

Converting Colors

`RYB(93, 17, 207)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(93, 17, 207) contains.

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Color

R_YB(93, 17, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D11CF
RGB	93, 17, 207
RGB Percent	36%, 7%, 81%
CMY	0.6353, 0.9333, 0.1882
CMYK	0.55, 0.92, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	264°, 85%, 44%
HSV	264°, 92%, 81%
XYZ	15.9771, 7.2330, 59.5855
YIQ	61.3840, -15.6940, 75.2020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

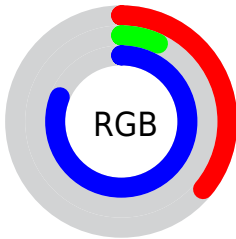
Format	Color
RYB	93, 17, 207
Decimal	6099407
CIELab	32.33, 67.62, -80.26
CIELCh	32, 104.948, 310.114
Yxy	7.2330, 0.1930, 0.0874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284289487 (0xFF5D11CF)
YUV	61.3840, 71.7887, 27.7272
Hunter-Lab	26.8943, 58.9766, -112.5335

Details

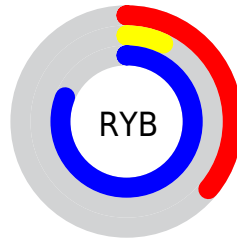
The RYB color **93, 17, 207** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **17, 207, 93**, and the grayscale version is **61, 61, 61**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 79, 255**, and **0, 0, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 0, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 38, 207**.

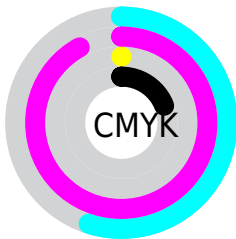
Distribution



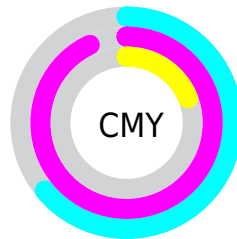
- Red (36%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 93, 17, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 93, 17, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 17, 207



93, 17, 207

255, 255, 255



58, 0, 179



155, 79, 255



0, 0, 151



186, 106, 255



0, 0, 124



216, 133, 255



0, 0, 98



247, 161, 255



0, 8, 73



255, 189, 255



0, 4, 49



255, 218, 255



0, 1, 28



255, 247, 255



0, 0, 0



93, 17, 207



93, 17, 207

■ 83, 0, 207

■ 105, 38, 207

■ 118, 58, 207

■ 130, 79, 207

■ 143, 100, 207

■ 155, 120, 207

■ 168, 141, 207

■ 180, 162, 207

■ 192, 183, 207

■ 205, 203, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 62, 246



93, 17, 207



185, 0, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 17, 207



136, 72, 0



0, 51, 104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 17, 207



17, 207, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 96, 100



93, 17, 207



0, 82, 14

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 17, 207



184, 0, 0



0, 95, 95



0, 66, 184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 17, 207



205, 0, 80



0, 95, 95



0, 58, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 17, 207



212, 184, 255



17, 88, 207



101, 84, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 17, 207



102, 0, 255



188, 17, 207



98, 94, 105



67, 0, 168



16, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 17, 131



255, 0, 153



17, 207, 188



105, 94, 100



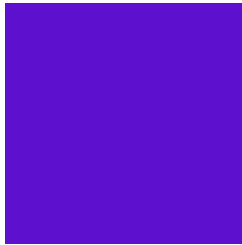
168, 0, 101



41, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 17, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

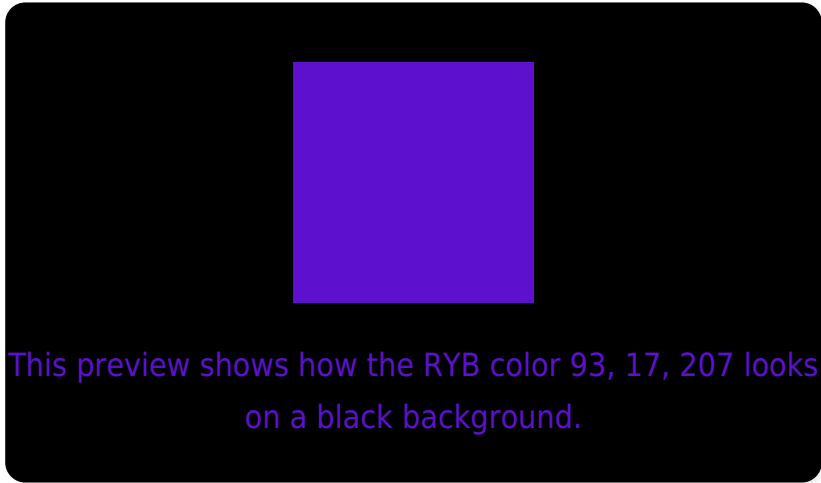
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

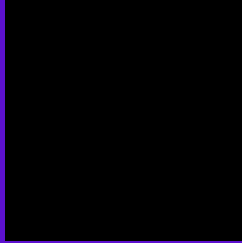
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 93, 17, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 17, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 17, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

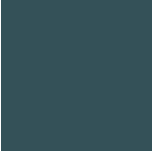
93, 17, 207

Protanopia

0, 50, 156

Deuteranopia

0, 50, 133



Tritanopia

52, 68, 88

Trichromacy



Original Color

93, 17, 207

Protanomaly

34, 51, 175

Deuteranomaly

34, 53, 160

Tritanomaly

67, 58, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

93, 17, 207

Achromatopsia

61, 61, 61

Achromatomaly

73, 45, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 93, 17, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 17, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 17, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 17, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 17, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 93, 17, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 17, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 17, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 17, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 17, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 17, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 17,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 17, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 17, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 17,  
207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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