

Converting Colors

R_YB(93, 69, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(93, 69, 154) contains.

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Color

R_YB(93, 69, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D459A
RGB	93, 69, 154
RGB Percent	36%, 27%, 60%
CMY	0.6353, 0.7294, 0.3961
CMYK	0.40, 0.55, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	257°, 38%, 44%
HSV	257°, 55%, 60%
XYZ	12.4751, 8.9165, 31.6354
YIQ	85.8660, -12.9810, 31.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

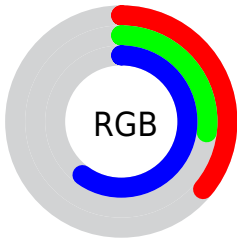
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 69, 154
Decimal	6112666
CIE _{Lab}	35.82, 30.72, -43.11
CIE _{LCh}	36, 52.943, 305.475
Yxy	8.9165, 0.2353, 0.1682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284302746 (0xFF5D459A)
YUV	85.8660, 33.5901, 6.2565
Hunter-Lab	29.8605, 22.3175, -41.9118

Details

The RYB color **93, 69, 154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **69, 154, 93**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 118, 209**, and **40, 24, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 54, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 84, 154**.

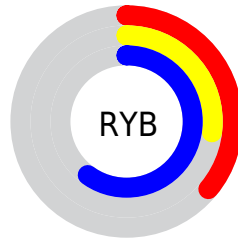
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (27%)

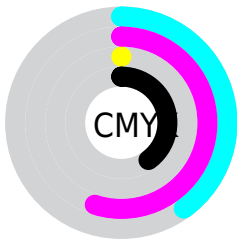
Blue (60%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (60%)

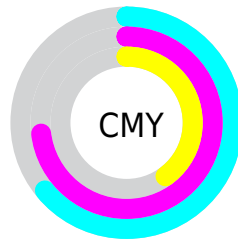


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 93, 69, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 93, 69, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 93, 69, 154

■ 93, 69, 154

255, 255, 255

■ 67, 46, 128

■ 147, 118, 209

■ 40, 24, 102

■ 174, 144, 238

■ 7, 2, 78

■ 203, 171, 255

■ 0, 0, 54

■ 231, 198, 255

■ 0, 2, 32

■ 255, 226, 255

■ 0, 0, 3

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 93, 69, 154

■ 93, 69, 154

■ 82, 54, 154

■ 104, 84, 154

■ 71, 38, 154

■ 115, 100, 154

■ 60, 23, 154

■ 126, 115, 154

■ 49, 7, 154

■ 137, 131, 154

■ 43, 0, 154

■ 148, 146, 154

■ 154, 161, 156

■ 154, 177, 161

■ 154, 192, 165

■ 154, 208, 170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 57, 169



93, 69, 154



140, 46, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 69, 154



115, 130, 0



0, 55, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 69, 154



69, 154, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 69, 101



93, 69, 154



12, 96, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 69, 154



152, 48, 37



0, 95, 45



0, 58, 133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 69, 154



155, 35, 93



0, 95, 45



0, 58, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 69, 154



177, 167, 201



69, 105, 154



87, 82, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 69, 154



106, 68, 201



134, 69, 154



71, 69, 77



40, 0, 140



4, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 69, 130



201, 68, 164



69, 154, 134



77, 69, 74



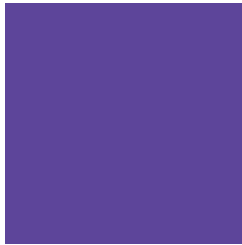
140, 0, 101



13, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 69, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 69, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 93, 69, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 69, 154.

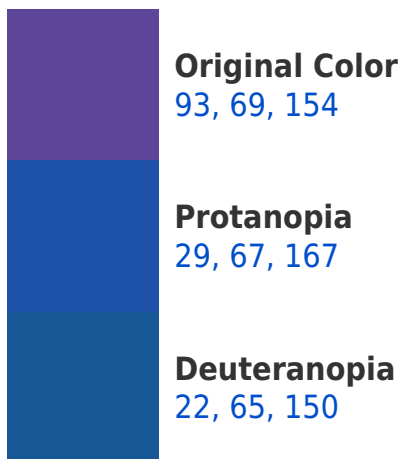



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 69, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

79, 83, 92

Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 69, 154

Protanomaly
52, 72, 162

Deuteranomaly
48, 72, 151

Tritanomaly
84, 79, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 69, 154

Achromatopsia
86, 86, 86

Achromatomaly
89, 80, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 93, 69, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(93, 69, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 69, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 69, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 69, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 93, 69, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 69, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 69, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 69, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 69, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 69, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 69,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 93, 69, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 69, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 69,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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