

Converting Colors

R_YB(87, 180, 84)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(87, 180, 84) contains.

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Color

R_YB(87, 180, 84)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B154
RGB	180, 177, 84
RGB Percent	71%, 69%, 33%
CMY	0.2941, 0.3055, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.53, 0.29
HSL	58°, 39%, 52%
HSV	58°, 53%, 71%
XYZ	36.1627, 41.8236, 14.5543
YIQ	167.2950, 31.6410, -28.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

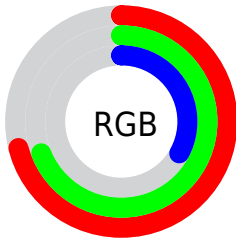
Format	Color
RYB	87, 180, 84
Decimal	11841876
CIELab	70.75, -11.61, 47.31
CIELCh	71, 48.711, 103.790
Yxy	41.8236, 0.3908, 0.4519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290031956 (0xFFB4B154)
YUV	167.2950, -41.0644, 11.1423
Hunter-Lab	64.6712, -13.3612, 31.9266

Details

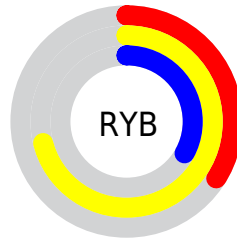
The RYB color **87, 180, 84** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **84, 87, 180**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142, 238, 136**, and **33, 125, 33** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 180, 66**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 180, 102**.

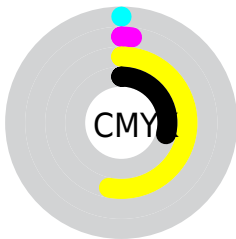
Distribution



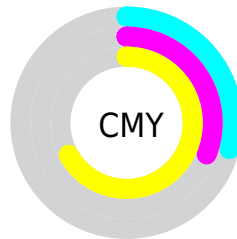
- Red (71%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 87, 180, 84 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 87, 180, 84 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 180, 84



87, 180, 84

255, 255, 255



61, 152, 59



141, 238, 136



33, 125, 33



163, 255, 163



0, 100, 2



191, 255, 191



0, 76, 3



219, 255, 219



0, 54, 6



248, 255, 248



0, 32, 9



0, 5, 5



0, 0, 0




87, 180, 84




87, 180, 84

 69, 180, 66


 104, 180, 102

 52, 180, 48


 122, 180, 120

 35, 180, 30


 139, 180, 138


 17, 180, 12


 157, 180, 156


 5, 180, 0

 174, 180, 174

 180, 180, 192

 180, 181, 210

 180, 181, 228

 180, 182, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190, 220, 87



87, 180, 84



107, 188, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87, 180, 84



0, 106, 233



243, 140, 199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 180, 84



84, 87, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 154, 237



87, 180, 84



0, 107, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87, 180, 84



0, 99, 196



137, 163, 255



255, 137, 154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 180, 84



90, 163, 193



137, 163, 255



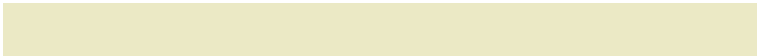
233, 143, 213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 180, 84



199, 235, 197



180, 84, 87



95, 117, 95



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 180, 84



89, 235, 84



84, 180, 129



80, 89, 80



5, 153, 0



1, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 87, 180



84, 89, 235



129, 84, 180



80, 81, 89



0, 5, 153



0, 1, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 180, 84 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 180, 84 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

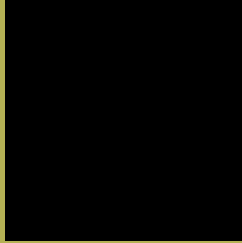
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 87, 180, 84 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 180, 84.

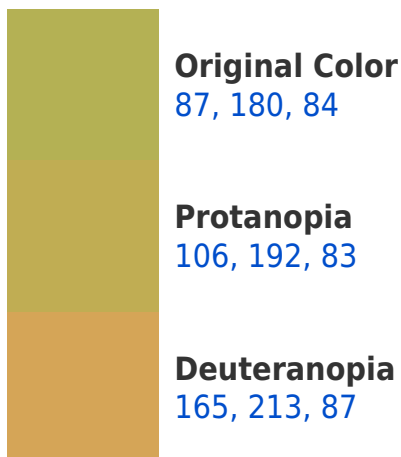



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 180, 84.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
190, 167, 180

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 180, 84

Protanomaly
99, 188, 83

Deuteranomaly
130, 201, 86

Tritanomaly
169, 186, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 180, 84

Achromatopsia
167, 167, 167

Achromatomaly
138, 172, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 87, 180, 84 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 177, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 177, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 177, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 177, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 87, 180, 84 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 177, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 177, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 177, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 177, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 177, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 177,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 87, 180, 84 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 180, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87,  
180, 84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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