

Converting Colors

`RYB(91, 153, 121)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(91, 153, 121) contains.

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Color

R_YB(91, 153, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B995B
RGB	123, 153, 91
RGB Percent	48%, 60%, 36%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4000, 0.6431
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.41, 0.40
HSL	89°, 25%, 48%
HSV	89°, 41%, 60%
XYZ	21.4479, 27.7488, 14.1231
YIQ	136.9620, 2.0220, -25.6420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

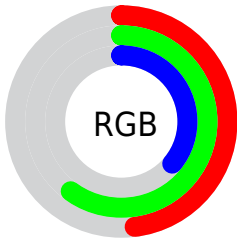
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 153, 121
Decimal	8100187
CIE _{Lab}	59.66, -21.72, 29.21
CIE _{LCh}	60, 36.400, 126.634
Yxy	27.7488, 0.3387, 0.4382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286290267 (0xFF7B995B)
YUV	136.9620, -22.6593, -12.2447
Hunter-Lab	52.6771, -19.5070, 20.9778

Details

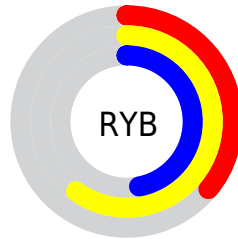
The RYB color **91, 153, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **121, 91, 153**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142, 207, 173**, and **43, 102, 72** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 153, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **106, 153, 129**.

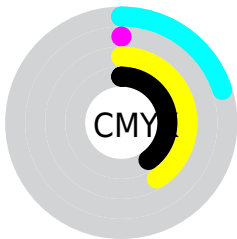
Distribution



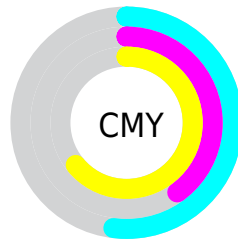
- Red (48%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 91, 153, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 91, 153, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91, 153, 121



91, 153, 121

255, 255, 255



67, 127, 97



142, 207, 173



43, 102, 72



169, 236, 201



21, 78, 50



196, 255, 218



0, 55, 29



224, 255, 224



0, 33, 33



253, 255, 253



0, 0, 0



91, 153, 121



91, 153, 121



76, 153, 113



106, 153, 129



60, 153, 105



122, 153, 137

■ 45, 153, 97

■ 137, 153, 145

■ 30, 153, 90

■ 152, 153, 152

■ 14, 153, 81

■ 160, 153, 168

■ 0, 153, 74

■ 167, 153, 183

■ 175, 153, 198

■ 182, 153, 213

■ 190, 153, 229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 157, 79



91, 153, 121



83, 136, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91, 153, 121



40, 107, 202



205, 118, 138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 153, 121



121, 91, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 122, 170



91, 153, 121



107, 135, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91, 153, 121



0, 85, 181



156, 133, 195



202, 126, 107

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 153, 121



48, 110, 160



156, 133, 195



202, 119, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 153, 121



175, 199, 187



153, 149, 91



86, 99, 92



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 153, 121



101, 199, 148



91, 153, 152



69, 77, 73



0, 140, 68



0, 13, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 91, 153



149, 101, 199



152, 91, 153



73, 69, 77



68, 0, 140



6, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 153, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 91, 153, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

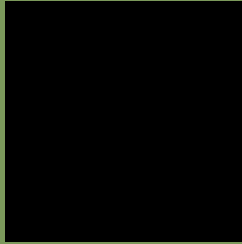
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 91, 153, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 153, 121.

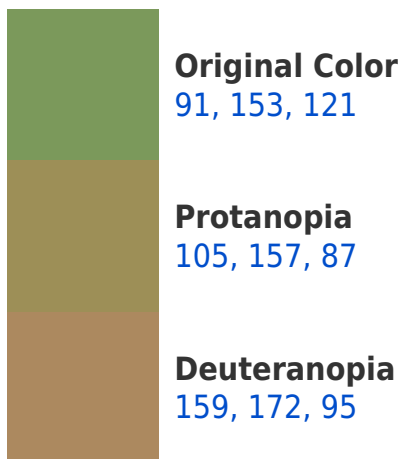


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 91, 153, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
132, 141, 157

Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 153, 121

Protanomaly
88, 147, 90

Deuteranomaly
107, 154, 94

Tritanomaly
129, 145, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 153, 121

Achromatopsia
137, 137, 137

Achromatomaly
120, 143, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 91, 153, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 153, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 153, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 153, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 153, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 91, 153, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 153, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 153, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 153, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 153, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 153, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 153,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 91, 153, 121 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 153, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
153, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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