

Converting Colors

`RYB(93, 171, 93)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(93, 171, 93) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(93, 171, 93)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABAB5D
RGB	171, 171, 93
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 36%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3294, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.46, 0.33
HSL	60°, 32%, 52%
HSV	60°, 46%, 67%
XYZ	33.3333, 38.5741, 16.0446
YIQ	162.1080, 25.0380, -24.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

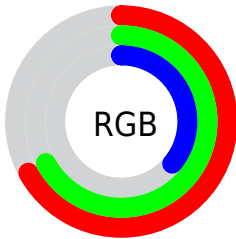
Format	Color
RYB	93, 171, 93
Decimal	11250525
CIELab	68.44, -11.37, 39.95
CIELCh	68, 41.538, 105.888
Yxy	38.5741, 0.3790, 0.4386
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289440605 (0xFFABAB5D)
YUV	162.1080, -34.0702, 7.7983
Hunter-Lab	62.1080, -12.8884, 28.1590

Details

The RYB color **93, 171, 93** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **93, 93, 171**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 228, 145**, and **44, 119, 46** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 171, 76**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 171, 110**.

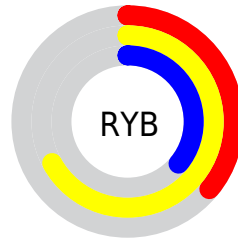
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (67%)

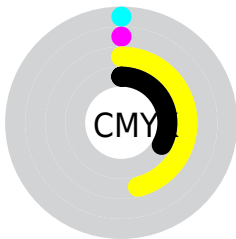
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (36%)

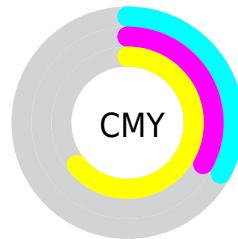


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 93, 171, 93 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 93, 171, 93 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 171, 93

 93, 171, 93

255, 255, 255

 68, 145, 69

 147, 228, 145

 44, 119, 46

 172, 255, 172

 18, 94, 21

 200, 255, 200

 0, 71, 5

 228, 255, 228

 0, 48, 6


 0, 28, 11

 0, 0, 0

 93, 171, 93

 93, 171, 93

 76, 171, 76

 110, 171, 110

■ 59, 171, 59

■ 127, 171, 127

■ 42, 171, 42

■ 144, 171, 144

■ 25, 171, 25

■ 161, 171, 161

■ 8, 171, 8

■ 171, 171, 179

■ 0, 171, 0

■ 171, 171, 196

■ 171, 171, 213

■ 171, 171, 230

■ 171, 171, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 206, 94



93, 171, 93



113, 180, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 171, 93



0, 100, 220



228, 139, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 171, 93



93, 93, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 150, 219



93, 171, 93



71, 136, 239

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 171, 93



0, 94, 187



143, 160, 239



239, 137, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 171, 93



96, 157, 184



143, 160, 239



220, 142, 198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 171, 93



191, 222, 191



171, 93, 93



93, 112, 93



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 171, 93



100, 222, 100



93, 171, 132



78, 87, 78



0, 150, 0



0, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 93, 171



100, 100, 222



132, 93, 171



78, 78, 87



0, 0, 150



0, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 171, 93 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 171, 93 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

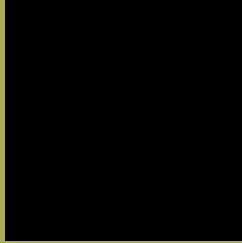
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 93, 171, 93 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 171, 93.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 171, 93.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
93, 171, 93

Protanopia
111, 183, 92

Deuteranopia
171, 203, 96



Tritanopia
180, 162, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 171, 93

Protanomaly
105, 179, 92

Deuteranomaly
135, 191, 95

Tritanomaly
164, 177, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 171, 93

Achromatopsia
162, 162, 162

Achromatomaly
137, 165, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 93, 171, 93 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 171, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 171, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 171, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 171, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 93, 171, 93 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 171, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 171, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 171, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 171, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 171, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 171,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 93, 171, 93 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 171, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
171, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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