

Converting Colors

R_YB(87, 97, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(87, 97, 124) contains.

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Color

R_YB(87, 97, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57657C
RGB	87, 101, 124
RGB Percent	34%, 40%, 49%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6051, 0.5137
CMYK	0.30, 0.19, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	218°, 18%, 41%
HSV	218°, 30%, 49%
XYZ	12.1935, 12.7314, 20.8835
YIQ	99.4360, -15.7270, 4.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

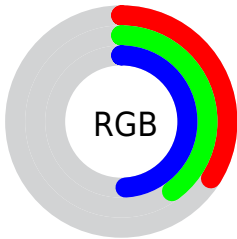
Format	Color
RYB	87, 97, 124
Decimal	5727612
CIELab	42.36, 0.64, -14.73
CIELCh	42, 14.740, 272.492
Yxy	12.7314, 0.2662, 0.2779
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283917692 (0xFF57657C)
YUV	99.4360, 12.1101, -10.9064
Hunter-Lab	35.6811, -1.4419, -9.7247

Details

The RYB color **87, 97, 124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **110, 124, 87**, and the grayscale version is **99, 99, 99**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138, 148, 177**, and **40, 50, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 88, 124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 106, 124**.

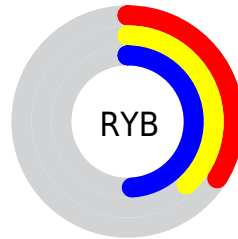
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (40%)

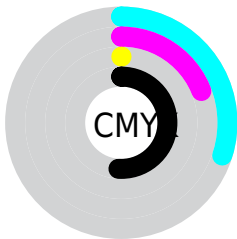
Blue (49%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (49%)

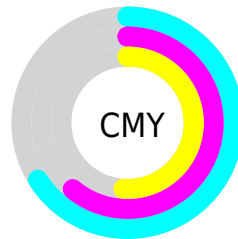


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 87, 97, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 87, 97, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 97, 124



87, 97, 124

255, 255, 255



63, 73, 99



138, 148, 177



40, 50, 75



164, 174, 204



17, 28, 52



192, 202, 232



0, 8, 31



220, 230, 255



0, 0, 4



248, 252, 255



0, 0, 0



87, 97, 124



87, 97, 124



75, 88, 124



99, 106, 124



62, 79, 124



112, 115, 124

■ 50, 70, 124

■ 124, 124, 124

■ 37, 60, 124

■ 132, 137, 124

■ 25, 52, 124

■ 138, 149, 124

■ 13, 43, 124

■ 144, 161, 124

■ 0, 34, 124

■ 155, 174, 124

■ 161, 186, 124

■ 169, 199, 124

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73, 92, 121



87, 97, 124



103, 97, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87, 97, 124



125, 93, 87



81, 101, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 97, 124



110, 124, 87

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79, 103, 87



87, 97, 124



119, 106, 79

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87, 97, 124



124, 91, 99



89, 108, 76



70, 90, 107

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 97, 124



113, 94, 115



89, 108, 76



85, 105, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 97, 124



146, 150, 161



87, 110, 124



73, 75, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 97, 124



103, 118, 161



91, 87, 124



55, 57, 61



0, 34, 125



0, 68, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 87, 101



161, 103, 124



87, 124, 91



61, 55, 57



125, 0, 46



252, 0, 93

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 87, 97, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

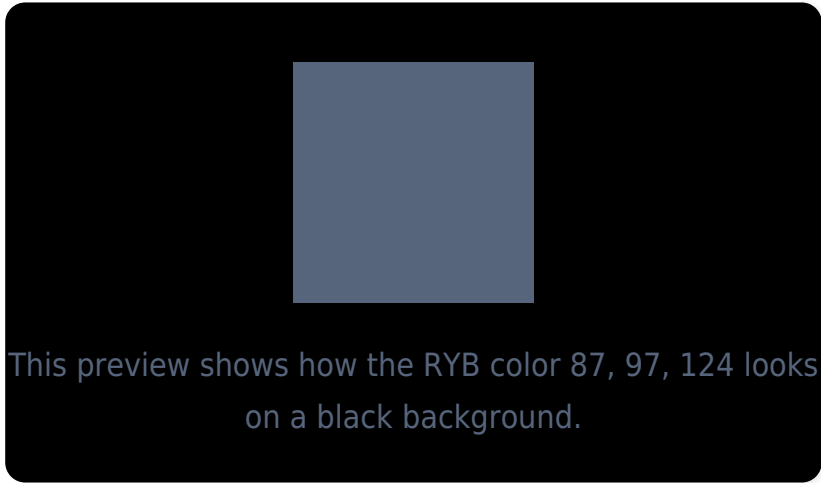
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

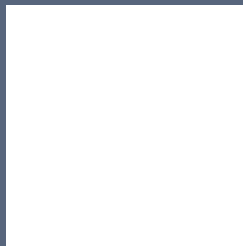
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 87, 97, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 97, 124.

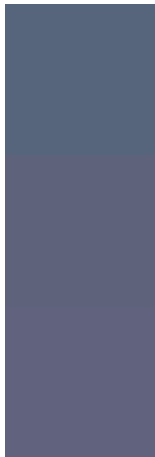


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 87, 97, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[87, 97, 124](#)

Protanopia

[94, 98, 123](#)

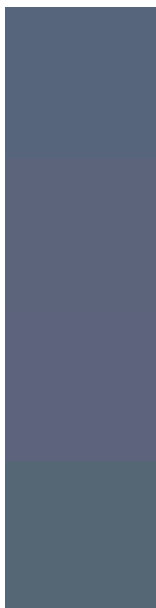
Deuteranopia

[97, 98, 125](#)



Tritanopia
84, 95, 111

Trichromacy



Original Color

87, 97, 124

Protanomaly

91, 98, 123

Deuteranomaly

93, 98, 125

Tritanomaly

85, 96, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

87, 97, 124

Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly

95, 99, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 87, 97, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(87, 101, 124) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 101, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 101, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 101, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 87, 97, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 101, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 101, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 101, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 101, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 101, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 101,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 87, 97, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 101, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 101,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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