

Converting Colors

`RYB(93, 107, 121)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(93, 107, 121) contains.

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Color

R_YB(93, 107, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D7979
RGB	93, 121, 121
RGB Percent	36%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.6353, 0.5255, 0.5255
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	180°, 13%, 42%
HSV	180°, 23%, 47%
XYZ	14.8028, 17.3824, 20.6641
YIQ	112.6280, -16.6880, -5.9360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

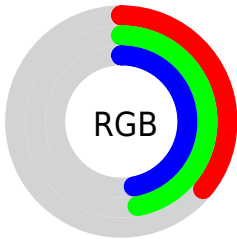
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 107, 121
Decimal	6125945
CIE Lab	48.74, -10.03, -3.32
CIE LCh	49, 10.566, 198.292
Yxy	17.3824, 0.2801, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284316025 (0xFF5D7979)
YUV	112.6280, 4.1274, -17.2138
Hunter-Lab	41.6922, -9.5851, -0.2017

Details

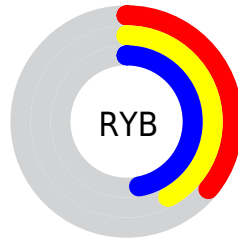
The RYB color **93, 107, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **121, 93, 93**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144, 159, 173**, and **46, 59, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 101, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 113, 121**.

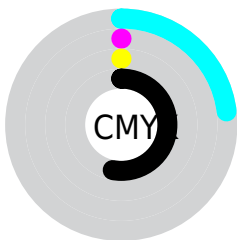
Distribution



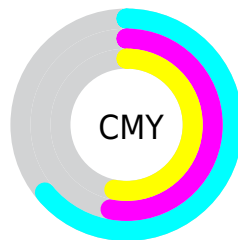
- Red (36%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 93, 107, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 93, 107, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 107, 121



93, 107, 121

255, 255, 255



69, 83, 96



144, 159, 173



46, 59, 73



171, 186, 201



23, 37, 50



198, 214, 229



1, 15, 29



226, 241, 255



0, 0, 3



0, 0, 0



93, 107, 121



93, 107, 121



81, 101, 121



105, 113, 121



69, 95, 121



117, 119, 121

■ 57, 89, 121

■ 129, 121, 121

■ 45, 83, 121

■ 141, 121, 121

■ 32, 77, 121

■ 153, 121, 121

■ 20, 71, 121

■ 166, 121, 121

■ 8, 65, 121

■ 178, 121, 121

■ 0, 61, 121

■ 190, 121, 121

■ 202, 121, 121

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98, 112, 121



93, 107, 121



94, 109, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 107, 121



124, 112, 128



119, 126, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 107, 121



121, 93, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133, 114, 103



93, 107, 121



132, 110, 120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 107, 121



113, 115, 133



135, 110, 111



99, 117, 99

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 107, 121



99, 111, 132



135, 110, 111



129, 125, 99

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 107, 121



147, 153, 158



93, 121, 121



73, 76, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 107, 121



114, 136, 158



93, 102, 121



55, 58, 61



0, 63, 125



0, 126, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 93, 121



158, 114, 158



121, 121, 93



61, 55, 61



125, 0, 125



252, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 107, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 107, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 93, 107, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 93, 107, 121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 93, 107, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93, 107, 121

Protanopia

117, 115, 117

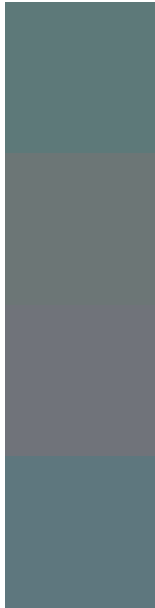
Deuteranopia

123, 112, 123



Tritanopia
95, 109, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color

93, 107, 121

Protanomaly

108, 113, 118

Deuteranomaly

112, 114, 122

Tritanomaly

94, 108, 126

Monochromacy



Original Color

93, 107, 121

Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113

Achromatomaly

106, 111, 116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 93, 107, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 121, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 121, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 121, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 121, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 93, 107, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 121, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 121, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 121, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 121, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 121, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 121,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 107, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 121, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 121,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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