

Converting Colors

`RYB(93, 88, 107)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(93, 88, 107) contains.

RYB(93, 88, 107)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(93, 88, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D586B
RGB	93, 88, 107
RGB Percent	36%, 35%, 42%
CMY	0.6353, 0.6549, 0.5804
CMYK	0.13, 0.18, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	256°, 10%, 38%
HSV	256°, 18%, 42%
XYZ	10.6578, 10.3681, 15.3494
YIQ	91.6610, -3.1190, 6.9690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

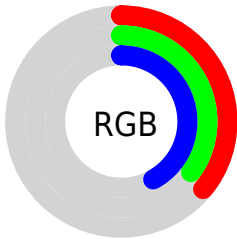
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 88, 107
Decimal	6117483
CIE Lab	38.50, 6.22, -10.13
CIE LCh	38, 11.887, 301.526
Yxy	10.3681, 0.2930, 0.2850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284307563 (0xFF5D586B)
YUV	91.6610, 7.5621, 1.1743
Hunter-Lab	32.1996, 2.7325, -5.7236

Details

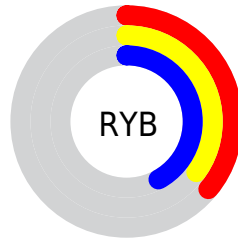
The RYB color **93, 88, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **88, 107, 93**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143, 138, 158**, and **47, 43, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 77, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101, 99, 107**.

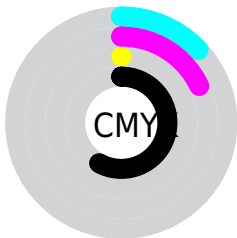
Distribution



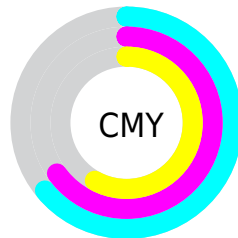
- Red (36%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 93, 88, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 93, 88, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 88, 107



93, 88, 107

255, 255, 255



69, 65, 83



143, 138, 158



47, 43, 60



170, 164, 185



26, 22, 38



197, 191, 213



0, 1, 17



225, 219, 241



0, 0, 0



254, 248, 255



93, 88, 107



93, 88, 107



85, 77, 107



101, 99, 107



77, 67, 107



107, 109, 107

■ 69, 56, 107

■ 107, 120, 110

■ 61, 45, 107

■ 107, 131, 113

■ 54, 35, 107

■ 107, 142, 117

■ 46, 24, 107

■ 107, 152, 119

■ 38, 13, 107

■ 107, 163, 122

■ 30, 2, 107

■ 107, 174, 125

■ 28, 0, 107

■ 107, 184, 127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80, 88, 110



93, 88, 107



104, 85, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 88, 107



106, 96, 74



68, 83, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 88, 107



88, 107, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 91, 95



93, 88, 107



82, 98, 71

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 88, 107



110, 86, 81



74, 93, 80



65, 81, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 88, 107



108, 84, 94



74, 93, 80



70, 86, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 88, 107



135, 133, 140



88, 96, 107



68, 67, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 88, 107



119, 111, 140



102, 88, 107



50, 48, 54



31, 0, 117



64, 0, 245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 88, 102



140, 111, 132



88, 107, 102



54, 48, 52



117, 0, 86



245, 0, 180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 93, 88, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

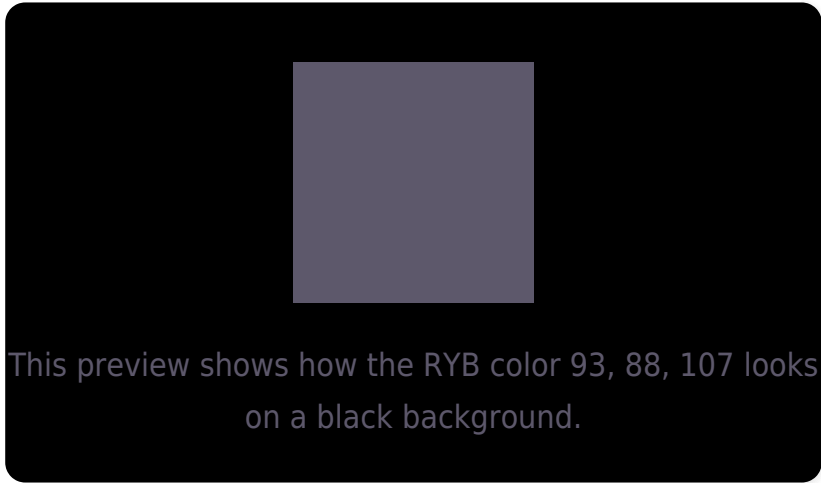
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

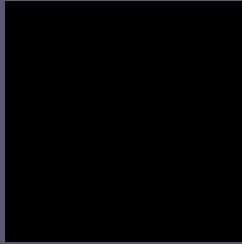
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 93, 88, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 88, 107.

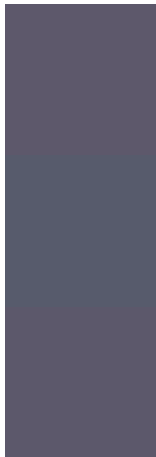


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 93, 88, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[93](#), [88](#), [107](#)

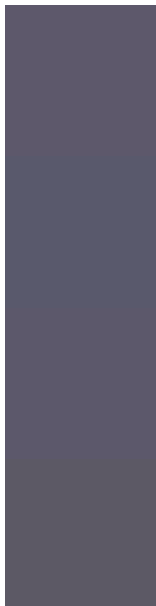
Protanopia
[87](#), [90](#), [108](#)

Deuteranopia
[92](#), [88](#), [107](#)



Tritanopia
91, 90, 97

Trichromacy



Original Color

93, 88, 107

Protanomaly

89, 89, 108

Deuteranomaly

92, 88, 107

Tritanomaly

92, 89, 101

Monochromacy



Original Color

93, 88, 107

Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92

Achromatomaly

92, 91, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 93, 88, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(93, 88, 107) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 88, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 88, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 88, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 93, 88, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 88, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 88, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 88, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 88, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 88, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 88,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 88, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 88, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 88,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor