

Converting Colors

`RYB(94, 122, 157)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(94, 122, 157) contains.

RYB(94, 122, 157)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(94, 122, 157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E909D
RGB	94, 144, 157
RGB Percent	37%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.6314, 0.4337, 0.3843
CMYK	0.40, 0.08, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	192°, 25%, 49%
HSV	192°, 40%, 62%
XYZ	20.7359, 24.8819, 35.6081
YIQ	130.5320, -33.9730, -6.5570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

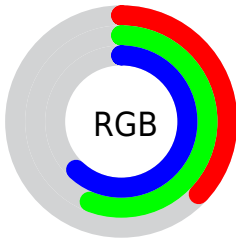
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 122, 157
Decimal	6197405
CIE _{Lab}	56.96, -13.48, -12.00
CIE _{LCh}	57, 18.051, 221.664
Yxy	24.8819, 0.2553, 0.3063
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284387485 (0xFF5E909D)
YUV	130.5320, 13.0487, -32.0386
Hunter-Lab	49.8818, -13.0907, -7.4069

Details

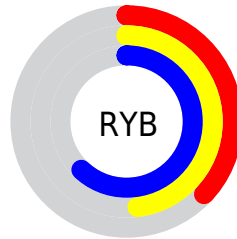
The RYB color **94, 122, 157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **157, 110, 94**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 176, 212**, and **42, 71, 106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 113, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 131, 157**.

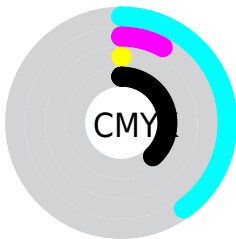
Distribution



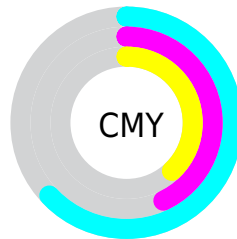
- Red (37%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 94, 122, 157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 94, 122, 157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94, 122, 157



94, 122, 157

255, 255, 255



68, 96, 131



147, 176, 212



42, 71, 106



175, 204, 240



11, 43, 82



203, 229, 255



0, 26, 59



231, 243, 255



0, 16, 37



0, 1, 16



0, 0, 0



94, 122, 157



94, 122, 157



78, 113, 157



110, 131, 157

■ 63, 105, 157

■ 125, 139, 157

■ 47, 96, 157

■ 141, 148, 157

■ 31, 87, 157

■ 157, 157, 157

■ 15, 78, 157

■ 173, 161, 157

■ 0, 70, 157

■ 188, 164, 157

■ 204, 168, 157

■ 220, 173, 157

■ 235, 177, 157

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 122, 146



94, 122, 157



106, 128, 166

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 122, 157



162, 127, 147



111, 142, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 122, 157



157, 110, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 157, 107



94, 122, 157



169, 126, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 122, 157



147, 131, 160



167, 132, 116



113, 142, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 122, 157



119, 133, 168



167, 132, 116



122, 148, 105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 122, 157



180, 191, 204



94, 146, 157



88, 94, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 122, 157



106, 149, 204



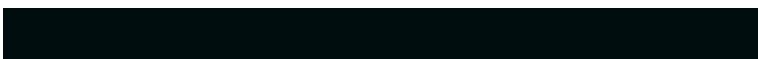
94, 109, 157



71, 74, 79



0, 63, 143



0, 7, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157, 94, 144



204, 106, 184



121, 157, 94



79, 71, 77



143, 0, 114



15, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 94, 122, 157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 94, 122, 157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

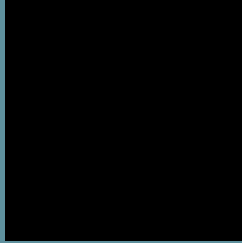
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 94, 122, 157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 94, 122, 157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 94, 122, 157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[94, 122, 157](#)

Protanopia

[134, 135, 151](#)

Deuteranopia

[138, 133, 159](#)



Tritanopia

94, 122, 156

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 122, 157

Protanomaly

119, 131, 153

Deuteranomaly

122, 133, 158

Tritanomaly

94, 122, 156

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 122, 157

Achromatopsia

131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly

118, 128, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 94, 122, 157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 144, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 144, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 144, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 144, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 94, 122, 157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 144, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 144, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 144, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 144, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 144, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 144,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 122, 157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 144, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 144,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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