

Converting Colors

`RYB(87, 131, 101)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(87, 131, 101) contains.

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Color

R_YB(87, 131, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	758357
RGB	117, 131, 87
RGB Percent	46%, 51%, 34%
CMY	0.5412, 0.4863, 0.6588
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.34, 0.49
HSL	79°, 20%, 43%
HSV	79°, 34%, 51%
XYZ	17.1727, 20.7026, 12.1077
YIQ	121.7980, 5.7800, -16.6520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

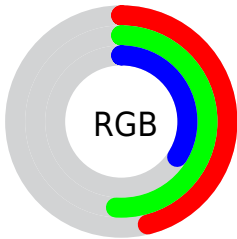
Format	Color
RYB	87, 131, 101
Decimal	7701335
CIELab	52.62, -13.12, 22.14
CIElCh	53, 25.736, 120.657
Yxy	20.7026, 0.3436, 0.4142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285891415 (0xFF758357)
YUV	121.7980, -17.1554, -4.2078
Hunter-Lab	45.5001, -12.2556, 16.0728

Details

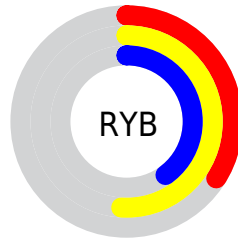
The RYB color **87, 131, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **101, 87, 131**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137, 184, 151**, and **41, 82, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 131, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 131, 110**.

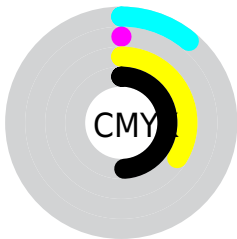
Distribution



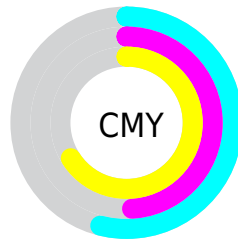
- Red (46%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 87, 131, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 87, 131, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 131, 101



87, 131, 101

255, 255, 255



63, 106, 77



137, 184, 151



41, 82, 55



164, 212, 179



19, 59, 33



191, 240, 206



0, 37, 12



219, 255, 220



0, 17, 17



247, 255, 247



0, 0, 0



87, 131, 101



87, 131, 101



74, 131, 92



100, 131, 110



61, 131, 83



113, 131, 119

■ 48, 131, 75

■ 126, 131, 127

■ 35, 131, 66

■ 134, 131, 139

■ 22, 131, 57

■ 138, 131, 153

■ 8, 131, 47

■ 142, 131, 166

■ 0, 131, 42

■ 146, 131, 179

■ 150, 131, 192

■ 155, 131, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103, 140, 81



87, 131, 101



91, 127, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87, 131, 101



65, 105, 163



168, 109, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 131, 101



101, 87, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154, 113, 148



87, 131, 101



97, 118, 169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87, 131, 101



51, 96, 147



129, 120, 164



169, 112, 104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 131, 101



74, 111, 137



129, 120, 164



164, 110, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 131, 101



154, 171, 160



131, 108, 87



76, 87, 80



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 131, 101



103, 171, 125



87, 131, 123



60, 66, 62



0, 130, 41



0, 3, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101, 87, 131



124, 103, 171



123, 87, 131



62, 60, 66



41, 0, 130



1, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 131, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 131, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 87, 131, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 87, 131, 101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 87, 131, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87, 131, 101

Protanopia

99, 136, 85

Deuteranopia

145, 149, 89



Tritanopia

124, 125, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

87, 131, 101

Protanomaly

88, 129, 86

Deuteranomaly

106, 137, 88

Tritanomaly

118, 127, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color

87, 131, 101

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

109, 125, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 87, 131, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 131, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 131, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 131, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 131, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 87, 131, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 131, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 131, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 131, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 131, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 131, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 131,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 87, 131, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 131, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
131, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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