

Converting Colors

`RYB(89, 152, 206)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(89, 152, 206) contains.

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Color

`RYB(89, 152, 206)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59CEBD
RGB	89, 206, 189
RGB Percent	35%, 81%, 74%
CMY	0.6510, 0.1922, 0.2577
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.08, 0.19
HSL	171°, 54%, 58%
HSV	171°, 57%, 81%
XYZ	35.4075, 49.9530, 56.0826
YIQ	169.0790, -64.2750, -30.0910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

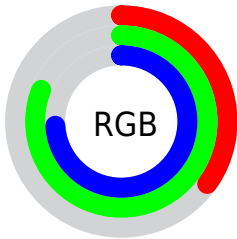
Format	Color
RYB	89, 152, 206
Decimal	5885629
CIELab	76.04, -36.96, -1.63
CIELCh	76, 36.994, 182.524
Yxy	49.9530, 0.2503, 0.3532
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284075709 (0xFF59CEBD)
YUV	169.0790, 9.8211, -70.2293
Hunter-Lab	70.6774, -34.2618, 2.4275

Details

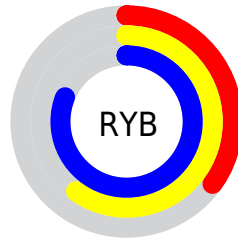
The RYB color **89, 152, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **206, 89, 106**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149, 205, 255**, and **4, 81, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 142, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 162, 206**.

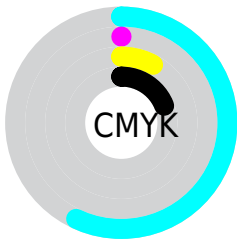
Distribution



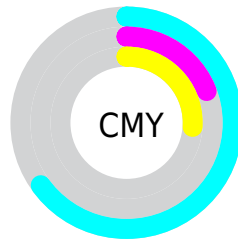
- Red (35%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (19%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 89, 152, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 89, 152, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89, 152, 206

 89, 152, 206

255, 255, 255

 56, 121, 178

 149, 205, 255

 3, 81, 151

 178, 217, 255

 0, 66, 125


 208, 232, 255

 0, 53, 99


 238, 247, 255


 0, 41, 75

 0, 28, 51

 0, 18, 30

 0, 0, 0

 89, 152, 206

 89, 152, 206

■ 68, 142, 206

■ 110, 162, 206

■ 48, 133, 206

■ 130, 171, 206

■ 27, 124, 206

■ 151, 181, 206

■ 7, 114, 206

■ 171, 190, 206

■ 0, 111, 206

■ 192, 200, 206

■ 213, 206, 207

■ 233, 206, 210

■ 254, 206, 213

■ 255, 206, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 185, 203



89, 152, 206



63, 138, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89, 152, 206



196, 178, 245



236, 211, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 152, 206



206, 89, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



253, 167, 152



89, 152, 206



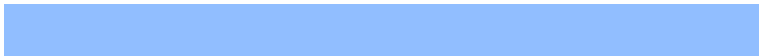
233, 166, 220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89, 152, 206



145, 177, 255



253, 161, 186



148, 208, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 152, 206



76, 147, 241



253, 161, 186



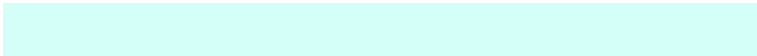
244, 189, 135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 152, 206



212, 235, 255



89, 206, 188



102, 116, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 152, 206



82, 175, 255



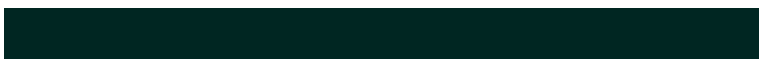
89, 135, 206



92, 97, 102



0, 89, 166



0, 20, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 89, 106



255, 82, 106



206, 152, 89



102, 92, 93



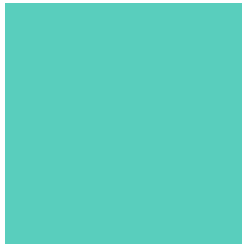
166, 0, 24



38, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 89, 152, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

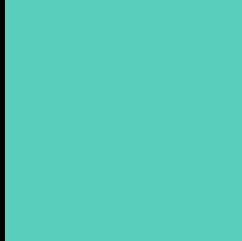
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 89, 152, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

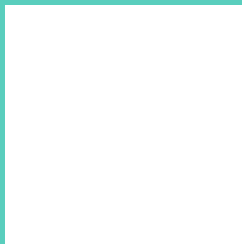
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 89, 152, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 89, 152, 206.

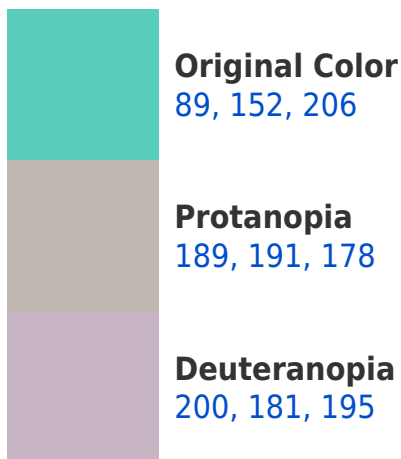


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 89, 152, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
100, 155, 218

Trichromacy



Original Color

89, 152, 206



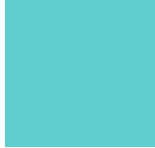
Protanomaly

154, 177, 193



Deuteranomaly

160, 176, 193



Tritanomaly

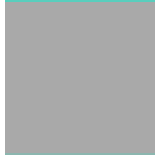
96, 151, 208

Monochromacy



Original Color

89, 152, 206



Achromatopsia

169, 169, 169



Achromatomaly

140, 163, 182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 89, 152, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 206, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 206, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 206, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 206, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 89, 152, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 206, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 206, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 206, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 206, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 206, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 206,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 89, 152, 206 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 206, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 206,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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