

Converting Colors

`RYB(91, 131, 227)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(91, 131, 227) contains.

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Color

R_YB(91, 131, 227)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B94E3
RGB	91, 148, 227
RGB Percent	36%, 58%, 89%
CMY	0.6431, 0.4209, 0.1098
CMYK	0.60, 0.35, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	215°, 71%, 62%
HSV	215°, 60%, 89%
XYZ	28.7172, 28.8456, 76.7272
YIQ	139.9630, -59.3310, 12.4850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

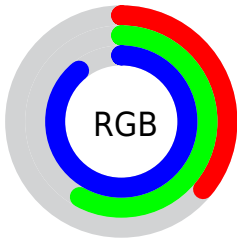
Format	Color
R _Y B	91, 131, 227
Decimal	6001891
CIE Lab	60.65, 5.14, -45.83
CIE LCh	61, 46.116, 276.402
Yxy	28.8456, 0.2138, 0.2148
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284191971 (0xFF5B94E3)
YUV	139.9630, 42.9092, -42.9406
Hunter-Lab	53.7081, 1.4531, -47.1059

Details

The RYB color **91, 131, 227** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **189, 227, 91**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 185, 255**, and **8, 66, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 115, 227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114, 147, 227**.

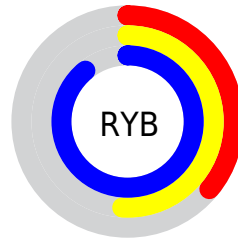
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (58%)

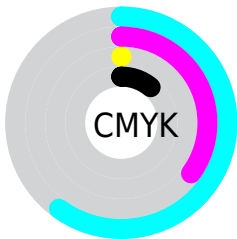
Blue (89%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (89%)

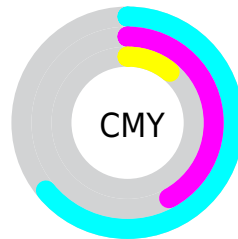


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (64%)

















Magenta (42%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 91, 131, 227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 91, 131, 227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 131, 227	 91, 131, 227
 255, 255, 255	 58, 102, 199
 151, 185, 255	 8, 66, 171
 180, 210, 255	 0, 49, 144
 210, 233, 255	 0, 36, 118
 240, 248, 255	 0, 24, 93
	 0, 6, 69
	 0, 3, 46
	 0, 1, 24
	 0, 0, 0

■ 91, 131, 227

■ 91, 131, 227

■ 68, 115, 227

■ 114, 147, 227

■ 46, 99, 227

■ 136, 163, 227

■ 23, 83, 227

■ 159, 179, 227

■ 0, 67, 227

■ 182, 195, 227

■ 205, 211, 227

■ 227, 227, 227

■ 245, 250, 227

■ 228, 255, 227

■ 227, 255, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 92, 220



91, 131, 227



161, 132, 212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91, 131, 227



218, 121, 100



61, 130, 164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 131, 227



189, 227, 91

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78, 158, 117



91, 131, 227



196, 190, 71

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91, 131, 227



222, 111, 139



80, 162, 62



0, 87, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 131, 227



192, 122, 192



80, 162, 62



83, 150, 163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 131, 227



209, 222, 255



91, 177, 227



99, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 131, 227



71, 125, 255



100, 91, 227



103, 107, 115



0, 52, 179



0, 15, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 91, 148



255, 71, 148



91, 227, 102



115, 103, 108



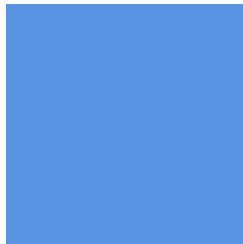
179, 0, 74



51, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 131, 227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

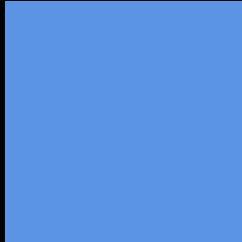
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 131, 227 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

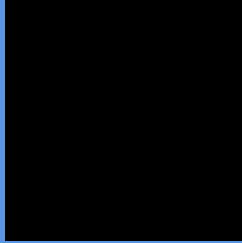
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

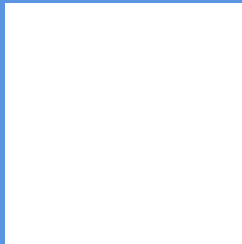
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 91, 131, 227 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 131, 227.

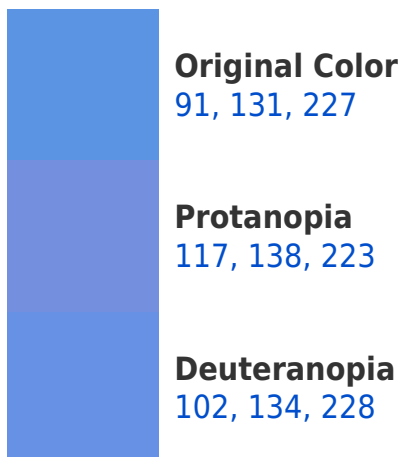



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 131, 227.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

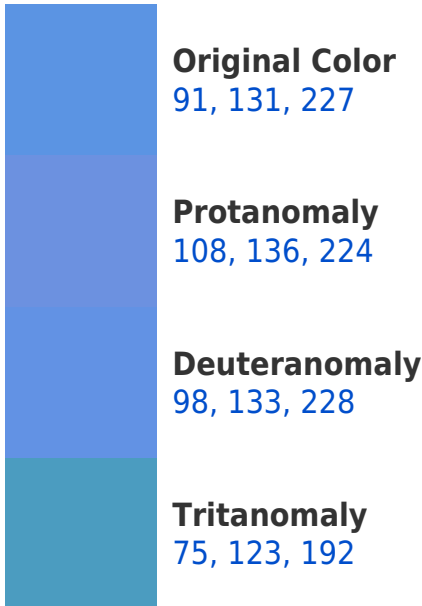
Dichromacy



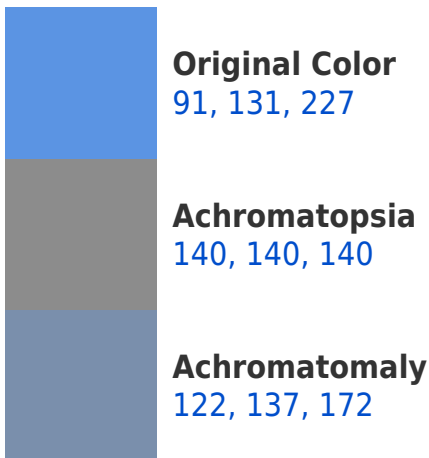


Tritanopia
66, 116, 172

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 91, 131, 227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 148, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 148, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 148, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 148, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 91, 131, 227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 148, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 148, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 148, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 148, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 148, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 148,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 91, 131, 227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 148, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 148,  
227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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