

Converting Colors

`RYB(96, 139, 140)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(96, 139, 140) contains.

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Color

R_YB(96, 139, 140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	608C61
RGB	96, 140, 97
RGB Percent	38%, 55%, 38%
CMY	0.6235, 0.4510, 0.6195
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.31, 0.45
HSL	121°, 19%, 46%
HSV	121°, 31%, 55%
XYZ	16.3607, 22.1065, 14.7196
YIQ	121.9420, -12.4210, -22.7010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

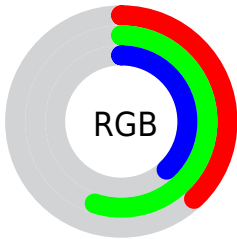
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 139, 140
Decimal	6327393
CIE _{Lab}	54.14, -24.19, 18.28
CIE _{LCh}	54, 30.323, 142.916
Yxy	22.1065, 0.3076, 0.4156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284517473 (0xFF608C61)
YUV	121.9420, -12.2964, -22.7511
Hunter-Lab	47.0175, -20.1679, 14.3505

Details

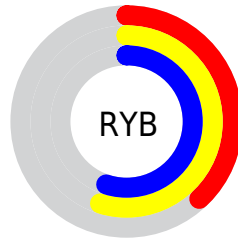
The RYB color **96, 139, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **140, 96, 139**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 194, 194**, and **47, 87, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 139, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 139, 140**.

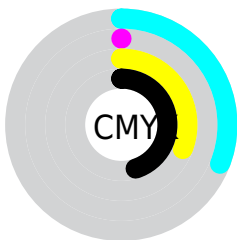
Distribution



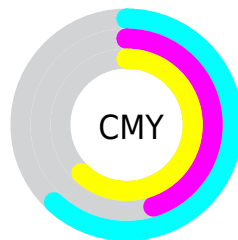
- Red (38%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 96, 139, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 96, 139, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96, 139, 140



96, 139, 140

255, 255, 255



71, 112, 114



148, 194, 194



47, 87, 90



175, 222, 222



23, 62, 66



202, 251, 250



0, 39, 43



230, 255, 254



0, 23, 23



0, 0, 0



96, 139, 140



96, 139, 140



82, 139, 140



110, 139, 140



68, 138, 140



124, 140, 140

■ 54, 138, 140

■ 138, 140, 140

■ 40, 138, 140

■ 152, 140, 152

■ 26, 137, 140

■ 166, 140, 165

■ 12, 137, 140

■ 180, 140, 179

■ 0, 137, 140

■ 194, 140, 193

■ 208, 140, 206

■ 222, 140, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80, 134, 88



96, 139, 140



62, 109, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96, 139, 140



81, 116, 181



181, 110, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 139, 140



140, 96, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176, 110, 137



96, 139, 140



124, 125, 178

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96, 139, 140



36, 95, 170



157, 116, 161



172, 131, 89

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 139, 140



37, 92, 144



157, 116, 161



181, 109, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 139, 140



165, 181, 181



96, 140, 97



82, 92, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 139, 140



112, 179, 181



96, 125, 140



62, 69, 69



0, 130, 133



0, 5, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 96, 139



181, 112, 179



140, 96, 117



69, 62, 69



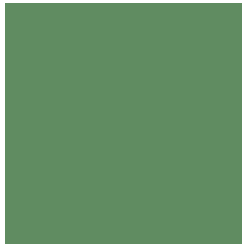
133, 0, 130



5, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 139, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 139, 140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

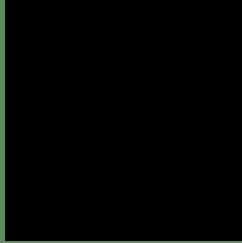
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 96, 139, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 96, 139, 140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 96, 139, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96, 139, 140

Protanopia

105, 139, 92

Deuteranopia

151, 144, 101



Tritanopia
105, 122, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color

96, 139, 140

Protanomaly

94, 133, 104

Deuteranomaly

101, 131, 100

Tritanomaly

102, 121, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

96, 139, 140

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

113, 129, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 96, 139, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 140, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 140, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 140, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 140, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 96, 139, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 140, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 140, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 140, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 140, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 140, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 140,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 96, 139, 140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 140, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 140,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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