

Converting Colors

`RYB(87, 108, 128)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(87, 108, 128) contains.

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Color

R_YB(87, 108, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57807E
RGB	87, 128, 126
RGB Percent	34%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.6588, 0.4980, 0.5057
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	177°, 19%, 42%
HSV	177°, 32%, 50%
XYZ	15.4186, 18.9722, 22.6041
YIQ	115.5130, -23.7940, -9.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

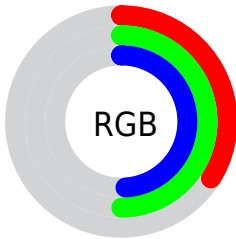
Format	Color
RYB	87, 108, 128
Decimal	5734526
CIELab	50.65, -14.61, -3.50
CIElCh	51, 15.026, 193.478
Yxy	18.9722, 0.2705, 0.3329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283924606 (0xFF57807E)
YUV	115.5130, 5.1701, -25.0059
Hunter-Lab	43.5571, -13.0382, -0.2789

Details

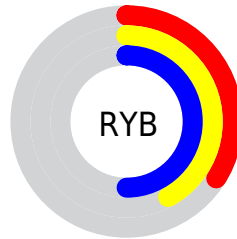
The RYB color **87, 108, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **128, 87, 89**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138, 160, 181**, and **38, 59, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 102, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 114, 128**.

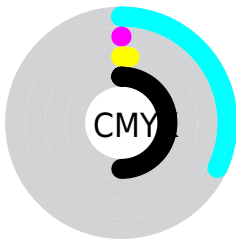
Distribution



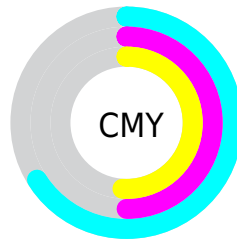
- Red (34%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 87, 108, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 87, 108, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 108, 128



87, 108, 128

255, 255, 255



62, 83, 103



138, 160, 181



38, 59, 79



165, 188, 209



13, 35, 56



193, 216, 237



0, 17, 34



221, 238, 255



0, 3, 11



250, 253, 255



0, 0, 0



87, 108, 128



87, 108, 128



74, 102, 128



100, 114, 128



61, 95, 128



113, 121, 128

■ 49, 90, 128

■ 125, 127, 128

■ 36, 83, 128

■ 138, 128, 128

■ 23, 77, 128

■ 151, 128, 129

■ 10, 71, 128

■ 164, 128, 130

■ 0, 66, 128

■ 177, 128, 130

■ 189, 128, 131

■ 202, 128, 132

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 116, 127



87, 108, 128



87, 109, 138

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87, 108, 128



130, 115, 139



135, 137, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 108, 128



128, 87, 89

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 117, 104



87, 108, 128



142, 112, 128

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87, 108, 128



114, 119, 145



147, 112, 115



98, 124, 96

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 108, 128



93, 113, 143



147, 112, 115



140, 130, 98

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 108, 128



149, 158, 166



87, 128, 126



74, 79, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 108, 128



103, 135, 166



87, 102, 128



57, 61, 64



0, 66, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 87, 89



166, 103, 106



128, 119, 87



64, 57, 58



128, 0, 6



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 108, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 108, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

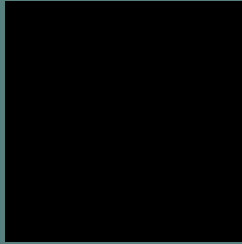
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 87, 108, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 108, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 108, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87, 108, 128

Protanopia

122, 120, 121

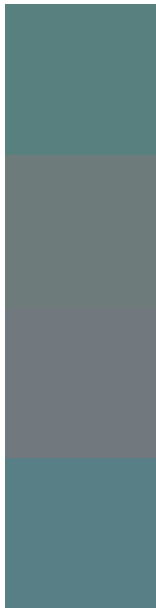
Deuteranopia

128, 117, 128



Tritanopia
89, 110, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color

87, 108, 128

Protanomaly

109, 116, 123

Deuteranomaly

113, 118, 127

Tritanomaly

88, 109, 133

Monochromacy



Original Color

87, 108, 128

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

105, 113, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 87, 108, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 128, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 128, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 128, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 128, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 87, 108, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 128, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 128, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 128, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 128, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 128, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 128,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 87, 128, 126 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 128, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 128,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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