

Converting Colors

R_YB(88, 56, 131)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(88, 56, 131) contains.

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Color

R_YB(88, 56, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	583883
RGB	88, 56, 131
RGB Percent	35%, 22%, 51%
CMY	0.6549, 0.7804, 0.4863
CMYK	0.33, 0.57, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	266°, 40%, 37%
HSV	266°, 57%, 51%
XYZ	9.5354, 6.5417, 22.2328
YIQ	74.1180, -5.0030, 30.1090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

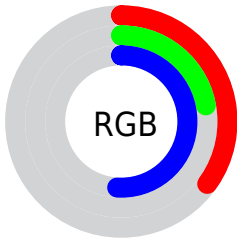
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 56, 131
Decimal	5781635
CIE _{Lab}	30.74, 30.86, -37.19
CIE _{LCh}	31, 48.325, 309.692
Yxy	6.5417, 0.2489, 0.1708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283971715 (0xFF583883)
YUV	74.1180, 28.0428, 12.1745
Hunter-Lab	25.5768, 21.7879, -33.6344

Details

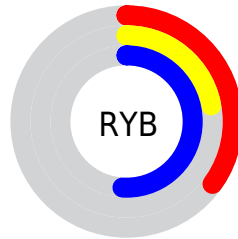
The RYB color **88, 56, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **56, 131, 88**, and the grayscale version is **74, 74, 74**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140, 104, 185**, and **37, 11, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 43, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 69, 131**.

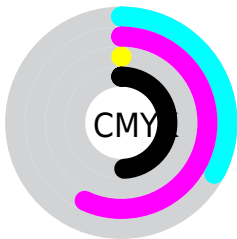
Distribution



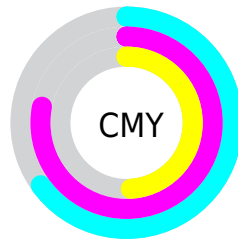
- Red (35%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 88, 56, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 88, 56, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88, 56, 131



88, 56, 131

255, 255, 255



63, 33, 105



140, 104, 185



37, 11, 81



168, 130, 212



18, 0, 58



196, 156, 241



0, 2, 35



224, 183, 255



0, 0, 10



253, 211, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 239, 255



88, 56, 131



88, 56, 131



80, 43, 131



96, 69, 131

■ 73, 30, 131

■ 103, 82, 131

■ 65, 17, 131

■ 111, 95, 131

■ 58, 4, 131

■ 118, 108, 131

■ 56, 0, 131

■ 126, 122, 131

■ 131, 135, 133

■ 131, 148, 138

■ 131, 161, 144

■ 131, 174, 149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 49, 147



88, 56, 131



126, 35, 99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88, 56, 131



86, 109, 0



0, 46, 89

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 56, 131



56, 131, 88

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 58, 87



88, 56, 131



3, 78, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88, 56, 131



131, 45, 26



2, 83, 51



0, 51, 120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 56, 131



136, 27, 74



2, 83, 51



0, 50, 89

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 56, 131



154, 142, 171



56, 84, 131



77, 69, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 56, 131



103, 53, 171



125, 56, 131



62, 60, 66



55, 0, 130



1, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 56, 99



171, 53, 121



56, 131, 125



66, 60, 63



130, 0, 75



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 88, 56, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

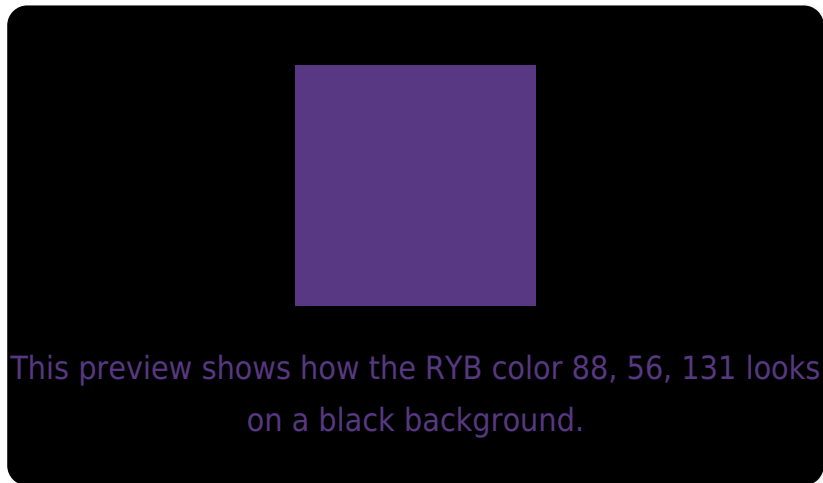
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

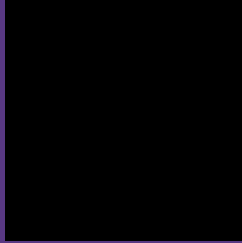
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 88, 56, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 88, 56, 131.

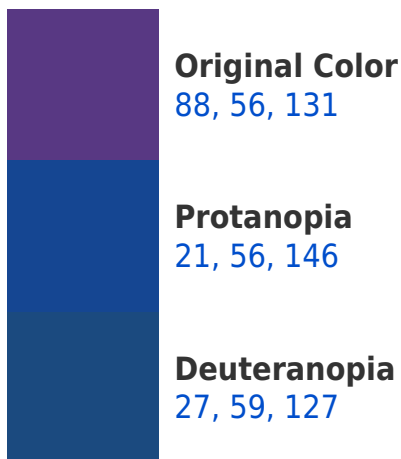


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 88, 56, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

77, 71, 76

Trichromacy



Original Color
88, 56, 131

Protanomaly
45, 62, 141

Deuteranomaly
49, 64, 128

Tritanomaly
81, 66, 96

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 56, 131

Achromatopsia
74, 74, 74

Achromatomaly
79, 67, 95

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 88, 56, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(88, 56, 131) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 56, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 56, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 56, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 88, 56, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 56, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 56, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 56, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 56, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 56, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 56,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 88, 56, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 56, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 56,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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