87, 104, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 115, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 115, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 115, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 115, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 115, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 115,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 87, 104, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 115, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 115,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor