

Converting Colors

`RYB(96, 115, 103)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(96, 115, 103) contains.

RYB(96, 115, 103)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(96, 115, 103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7360
RGB	108, 115, 96
RGB Percent	42%, 45%, 38%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5490, 0.6235
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.17, 0.55
HSL	82°, 9%, 41%
HSV	82°, 17%, 45%
XYZ	14.4264, 16.2941, 13.4511
YIQ	110.7410, 1.9270, -7.3930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

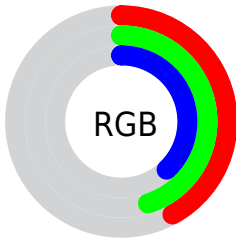
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 115, 103
Decimal	7107424
CIE Lab	47.36, -6.38, 9.63
CIE LCh	47, 11.553, 123.537
Yxy	16.2941, 0.3266, 0.3689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285297504 (0xFF6C7360)
YUV	110.7410, -7.2673, -2.4039
Hunter-Lab	40.3660, -6.8464, 8.4991

Details

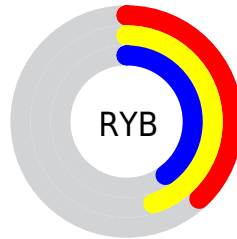
The RYB color **96, 115, 103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **103, 96, 115**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 167, 155**, and **50, 67, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 115, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 115, 111**.

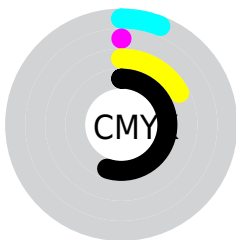
Distribution



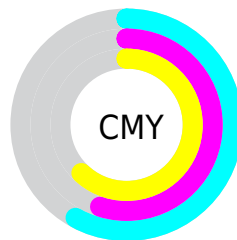
- Red (42%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 96, 115, 103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 96, 115, 103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 96, 115, 103

255, 255, 255

■ 147, 167, 155

■ 173, 194, 181

■ 200, 222, 208

■ 229, 251, 237

■ 96, 115, 103

■ 72, 90, 78

■ 50, 67, 57

■ 29, 45, 35

■ 3, 24, 8

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 96, 115, 103

■ 85, 115, 96

■ 73, 115, 88

■ 62, 115, 82

■ 96, 115, 103

■ 108, 115, 111

■ 116, 115, 119

■ 121, 115, 131

■ 50, 115, 74

■ 125, 115, 142

■ 39, 115, 67

■ 129, 115, 154

■ 27, 115, 59

■ 133, 115, 165

■ 16, 115, 53

■ 138, 115, 177

■ 4, 115, 45

■ 142, 115, 188

■ 0, 115, 42

■ 146, 115, 200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103, 119, 93



96, 115, 103



97, 112, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96, 115, 103



92, 107, 129



132, 106, 111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 115, 103



103, 96, 115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126, 107, 121



96, 115, 103



103, 110, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96, 115, 103



87, 104, 123



116, 109, 128



132, 107, 102

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 115, 103



91, 107, 118



116, 109, 128



131, 106, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 115, 103



143, 150, 145



115, 107, 96



72, 77, 74



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 115, 103



120, 150, 131



96, 115, 112



53, 59, 56



0, 122, 45



0, 250, 92

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103, 96, 115



131, 120, 150



112, 96, 115



55, 53, 59



45, 0, 122



92, 0, 250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 115, 103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

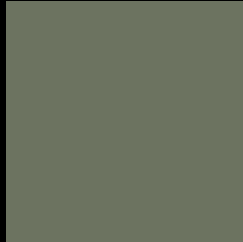
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 115, 103 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

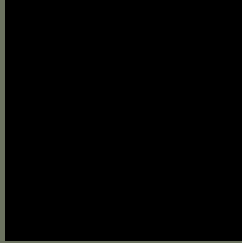
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

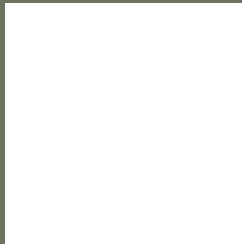
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 96, 115, 103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 96, 115, 103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 96, 115, 103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[96, 115, 103](#)

Protanopia

[102, 118, 94](#)

Deuteranopia

[128, 114, 97](#)



Tritanopia
112, 112, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

96, 115, 103

Protanomaly

96, 114, 95

Deuteranomaly

114, 121, 97

Tritanomaly

111, 113, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

96, 115, 103

Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly

106, 112, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 96, 115, 103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(108, 115, 96) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 115, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 115, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 115, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 96, 115, 103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 115, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 115, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 115, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 115, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 115, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 115,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 96, 115, 103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 115, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
115, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor