

Converting Colors

`RYB(94, 147, 105)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(94, 147, 105) contains.

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Color

R_YB(94, 147, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88935E
RGB	136, 147, 94
RGB Percent	53%, 58%, 37%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4235, 0.6314
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.36, 0.42
HSL	72°, 22%, 47%
HSV	72°, 36%, 58%
XYZ	22.6074, 26.9098, 14.5923
YIQ	137.6690, 10.4570, -18.8150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

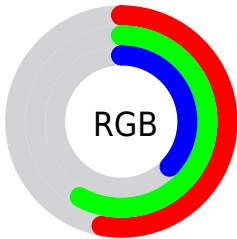
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 147, 105
Decimal	8950622
CIE _{Lab}	58.89, -13.01, 26.77
CIE _{LCh}	59, 29.767, 115.917
Yxy	26.9098, 0.3526, 0.4197
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287140702 (0xFF88935E)
YUV	137.6690, -21.5288, -1.4637
Hunter-Lab	51.8747, -12.9888, 19.6341

Details

The RYB color **94, 147, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **105, 94, 147**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145, 201, 156**, and **47, 96, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 147, 93**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109, 147, 117**.

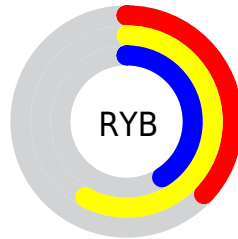
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (58%)

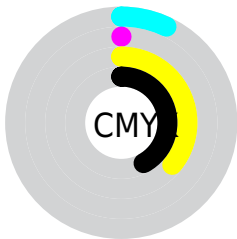
Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (41%)

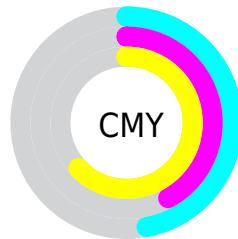


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 94, 147, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 94, 147, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94, 147, 105



94, 147, 105

255, 255, 255



70, 121, 81



145, 201, 156



47, 96, 58



172, 229, 183



24, 73, 36



199, 255, 207



0, 50, 11



227, 255, 227



0, 29, 14



0, 0, 0



94, 147, 105



94, 147, 105



79, 147, 93



109, 147, 117



65, 147, 82



123, 147, 128

■ 50, 147, 70

■ 138, 147, 140

■ 35, 147, 58

■ 148, 147, 153

■ 21, 147, 47

■ 151, 147, 168

■ 6, 147, 35

■ 154, 147, 182

■ 0, 147, 31

■ 157, 147, 197

■ 160, 147, 212

■ 163, 147, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 163, 89



94, 147, 105



106, 148, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 147, 105



61, 113, 184



190, 122, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 147, 105



105, 94, 147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 127, 171



94, 147, 105



100, 130, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 147, 105



49, 104, 164



140, 136, 189



193, 123, 120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 147, 105



84, 128, 155



140, 136, 189



185, 123, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 147, 105



170, 191, 174



147, 108, 94



84, 97, 87



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 147, 105



109, 191, 126



94, 147, 131



67, 74, 69



0, 138, 29



0, 10, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105, 94, 147



126, 109, 191



131, 94, 147



68, 67, 74



29, 0, 138



2, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 94, 147, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 94, 147, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

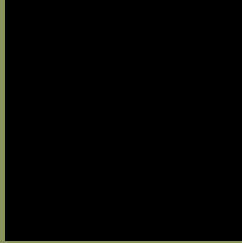
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 94, 147, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 94, 147, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 94, 147, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


94, 147, 105

Protanopia

108, 154, 92

Deuteranopia

161, 169, 97



Tritanopia
143, 140, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 147, 105

Protanomaly

97, 147, 93

Deuteranomaly

122, 157, 96

Tritanomaly

130, 143, 133

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 147, 105

Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly

122, 141, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 94, 147, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 147, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 147, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 147, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 147, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 94, 147, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 147, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 147, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 147, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 147, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 147, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 147,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 94, 147, 105 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 147, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
147, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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