

Converting Colors

`RYB(95, 169, 169)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(95, 169, 169) contains.

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Color

R_YB(95, 169, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5FA95F
RGB	95, 169, 95
RGB Percent	37%, 66%, 37%
CMY	0.6275, 0.3373, 0.6275
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.44, 0.34
HSL	120°, 30%, 52%
HSV	120°, 44%, 66%
XYZ	20.9728, 31.6351, 15.8273
YIQ	138.4380, -20.3500, -38.7020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

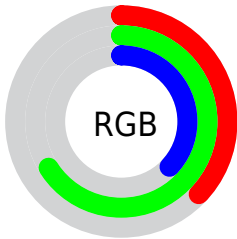
Format	Color
RYB	95, 169, 169
Decimal	6269279
CIELab	63.04, -38.55, 31.12
CIELCh	63, 49.541, 141.089
Yxy	31.6351, 0.3065, 0.4623
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284459359 (0xFF5FA95F)
YUV	138.4380, -21.4149, -38.0951
Hunter-Lab	56.2450, -31.8692, 22.6874

Details

The RYB color **95, 169, 169** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **169, 95, 169**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146, 225, 222**, and **40, 110, 116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 169, 169**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 169, 169**.

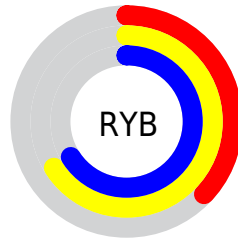
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (66%)

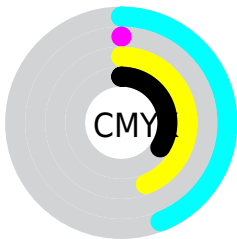
Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (66%)

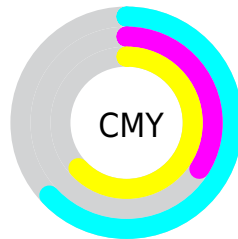


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 95, 169, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 95, 169, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95, 169, 169



95, 169, 169

255, 255, 255



68, 140, 142



146, 225, 222



40, 110, 116



173, 254, 250



2, 74, 91



201, 255, 250



0, 67, 67



229, 255, 250



0, 44, 44



0, 19, 19



0, 0, 0



95, 169, 169




95, 169, 169




78, 169, 169




112, 169, 169

 61, 169, 169


 129, 169, 169

 44, 169, 169


 146, 169, 169

 27, 169, 169

 163, 169, 169


 11, 169, 169

 179, 169, 179

 0, 169, 169

 196, 169, 196

 213, 169, 213

 230, 169, 230

 247, 169, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66, 160, 79



95, 169, 169



0, 97, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 169, 169



0, 96, 239



235, 116, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 169, 169



169, 95, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227, 116, 168



95, 169, 169



134, 145, 235

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 169, 169



0, 96, 220



194, 129, 208



220, 150, 85

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 169, 169



0, 89, 175



194, 129, 208



235, 115, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 169, 169



191, 219, 219



95, 169, 95



92, 110, 110



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 169, 169



103, 219, 219



95, 144, 169



76, 84, 84



0, 148, 148



0, 20, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 95, 169



219, 103, 219



169, 95, 132



84, 76, 84



148, 0, 148



20, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 95, 169, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 95, 169, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 95, 169, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 95, 169, 169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 95, 169, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
95, 169, 169

Protanopia
106, 166, 89

Deuteranopia
169, 182, 101



Tritanopia
111, 138, 173

Trichromacy



Original Color
95, 169, 169

Protanomaly
91, 158, 109

Deuteranomaly
99, 154, 103

Tritanomaly
105, 139, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
95, 169, 169

Achromatopsia
138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly
122, 149, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 95, 169, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 169, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 169, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 169, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 169, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 95, 169, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 169, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 169, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 169, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 169, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 169, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 169,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 169, 95 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 169, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 169,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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