

Converting Colors

`RYB(92, 54, 228)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(92, 54, 228) contains.

RYB(92, 54, 228)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(92, 54, 228)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C36E4
RGB	92, 54, 228
RGB Percent	36%, 21%, 89%
CMY	0.6392, 0.7882, 0.1059
CMYK	0.60, 0.76, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	253°, 76%, 55%
HSV	253°, 76%, 89%
XYZ	19.7364, 10.5151, 74.3882
YIQ	85.1980, -33.2060, 62.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

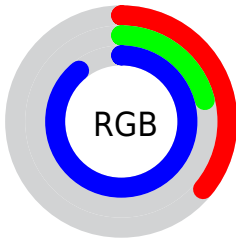
Format	Color
R _Y B	92, 54, 228
Decimal	6043364
CIE Lab	38.75, 60.09, -81.75
CIE LCh	39, 101.455, 306.316
Yxy	10.5151, 0.1886, 0.1005
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284233444 (0xFF5C36E4)
YUV	85.1980, 70.4014, 5.9654
Hunter-Lab	32.4270, 51.8953, -113.3137

Details

The RYB color **92, 54, 228** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **54, 228, 92**, and the grayscale version is **85, 85, 85**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156, 106, 255**, and **0, 0, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 31, 228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 77, 228**.

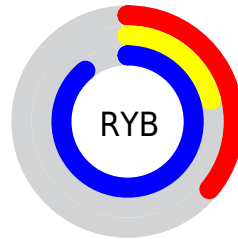
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (21%)

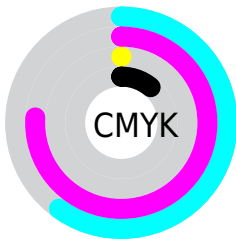
Blue (89%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (89%)

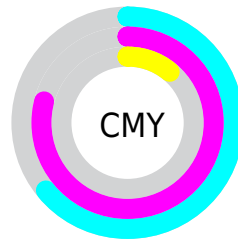


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (64%)



















Magenta (79%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 92, 54, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 92, 54, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 92, 54, 228	 92, 54, 228
 255, 255, 255	 55, 27, 199
 156, 106, 255	 0, 0, 171
 187, 132, 255	 0, 0, 144
 217, 159, 255	 0, 0, 117
 248, 187, 255	 0, 4, 91
 255, 215, 255	 0, 6, 66
 255, 244, 255	 0, 3, 43
	 0, 1, 22
	 0, 0, 0

■ 92, 54, 228

■ 92, 54, 228

■ 74, 31, 228

■ 110, 77, 228

■ 56, 8, 228

■ 128, 100, 228

■ 50, 0, 228

■ 145, 122, 228

■ 163, 145, 228

■ 181, 168, 228

■ 199, 191, 228

■ 217, 214, 228

■ 228, 236, 229

■ 228, 255, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 72, 255



92, 54, 228



195, 0, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92, 54, 228



162, 88, 0



0, 62, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 54, 228



54, 228, 92

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 110, 117



92, 54, 228



2, 97, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92, 54, 228



207, 0, 0



0, 110, 110



0, 74, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 54, 228



220, 0, 105



0, 110, 110



0, 72, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 54, 228



209, 196, 255



54, 130, 228



100, 92, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 54, 228



72, 20, 255



179, 54, 228



106, 103, 115



39, 0, 179



11, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 54, 190



255, 20, 204



54, 228, 179



115, 103, 112



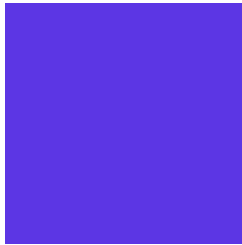
179, 0, 140



51, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 92, 54, 228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

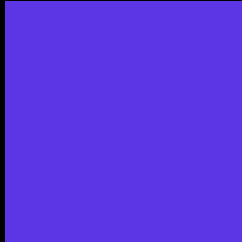
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 92, 54, 228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

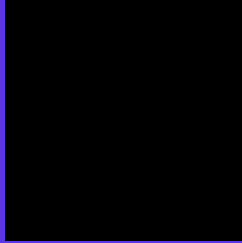
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 92, 54, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 92, 54, 228.

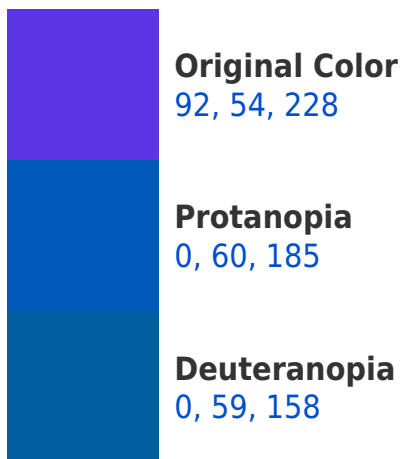


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 92, 54, 228.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
36, 69, 107

Trichromacy



Original Color

92, 54, 228



Protanomaly

33, 67, 201



Deuteranomaly

33, 68, 183



Tritanomaly

56, 77, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color

92, 54, 228



Achromatopsia

85, 85, 85



Achromatomaly

88, 74, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 92, 54, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 54, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 54, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 54, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 54, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 92, 54, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 54, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 54, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 54, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 54, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 54, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 54,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 92, 54, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 54, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 54,  
228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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