

Converting Colors

`RYB(93, 112, 101)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(93, 112, 101) contains.

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Color

R_YB(93, 112, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68705D
RGB	104, 112, 93
RGB Percent	41%, 44%, 36%
CMY	0.5922, 0.5608, 0.6353
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.17, 0.56
HSL	85°, 9%, 40%
HSV	85°, 17%, 44%
XYZ	13.4789, 15.3217, 12.6029
YIQ	107.4420, 1.3310, -7.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

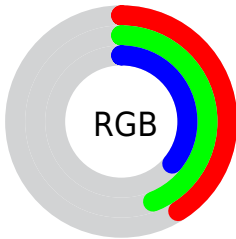
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 112, 101
Decimal	6844509
CIE Lab	46.07, -6.81, 9.55
CIE LCh	46, 11.730, 125.489
Yxy	15.3217, 0.3255, 0.3701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285034589 (0xFF68705D)
YUV	107.4420, -7.1199, -3.0186
Hunter-Lab	39.1430, -7.0337, 8.3104

Details

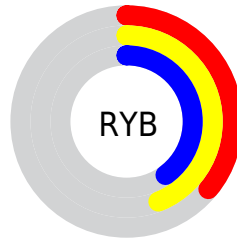
The RYB color **93, 112, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **101, 93, 112**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143, 164, 152**, and **47, 64, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 112, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 112, 107**.

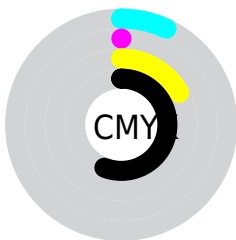
Distribution



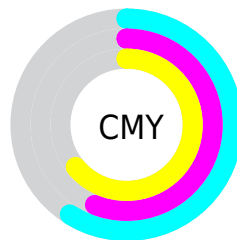
- Red (41%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 93, 112, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 93, 112, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 112, 101



93, 112, 101

255, 255, 255



69, 88, 77



143, 164, 152



47, 64, 54



170, 191, 179



26, 42, 33



197, 219, 206



0, 22, 7



225, 247, 234



0, 0, 0

254, 255, 254



93, 112, 101



93, 112, 101



82, 112, 95



104, 112, 107



71, 112, 88



113, 112, 115

■ 59, 112, 81

■ 118, 112, 127

■ 48, 112, 75

■ 123, 112, 138

■ 37, 112, 69

■ 128, 112, 149

■ 26, 112, 62

■ 132, 112, 160

■ 15, 112, 56

■ 137, 112, 171

■ 3, 112, 49

■ 142, 112, 183

■ 0, 112, 47

■ 146, 112, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98, 115, 90



93, 112, 101



93, 108, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 112, 101



89, 103, 127



129, 102, 108

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 112, 101



101, 93, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124, 103, 117



93, 112, 101



101, 107, 128

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 112, 101



83, 100, 120



113, 106, 125



129, 104, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 112, 101



87, 103, 115



113, 106, 125



128, 102, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 112, 101



138, 145, 141



112, 107, 93



70, 74, 72



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 112, 101



116, 145, 128



93, 112, 110



50, 56, 52



0, 120, 51



0, 247, 104

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101, 93, 112



129, 116, 145



110, 93, 112



53, 50, 56



50, 0, 120



104, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 112, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 112, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

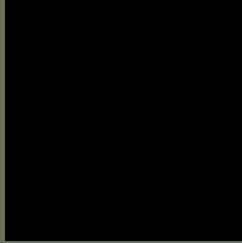
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

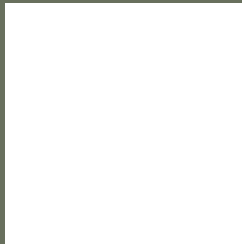
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 93, 112, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 112, 101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 112, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


93, 112, 101

Protanopia

99, 115, 91

Deuteranopia

125, 111, 94



Tritanopia
108, 109, 117

Trichromacy



Original Color

93, 112, 101

Protanomaly

93, 111, 92

Deuteranomaly

109, 117, 94

Tritanomaly

107, 109, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color

93, 112, 101

Achromatopsia

107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly

102, 109, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 93, 112, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(104, 112, 93) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 112, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 112, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 112, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 93, 112, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 112, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 112, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 112, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 112, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 112, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 112,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 93, 112, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 112, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
112, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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