

Converting Colors

`RYB(91, 132, 99)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(91, 132, 99) contains.

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Color

R_YB(91, 132, 99)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C845B
RGB	124, 132, 91
RGB Percent	49%, 52%, 36%
CMY	0.5137, 0.4824, 0.6431
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.31, 0.48
HSL	72°, 18%, 44%
HSV	72°, 31%, 52%
XYZ	18.4518, 21.5429, 13.0832
YIQ	124.9340, 8.3930, -14.4470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

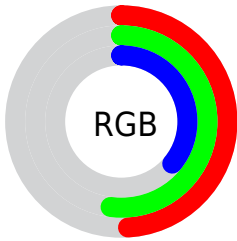
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 132, 99
Decimal	8160347
CIE Lab	53.54, -10.22, 21.20
CIE LCh	54, 23.538, 115.738
Yxy	21.5429, 0.3476, 0.4059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286350427 (0xFF7C845B)
YUV	124.9340, -16.7295, -0.8191
Hunter-Lab	46.4144, -10.2635, 15.7775

Details

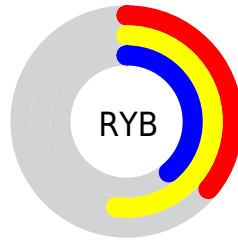
The RYB color **91, 132, 99** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **99, 91, 132**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142, 185, 150**, and **45, 83, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 132, 89**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 132, 109**.

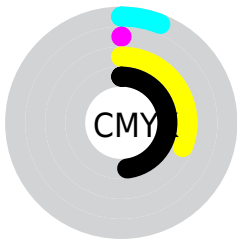
Distribution



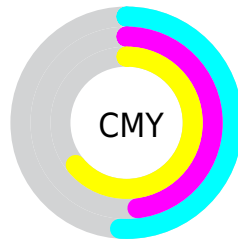
- Red (49%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 91, 132, 99 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 91, 132, 99 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91, 132, 99



91, 132, 99

255, 255, 255



67, 107, 75



142, 185, 150



45, 83, 54



168, 213, 176



23, 60, 32



195, 241, 203



0, 38, 7



223, 255, 223



0, 18, 18



252, 255, 252



0, 0, 0



91, 132, 99



91, 132, 99



78, 132, 89



104, 132, 109



65, 132, 78



117, 132, 120

■ 51, 132, 67

■ 131, 132, 131

■ 38, 132, 56

■ 134, 132, 144

■ 25, 132, 46

■ 137, 132, 157

■ 12, 132, 35

■ 139, 132, 170

■ 0, 132, 26

■ 142, 132, 183

■ 145, 132, 197

■ 147, 132, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 145, 88



91, 132, 99



101, 133, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91, 132, 99



72, 109, 161



165, 113, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 132, 99



99, 91, 132

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 117, 151



91, 132, 99



98, 120, 168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91, 132, 99



64, 103, 145



127, 124, 164



168, 114, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 132, 99



85, 118, 138



127, 124, 164



162, 114, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 132, 99



155, 171, 158



132, 101, 91



77, 87, 79



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 132, 99



108, 171, 120



91, 132, 119



60, 66, 61



0, 130, 25



0, 3, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 91, 132



120, 108, 171



119, 91, 132



61, 60, 66



25, 0, 130



0, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 132, 99 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

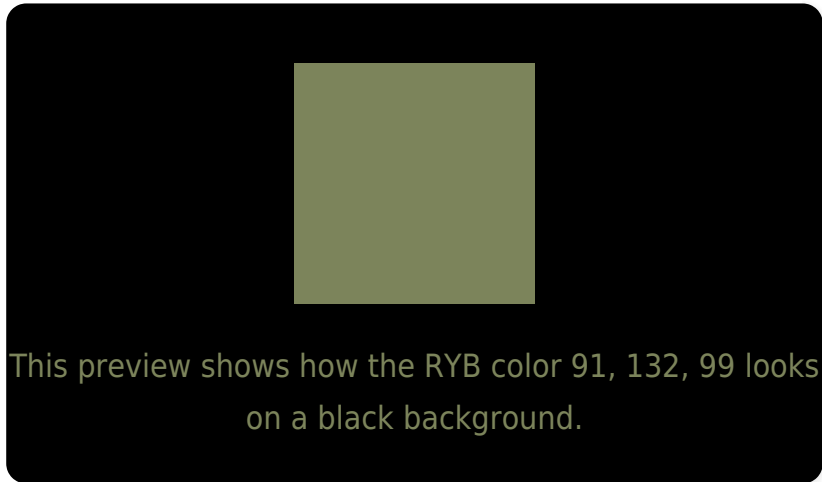
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

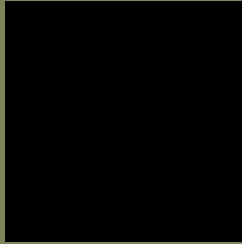
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 91, 132, 99 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 132, 99.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 132, 99.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 132, 99

Protanopia

102, 138, 89

Deuteranopia

151, 151, 93



Tritanopia
130, 126, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 132, 99

Protanomaly
94, 133, 90

Deuteranomaly
114, 141, 92

Tritanomaly
120, 128, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 132, 99

Achromatopsia
125, 125, 125

Achromatomaly
113, 128, 116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 91, 132, 91 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 132, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 132, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 132, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 132, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 91, 132, 99 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 132, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 132, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 132, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 132, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 132, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 132,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 91, 132, 99 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 132, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
132, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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