

Converting Colors

`RYB(93, 111, 125)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(93, 111, 125) contains.

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Color

R_YB(93, 111, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D7D76
RGB	93, 125, 118
RGB Percent	36%, 49%, 46%
CMY	0.6353, 0.5098, 0.5377
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.06, 0.51
HSL	167°, 15%, 43%
HSV	167°, 26%, 49%
XYZ	15.1112, 18.2998, 19.8407
YIQ	114.6340, -16.8250, -8.9610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

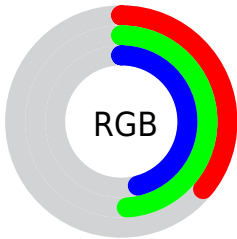
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 111, 125
Decimal	6126966
CIE _{Lab}	49.86, -13.00, 0.16
CIE _{LCh}	50, 13.003, 179.291
Yxy	18.2998, 0.2838, 0.3436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284317046 (0xFF5D7D76)
YUV	114.6340, 1.6594, -18.9730
Hunter-Lab	42.7782, -11.8075, 2.4458

Details

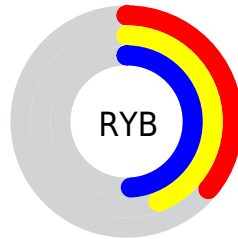
The RYB color **93, 111, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **125, 93, 100**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144, 163, 178**, and **46, 63, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 105, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **106, 117, 125**.

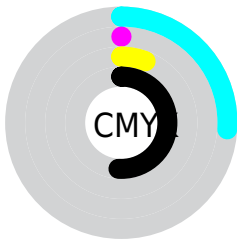
Distribution



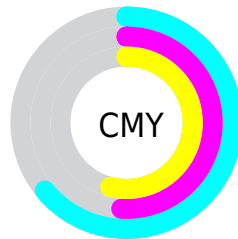
- Red (36%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 93, 111, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 93, 111, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 111, 125



93, 111, 125

255, 255, 255



69, 86, 100



144, 163, 178



46, 63, 76



171, 190, 205



23, 40, 53



198, 218, 233



1, 18, 32



226, 241, 255



0, 0, 0



93, 111, 125



93, 111, 125



80, 105, 125



106, 117, 125



68, 100, 125



118, 122, 125



55, 94, 125



131, 125, 126

■ 43, 89, 125

■ 143, 125, 129

■ 31, 84, 125

■ 155, 125, 132

■ 18, 78, 125

■ 168, 125, 135

■ 6, 73, 125

■ 180, 125, 137

■ 0, 70, 125

■ 193, 125, 140

■ 206, 125, 143

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103, 121, 124



93, 111, 125



89, 108, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 111, 125



120, 116, 138



137, 123, 100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 111, 125



125, 93, 100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 113, 108



93, 111, 125



133, 113, 130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 111, 125



106, 116, 140



140, 111, 119



112, 128, 97

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 111, 125



91, 110, 135



140, 111, 119



139, 118, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 111, 125



150, 157, 163



93, 125, 118



73, 78, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 111, 125



113, 141, 163



93, 106, 125



57, 61, 64



0, 72, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 93, 100



163, 113, 124



125, 106, 93



64, 57, 59



128, 0, 28



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 111, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 111, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

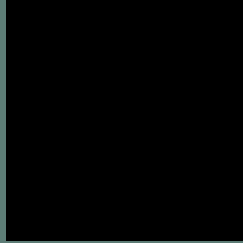
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 93, 111, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 93, 111, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 93, 111, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[93, 111, 125](#)

Protanopia
[119, 121, 114](#)

Deuteranopia
[129, 115, 120](#)



Tritanopia
96, 112, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 111, 125

Protanomaly
111, 118, 121

Deuteranomaly
116, 118, 119

Tritanomaly
95, 110, 128

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 111, 125

Achromatopsia
115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly
107, 114, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 93, 111, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 125, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 125, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 125, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 125, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 93, 111, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 125, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 125, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 125, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 125, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 125, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 125,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 125, 118 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 125, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 125,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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