

Converting Colors

`RYB(8, 168, 155)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(8, 168, 155) contains.

RYB(8, 168, 155)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(8, 168, 155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15A808
RGB	21, 168, 8
RGB Percent	8%, 66%, 3%
CMY	0.9176, 0.3412, 0.9686
CMYK	0.87, 0.00, 0.95, 0.34
HSL	115°, 91%, 35%
HSV	115°, 95%, 66%
XYZ	14.3557, 28.1822, 4.9128
YIQ	105.8070, -36.2520, -80.9240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

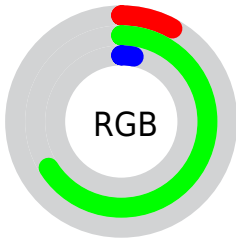
Format	Color
RYB	8, 168, 155
Decimal	1419272
CIELab	60.05, -61.54, 59.92
CIELCh	60, 85.895, 135.761
Yxy	28.1822, 0.3025, 0.5939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279609352 (0xFF15A808)
YUV	105.8070, -48.2189, -74.3757
Hunter-Lab	53.0869, -44.6323, 31.6740

Details

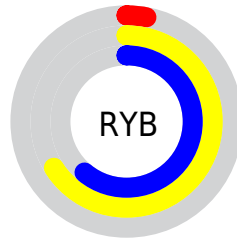
The RYB color **8, 168, 155** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **155, 8, 168**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 224, 200**, and **0, 114, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 168, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 168, 157**.

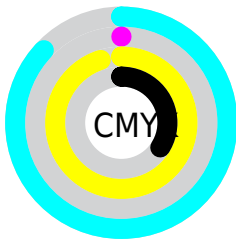
Distribution



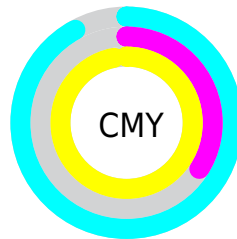
- Red (8%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (3%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 8, 168, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 8, 168, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



8, 168, 155



8, 168, 155

255, 255, 255



0, 141, 141



76, 224, 200



0, 114, 114



104, 254, 228



0, 88, 88



131, 255, 225



0, 63, 63



159, 255, 223



0, 40, 40



187, 255, 221



0, 0, 0



216, 255, 220



245, 255, 245



8, 168, 155



8, 168, 155

■ 0, 168, 154

■ 25, 168, 157

■ 42, 168, 158

■ 58, 168, 159

■ 75, 168, 160

■ 92, 168, 162

■ 109, 168, 163

■ 126, 168, 165

■ 142, 168, 166

■ 159, 168, 167

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 154, 16



8, 168, 155



0, 109, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8, 168, 155



0, 100, 255



255, 45, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8, 168, 155



155, 8, 168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 54, 184



8, 168, 155



0, 91, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8, 168, 155



0, 103, 253



195, 102, 252



253, 109, 34

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8, 168, 155



0, 94, 177



195, 102, 252



255, 38, 134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8, 168, 155



156, 219, 214



22, 168, 8



71, 110, 107



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8, 168, 155



0, 219, 201



8, 121, 168



76, 84, 84



0, 148, 136



0, 20, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155, 8, 168



201, 0, 219



168, 8, 101



83, 76, 84



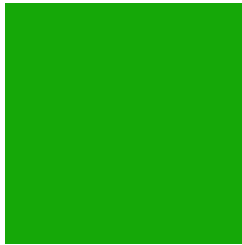
136, 0, 148



19, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 8, 168, 155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

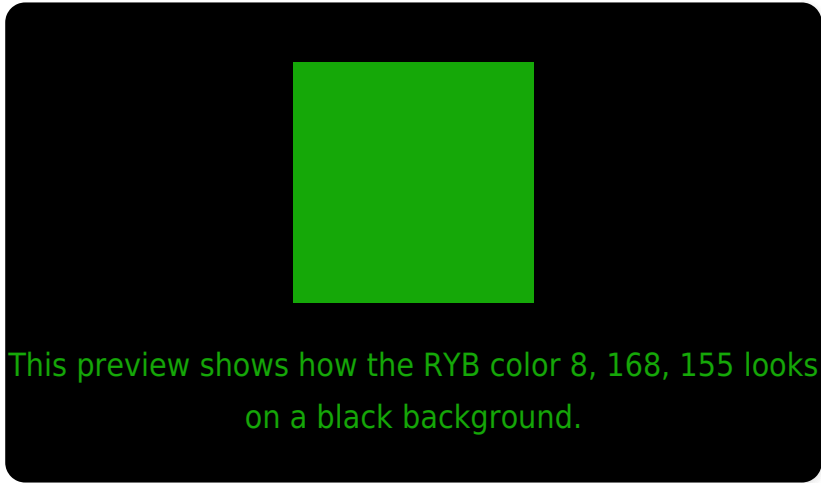
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

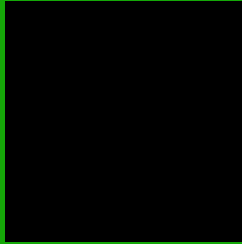
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 8, 168, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 8, 168, 155.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 8, 168, 155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
8, 168, 155

Protanopia
20, 162, 0

Deuteranopia
102, 181, 37



Tritanopia
73, 118, 169

Trichromacy



Original Color

8, 168, 155



Protanomaly

3, 153, 45



Deuteranomaly

26, 148, 51



Tritanomaly

54, 123, 160

Monochromacy



Original Color

8, 168, 155



Achromatopsia

106, 106, 106



Achromatomaly

70, 129, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 8, 168, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 168, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 168, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 168, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 168, 8) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 8, 168, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 168, 8) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 168, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 168, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 168, 8); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 168, 8);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 168, 8)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 8, 168, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 168, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 168,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor