

Converting Colors

`RYB(91, 109, 162)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(91, 109, 162) contains.

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Color

R_YB(91, 109, 162)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B73A2
RGB	91, 115, 162
RGB Percent	36%, 45%, 64%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5486, 0.3647
CMYK	0.44, 0.29, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	220°, 28%, 50%
HSV	220°, 44%, 64%
XYZ	16.9796, 17.1201, 36.5920
YIQ	113.1820, -29.3910, 9.5290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

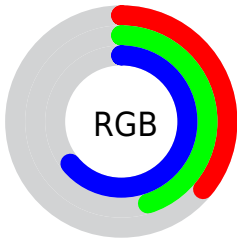
Format	Color
R _Y B	91, 109, 162
Decimal	5993378
CIE Lab	48.41, 3.97, -28.00
CIE LCh	48, 28.277, 278.064
Yxy	17.1201, 0.2402, 0.2422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284183458 (0xFF5B73A2)
YUV	113.1820, 24.0673, -19.4536
Hunter-Lab	41.3764, 0.8422, -23.4707

Details

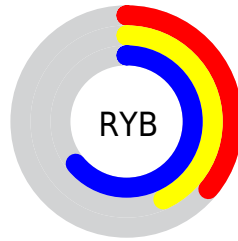
The RYB color **91, 109, 162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **127, 162, 91**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144, 161, 217**, and **39, 59, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 97, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107, 121, 162**.

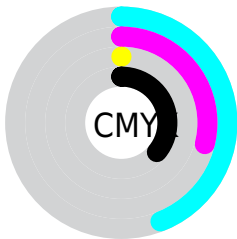
Distribution



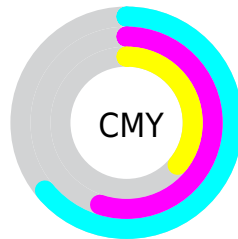
- Red (36%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 91, 109, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 91, 109, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91, 109, 162



91, 109, 162

255, 255, 255



65, 84, 136



144, 161, 217



39, 59, 110



171, 189, 246



6, 32, 86



199, 215, 255



0, 18, 62



228, 240, 255



0, 3, 40



0, 1, 18



0, 0, 0



91, 109, 162



91, 109, 162



75, 97, 162



107, 121, 162

■ 59, 85, 162

■ 123, 133, 162

■ 42, 73, 162

■ 140, 145, 162

■ 26, 60, 162

■ 156, 158, 162

■ 10, 49, 162

■ 166, 172, 162

■ 0, 41, 162

■ 176, 188, 162

■ 183, 204, 162

■ 192, 221, 162

■ 202, 237, 162

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49, 93, 159



91, 109, 162



126, 106, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91, 109, 162



159, 103, 87



69, 108, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 109, 162



127, 162, 91

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77, 122, 101



91, 109, 162



145, 141, 71

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91, 109, 162



161, 96, 109



76, 124, 67



35, 83, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 109, 162



144, 101, 141



76, 124, 67



79, 117, 125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 109, 162



184, 191, 212



91, 134, 162



90, 94, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 109, 162



99, 128, 212



102, 91, 162



73, 75, 82



0, 37, 145



0, 5, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 91, 115



212, 99, 138



91, 162, 102



82, 73, 76



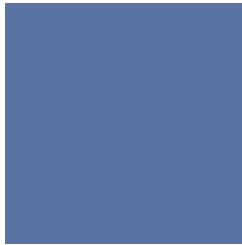
145, 0, 49



18, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 109, 162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

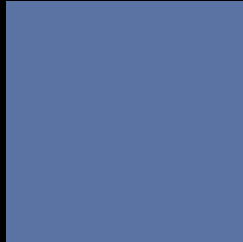
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 109, 162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

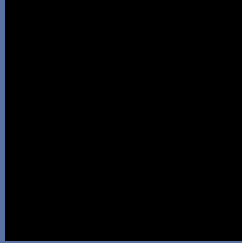
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

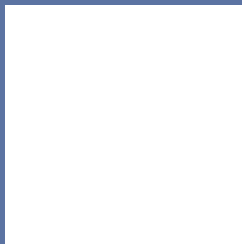
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 91, 109, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 109, 162.

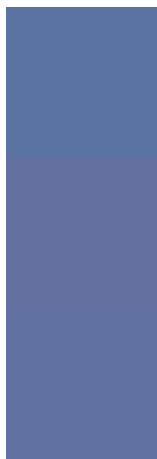


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 109, 162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 109, 162

Protanopia

100, 111, 160

Deuteranopia

97, 110, 162



Tritanopia
82, 104, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

91, 109, 162

Protanomaly

97, 110, 161

Deuteranomaly

95, 110, 162

Tritanomaly

85, 106, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color

91, 109, 162

Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113

Achromatomaly

105, 112, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 91, 109, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 115, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 115, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 115, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 115, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 91, 109, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 115, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 115, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 115, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 115, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 115, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 115,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 91, 109, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 115, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 115,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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