

# Converting Colors

R<sub>Y</sub>B(89, 65, 241)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(89, 65, 241) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(89, 65, 241)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5941F1
RGB	89, 65, 241
RGB Percent	35%, 25%, 95%
CMY	0.6510, 0.7451, 0.0549
CMYK	0.63, 0.73, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	248°, 86%, 60%
HSV	248°, 73%, 95%
XYZ	21.8873, 12.2553, 84.4310
YIQ	92.2400, -42.1920, 59.8240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

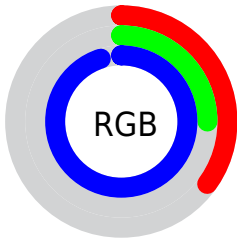
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	89, 65, 241
Decimal	5849585
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.62, 58.11, -84.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 102.471, 304.549
Yxy	12.2553, 0.1846, 0.1034
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284039665 (0xFF5941F1)
YUV	92.2400, 73.3387, -2.8415
Hunter-Lab	35.0076, 50.3378, -118.4898

# Details

The RYB color **89, 65, 241** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. The color can be described as middle washed blue. A complement of this color would be **65, 241, 89**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 116, 255**, and **0, 12, 183** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 41, 241**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 89, 241**.

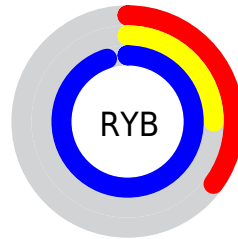
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (25%)

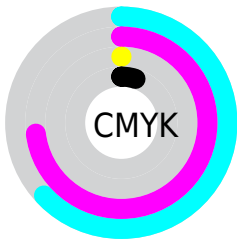
Blue (95%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (95%)

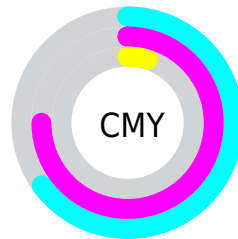


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (75%)

















Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 89, 65, 241 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 89, 65, 241 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 89, 65, 241	 89, 65, 241
255, 255, 255	 49, 40, 212
 155, 116, 255	 0, 12, 183
 186, 142, 255	 0, 0, 156
 217, 170, 255	 0, 0, 129
 248, 197, 255	 0, 0, 102
 255, 226, 255	 0, 9, 77
	 0, 5, 53
	 0, 2, 31
	 0, 0, 2

■ 89, 65, 241

■ 89, 65, 241

■ 68, 41, 241

■ 110, 89, 241

■ 47, 17, 241

■ 131, 113, 241

■ 33, 0, 241

■ 151, 137, 241

■ 172, 161, 241

■ 193, 186, 241

■ 214, 210, 241

■ 235, 234, 241

■ 241, 255, 241

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 76, 255



89, 65, 241



202, 0, 173

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89, 65, 241



175, 91, 0



0, 68, 127

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 65, 241



65, 241, 89

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 121, 124



89, 65, 241



10, 109, 0

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89, 65, 241



220, 0, 2



0, 117, 117



0, 77, 194

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 65, 241



229, 0, 118



0, 117, 117



0, 78, 127



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 65, 241



207, 199, 255



65, 147, 241



99, 94, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 65, 241



61, 31, 255



176, 65, 241



109, 108, 120



25, 0, 184



8, 0, 56



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



241, 65, 217



255, 31, 224



65, 241, 176



120, 108, 118



184, 0, 159

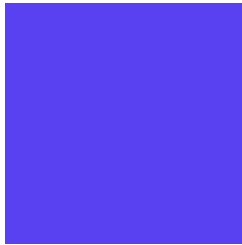


56, 0, 48



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 89, 65, 241 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

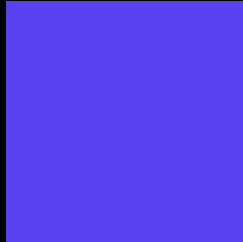
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 89, 65, 241 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

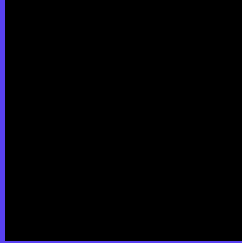
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 89, 65, 241 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 89, 65, 241.

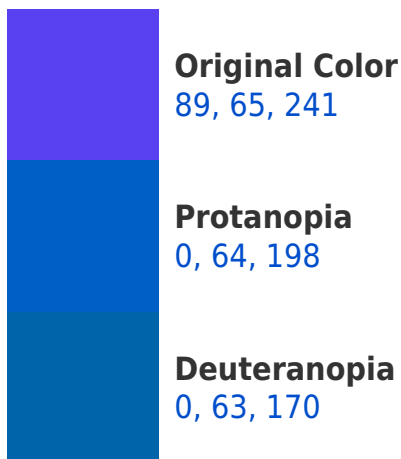


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 89, 65, 241.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
0, 56, 117

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 65, 241

**Protanomaly**  
32, 72, 214

**Deuteranomaly**  
32, 73, 196

**Tritanomaly**  
32, 73, 162

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 65, 241

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 92, 92

**Achromatomaly**  
91, 82, 146

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 89, 65, 241 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 65, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 65, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 65, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 65, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 89, 65, 241 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 65, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 65, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 65, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 65, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 65, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 65,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 89, 65, 241 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 65, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 65,  
241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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