

Converting Colors

`RYB(87, 85, 207)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(87, 85, 207) contains.

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Color

R_YB(87, 85, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5755CF
RGB	87, 85, 207
RGB Percent	34%, 33%, 81%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6667, 0.1882
CMYK	0.58, 0.59, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	241°, 56%, 57%
HSV	241°, 59%, 81%
XYZ	18.4415, 13.0282, 60.5742
YIQ	99.5060, -37.9700, 38.3660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

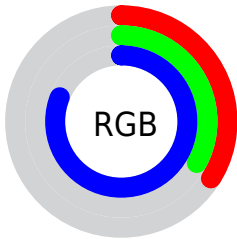
Format	Color
RYB	87, 85, 207
Decimal	5723599
CIELab	42.81, 35.99, -63.10
CIELCh	43, 72.641, 299.697
Yxy	13.0282, 0.2004, 0.1415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283913679 (0xFF5755CF)
YUV	99.5060, 52.9945, -10.9678
Hunter-Lab	36.0946, 28.0336, -74.2345

Details

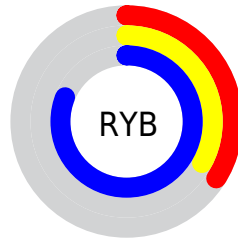
The RYB color **87, 85, 207** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **85, 207, 87**, and the grayscale version is **99, 99, 99**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 135, 255**, and **1, 32, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 64, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107, 106, 207**.

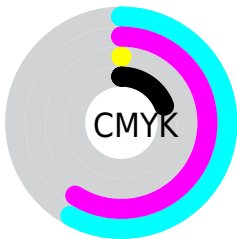
Distribution



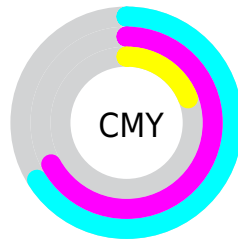
- Red (34%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 87, 85, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 87, 85, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 85, 207

■ 87, 85, 207

255, 255, 255

■ 54, 62, 179

■ 147, 135, 255

■ 1, 32, 152

■ 176, 161, 255

■ 0, 16, 125

■ 206, 188, 255

■ 0, 0, 99

■ 236, 216, 255

■ 0, 5, 74

■ 255, 245, 255

■ 0, 4, 51

■ 0, 2, 29

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 87, 85, 207

■ 87, 85, 207

■ 67, 64, 207

■ 107, 106, 207

■ 46, 44, 207

■ 128, 126, 207

■ 26, 23, 207

■ 148, 147, 207

■ 6, 2, 207

■ 168, 168, 207

■ 3, 0, 207

■ 189, 188, 207

■ 207, 209, 207

■ 207, 230, 207

■ 207, 251, 208

■ 207, 255, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 74, 223



87, 85, 207



170, 45, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87, 85, 207



169, 125, 0



0, 70, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 85, 207



85, 207, 87

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 96, 122



87, 85, 207



31, 124, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87, 85, 207



198, 29, 46



0, 114, 51



0, 70, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 85, 207



195, 0, 124



0, 114, 51



0, 77, 125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 85, 207



210, 209, 255



85, 146, 207



100, 99, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 85, 207



77, 74, 255



146, 85, 207



94, 94, 105



3, 0, 168



1, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 85, 205



255, 74, 252



85, 207, 146



105, 94, 104



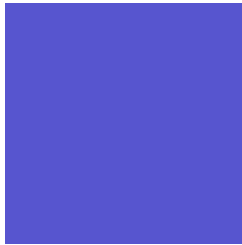
168, 0, 166



41, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 85, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

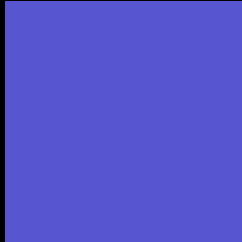
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 85, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 87, 85, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 87, 85, 207.

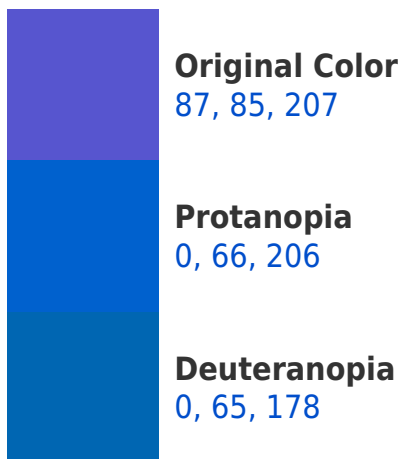


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 87, 85, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
50, 82, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 85, 207

Protanomaly
32, 77, 206

Deuteranomaly
32, 77, 189

Tritanomaly
63, 89, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 85, 207

Achromatopsia
100, 100, 100

Achromatomaly
95, 95, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 87, 85, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 85, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 85, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 85, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 85, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 87, 85, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 85, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 85, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 85, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 85, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 85, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 85,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 87, 85, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 85, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 85,  
207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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