

# Converting Colors

`RYB(92, 140, 163)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(92, 140, 163) contains.

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# Color

**RYB(92, 140, 163)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5CA37E
RGB	92, 163, 126
RGB Percent	36%, 64%, 49%
CMY	0.6392, 0.3608, 0.5058
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.23, 0.36
HSL	149°, 28%, 50%
HSV	149°, 44%, 64%
XYZ	21.2781, 29.9766, 24.4103
YIQ	137.5530, -30.4390, -26.5590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

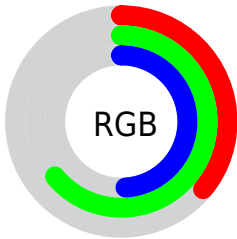
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	92, 140, 163
Decimal	6071166
CIELab	61.63, -31.03, 12.35
CIELCh	62, 33.399, 158.291
Yxy	29.9766, 0.2812, 0.3962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284261246 (0xFF5CA37E)
YUV	137.5530, -5.6956, -39.9500
Hunter-Lab	54.7509, -26.4428, 11.8916

# Details

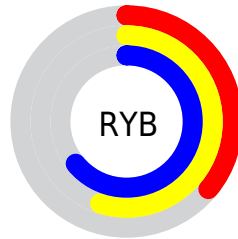
The RYB color **92, 140, 163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **163, 92, 129**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146, 195, 218**, and **39, 86, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 135, 163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 145, 163**.

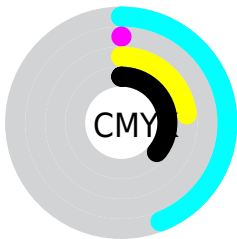
# Distribution



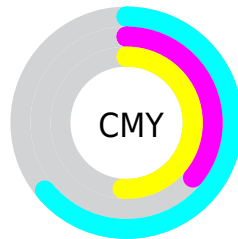
- Red (36%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 92, 140, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 92, 140, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92, 140, 163


255, 255, 255


 146, 195, 218

 173, 224, 247

 201, 234, 255

 230, 243, 255

 92, 140, 163

 66, 113, 136

 39, 86, 111

 3, 54, 86


 0, 40, 62


 0, 31, 40

 0, 11, 11


 0, 0, 0

 92, 140, 163


 76, 135, 163


 92, 140, 163


 108, 145, 163

 59, 129, 163


 125, 151, 163

 43, 124, 163


 141, 156, 163


 27, 119, 163

 157, 161, 163

 10, 113, 163

 174, 163, 168

 0, 110, 163

 190, 163, 177

 206, 163, 185

 222, 163, 194

 239, 163, 202

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101, 158, 131



92, 140, 163



52, 111, 165

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92, 140, 163



120, 142, 207



203, 134, 114

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 140, 163



163, 92, 129

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206, 126, 142



92, 140, 163



163, 138, 195

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92, 140, 163



69, 122, 203



193, 129, 171



187, 185, 94

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 140, 163



29, 99, 176



193, 129, 171



206, 128, 122



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 140, 163



184, 203, 212



92, 163, 125



90, 102, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 140, 163



102, 177, 212



92, 128, 163



73, 79, 82



0, 98, 145



0, 12, 18



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 92, 129



212, 102, 159



163, 92, 94



82, 73, 78



145, 0, 76



18, 0, 9



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 92, 140, 163 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 92, 140, 163 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 92, 140, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 92, 140, 163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 92, 140, 163.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 140, 163

**Protanopia**  
131, 157, 119

**Deuteranopia**  
169, 150, 130



**Tritanopia**  
103, 133, 170

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 140, 163

**Protanomaly**  
122, 153, 142

**Deuteranomaly**  
129, 150, 138

**Tritanomaly**  
99, 130, 159

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 140, 163

**Achromatopsia**  
138, 138, 138

**Achromatomaly**  
121, 138, 147

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 92, 140, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 163, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 163, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 163, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 163, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 92, 140, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 163, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 163, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 163, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 163, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 163, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 163,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 92, 140, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 163, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 163,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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