

Converting Colors

`RYB(95, 133, 245)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(95, 133, 245) contains.

RYB(95, 133, 245)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(95, 133, 245)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F92F5
RGB	95, 146, 245
RGB Percent	37%, 57%, 96%
CMY	0.6275, 0.4279, 0.0392
CMYK	0.61, 0.40, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	220°, 88%, 67%
HSV	220°, 61%, 96%
XYZ	31.4631, 29.5502, 90.4317
YIQ	142.0370, -62.1750, 19.9770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

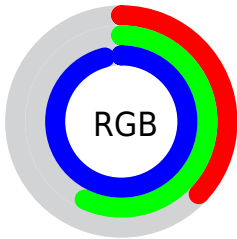
Format	Color
R _Y B	95, 133, 245
Decimal	6263541
CIE Lab	61.26, 12.84, -54.78
CIE LCh	61, 56.268, 283.195
Yxy	29.5502, 0.2078, 0.1951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284453621 (0xFF5F92F5)
YUV	142.0370, 50.7608, -41.2514
Hunter-Lab	54.3601, 8.1839, -60.5808

Details

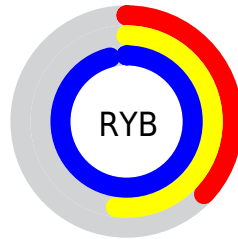
The RYB color **95, 133, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **172, 245, 95**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156, 186, 255**, and **3, 65, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 115, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120, 151, 245**.

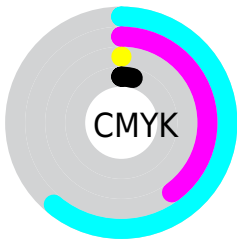
Distribution



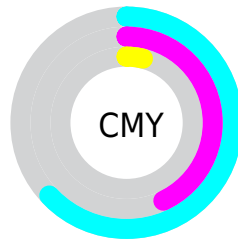
- Red (37%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



















- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 95, 133, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 95, 133, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 95, 133, 245	 95, 133, 245
 255, 255, 255	 61, 104, 216
 156, 186, 255	 3, 65, 188
 186, 212, 255	 0, 50, 161
 217, 236, 255	 0, 37, 134
 247, 251, 255	 0, 24, 108
	 0, 6, 83
	 0, 5, 59
	 0, 2, 36
	 0, 1, 13

■ 95, 133, 245

■ 95, 133, 245

■ 70, 115, 245

■ 120, 151, 245

■ 46, 97, 245

■ 144, 169, 245

■ 21, 78, 245

■ 169, 188, 245

■ 0, 62, 245

■ 193, 206, 245

■ 218, 225, 245

■ 242, 243, 245

■ 245, 255, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 97, 243



95, 133, 245



179, 125, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 133, 245



228, 126, 82



0, 101, 170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 133, 245



172, 245, 95

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71, 164, 137



95, 133, 245



157, 198, 48

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 133, 245



239, 103, 128



44, 154, 42



0, 87, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 133, 245



213, 112, 194



44, 154, 42



36, 125, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 133, 245



209, 221, 255



95, 186, 245



99, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 133, 245



69, 116, 255



118, 95, 245



110, 113, 122



0, 47, 186



0, 15, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 95, 146



255, 69, 132



95, 245, 118



122, 110, 114



186, 0, 63



59, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 95, 133, 245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

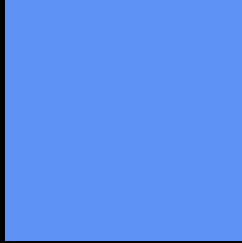
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 95, 133, 245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

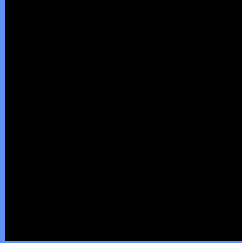
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

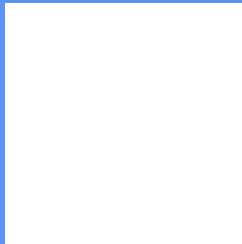
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 95, 133, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 95, 133, 245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 95, 133, 245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 114, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color
95, 133, 245

Protanomaly
103, 135, 244

Deuteranomaly
87, 130, 244

Tritanomaly
73, 123, 200

Monochromacy



Original Color
95, 133, 245

Achromatopsia
142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly
125, 139, 179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 95, 133, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 146, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 146, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 146, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 146, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 95, 133, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 146, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 146, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 146, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 146, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 146, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 146,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 133, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 146, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 146,  
245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor