

Converting Colors

`RYB(90, 34, 242)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(90, 34, 242) contains.

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Color

R_YB(90, 34, 242)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A22F2
RGB	90, 34, 242
RGB Percent	35%, 13%, 95%
CMY	0.6471, 0.8667, 0.0510
CMYK	0.63, 0.86, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	256°, 89%, 54%
HSV	256°, 86%, 95%
XYZ	20.8155, 9.7285, 84.7851
YIQ	74.4560, -33.3920, 76.5600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

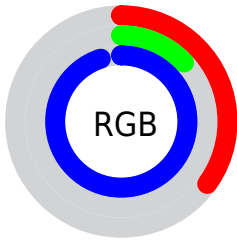
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 34, 242
Decimal	5907186
CIE _{Lab}	37.35, 71.42, -92.02
CIE _{LCh}	37, 116.482, 307.819
Yxy	9.7285, 0.1805, 0.0844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284097266 (0xFF5A22F2)
YUV	74.4560, 82.5992, 13.6321
Hunter-Lab	31.1906, 64.5411, -139.3341

Details

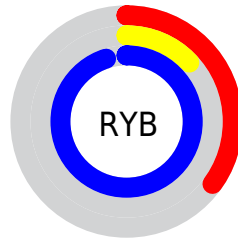
The RYB color **90, 34, 242** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **34, 242, 90**, and the grayscale version is **74, 74, 74**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157, 91, 255**, and **0, 0, 184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 10, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 58, 242**.

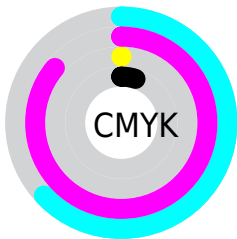
Distribution



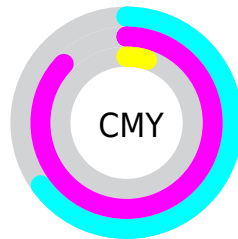
- Red (35%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 90, 34, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 90, 34, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90, 34, 242



90, 34, 242

255, 255, 255



48, 0, 213



157, 91, 255



0, 0, 184



189, 118, 255



0, 0, 156



221, 146, 255



0, 0, 129



252, 174, 255



0, 4, 103



255, 202, 255



0, 9, 77



255, 231, 255



0, 5, 54



0, 2, 31



0, 0, 3

■ 90, 34, 242

■ 90, 34, 242

■ 72, 10, 242

■ 108, 58, 242

■ 65, 0, 242

■ 125, 82, 242

■ 143, 107, 242

■ 161, 131, 242

■ 178, 155, 242

■ 196, 179, 242

■ 214, 203, 242

■ 231, 228, 242

■ 242, 252, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 71, 255



90, 34, 242



208, 0, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90, 34, 242



161, 70, 0



0, 60, 117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 34, 242



34, 242, 90

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 114, 114



90, 34, 242



0, 93, 7

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90, 34, 242



214, 0, 0



0, 109, 109



0, 76, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 34, 242



233, 0, 100



0, 109, 109



0, 69, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 34, 242



207, 189, 255



34, 122, 242



99, 88, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 34, 242



69, 0, 255



193, 34, 242



111, 108, 120



49, 0, 184



15, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 34, 186



255, 0, 186



34, 242, 193



120, 108, 117



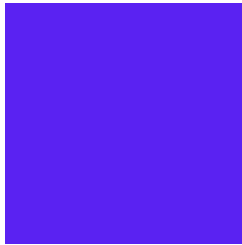
184, 0, 134



56, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 90, 34, 242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

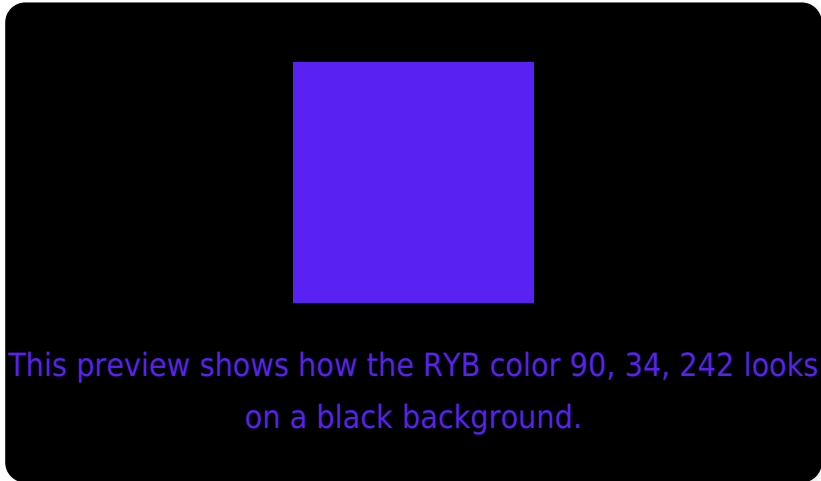
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

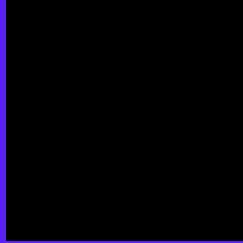
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 90, 34, 242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 90, 34, 242.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 90, 34, 242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90, 34, 242

Protanopia

0, 58, 178

Deuteranopia

0, 56, 151



Tritanopia
0, 50, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

90, 34, 242

Protanomaly

33, 61, 201

Deuteranomaly

33, 63, 184

Tritanomaly

33, 64, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color

90, 34, 242

Achromatopsia

74, 74, 74

Achromatomaly

80, 59, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 90, 34, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 34, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 34, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 34, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 34, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 90, 34, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 34, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 34, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 34, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 34, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 34, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 34,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 90, 34, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 34, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 34,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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