

Converting Colors

`RYB(94, 111, 140)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(94, 111, 140) contains.

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Color

R_YB(94, 111, 140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E798C
RGB	94, 121, 140
RGB Percent	37%, 47%, 55%
CMY	0.6314, 0.5256, 0.4510
CMYK	0.33, 0.14, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	205°, 20%, 46%
HSV	205°, 33%, 55%
XYZ	16.1829, 17.9395, 27.4207
YIQ	115.0930, -22.1910, 0.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

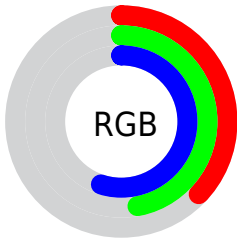
Format	Color
R _{YB}	94, 111, 140
Decimal	6191500
CIE Lab	49.42, -4.87, -13.50
CIE LCh	49, 14.353, 250.170
Yxy	17.9395, 0.2630, 0.2915
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284381580 (0xFF5E798C)
YUV	115.0930, 12.2792, -18.4986
Hunter-Lab	42.3550, -5.9205, -8.7359

Details

The RYB color **94, 111, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **140, 126, 94**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146, 163, 194**, and **45, 62, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 102, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 120, 140**.

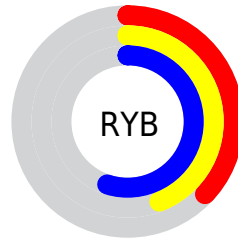
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (47%)

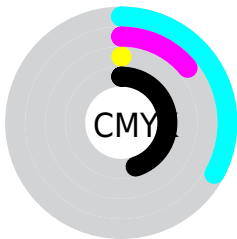
Blue (55%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (55%)

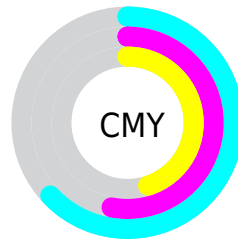


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 94, 111, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 94, 111, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94, 111, 140



94, 111, 140

255, 255, 255



69, 86, 114



146, 163, 194



45, 62, 90



173, 191, 221



21, 39, 66



200, 218, 250



0, 17, 44



229, 242, 255



0, 1, 24



0, 0, 0



94, 111, 140



94, 111, 140



80, 102, 140



108, 120, 140



66, 93, 140



122, 129, 140

■ 52, 85, 140

■ 136, 137, 140

■ 38, 76, 140

■ 150, 147, 140

■ 24, 67, 140

■ 164, 157, 140

■ 10, 58, 140

■ 178, 168, 140

■ 0, 52, 140

■ 192, 178, 140

■ 206, 186, 140

■ 220, 196, 140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85, 107, 133



94, 111, 140



109, 115, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 111, 140



143, 109, 114



99, 122, 112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 111, 140



140, 126, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100, 123, 94



94, 111, 140



142, 114, 102

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 111, 140



137, 110, 126



134, 132, 95



96, 115, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 111, 140



120, 114, 138



134, 132, 95



96, 120, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 111, 140



163, 170, 181



94, 127, 140



81, 85, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 111, 140



110, 136, 181



94, 99, 140



62, 65, 69



0, 49, 133



0, 2, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 94, 121



181, 110, 152



100, 140, 94



69, 62, 66



133, 0, 78



5, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 94, 111, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 94, 111, 140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

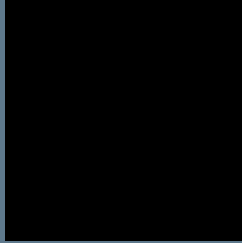
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

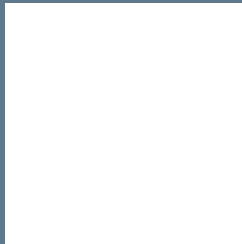
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 94, 111, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 94, 111, 140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 94, 111, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94, 111, 140

Protanopia

113, 116, 137

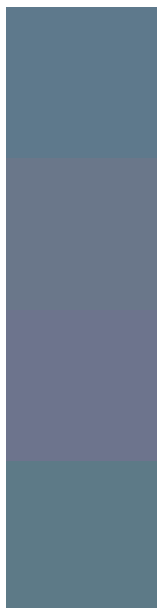
Deuteranopia

117, 115, 141



Tritanopia
92, 109, 132

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 111, 140

Protanomaly

106, 115, 138

Deuteranomaly

109, 115, 141

Tritanomaly

93, 110, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 111, 140

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

107, 113, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 94, 111, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 121, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 121, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 121, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 121, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 94, 111, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 121, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 121, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 121, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 121, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 121, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 121,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 94, 111, 140 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 121, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 121,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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