

Converting Colors

`RYB(91, 120, 173)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(91, 120, 173) contains.

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Color

R_YB(91, 120, 173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B88AD
RGB	91, 136, 173
RGB Percent	36%, 53%, 68%
CMY	0.6431, 0.4672, 0.3216
CMYK	0.47, 0.21, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	207°, 33%, 52%
HSV	207°, 47%, 68%
XYZ	20.6428, 22.8124, 42.8504
YIQ	126.7630, -38.6970, 1.9670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

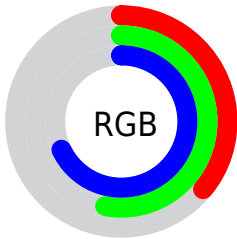
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 120, 173
Decimal	5998765
CIE Lab	54.88, -4.96, -24.36
CIE LCh	55, 24.860, 258.483
Yxy	22.8124, 0.2392, 0.2643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284188845 (0xFF5B88AD)
YUV	126.7630, 22.7948, -31.3642
Hunter-Lab	47.7623, -6.4368, -19.7589

Details

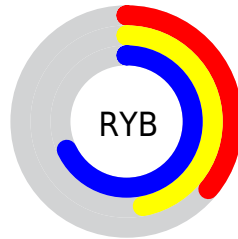
The RYB color **91, 120, 173** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **173, 158, 91**, and the grayscale version is **126, 126, 126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145, 174, 229**, and **36, 67, 121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 109, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 131, 173**.

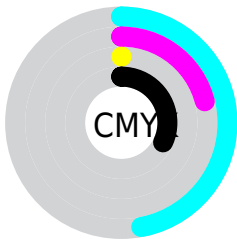
Distribution



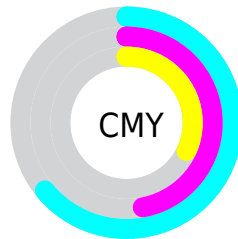
- Red (36%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 91, 120, 173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 91, 120, 173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91, 120, 173



91, 120, 173

255, 255, 255



64, 94, 146



145, 174, 229



36, 67, 121



173, 202, 255



0, 38, 96



201, 225, 255



0, 26, 72



230, 243, 255



0, 15, 49



0, 1, 28



0, 0, 0



91, 120, 173



91, 120, 173



74, 109, 173



108, 131, 173

■ 56, 97, 173

■ 126, 143, 173

■ 39, 86, 173

■ 143, 153, 173

■ 22, 76, 173

■ 160, 165, 173

■ 5, 64, 173

■ 178, 176, 173

■ 0, 61, 173

■ 195, 191, 173

■ 212, 206, 173

■ 229, 222, 173

■ 247, 233, 173

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66, 108, 163



91, 120, 173



123, 128, 172

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91, 120, 173



175, 116, 119



102, 140, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 120, 173



173, 158, 91

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90, 134, 91



91, 120, 173



169, 128, 100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91, 120, 173



169, 116, 141



135, 154, 89



84, 120, 143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 120, 173



142, 124, 165



135, 154, 89



97, 138, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 120, 173



193, 204, 224



91, 148, 173



93, 100, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 120, 173



96, 141, 224



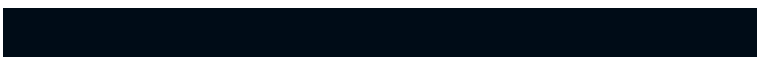
91, 95, 173



78, 81, 87



0, 53, 150



0, 8, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173, 91, 136



224, 96, 166



95, 173, 91



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 82



23, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 120, 173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

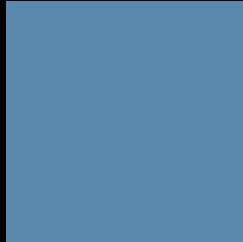
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 120, 173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

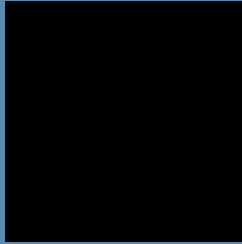
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 91, 120, 173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 120, 173.

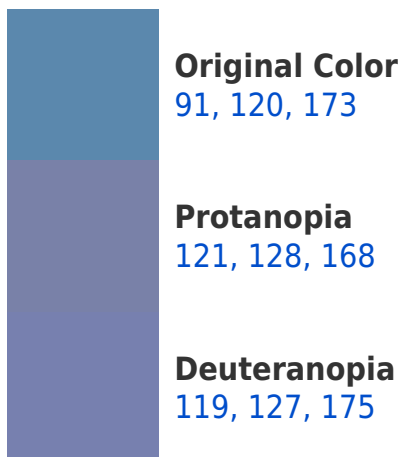



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 120, 173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
84, 115, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 120, 173

Protanomaly
110, 126, 170

Deuteranomaly
109, 125, 174

Tritanomaly
87, 117, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 120, 173

Achromatopsia
127, 127, 127

Achromatomaly
114, 124, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 91, 120, 173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 136, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 136, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 136, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 136, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 91, 120, 173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 136, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 136, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 136, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 136, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 136, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 136,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 91, 120, 173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 136, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 136,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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