

Converting Colors

`RYB(96, 181, 119)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(96, 181, 119) contains.

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Color

R_YB(96, 181, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EB560
RGB	158, 181, 96
RGB Percent	62%, 71%, 38%
CMY	0.3804, 0.2902, 0.6235
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.47, 0.29
HSL	76°, 36%, 54%
HSV	76°, 47%, 71%
XYZ	32.7357, 41.1614, 17.2859
YIQ	164.4330, 13.5770, -31.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

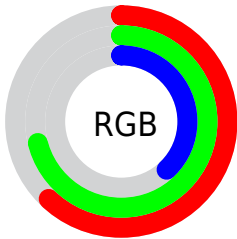
Format	Color
RYB	96, 181, 119
Decimal	10401120
CIELab	70.29, -21.45, 40.48
CIELCh	70, 45.813, 117.923
Yxy	41.1614, 0.3590, 0.4514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288591200 (0xFF9EB560)
YUV	164.4330, -33.7375, -5.6417
Hunter-Lab	64.1571, -21.1966, 28.9354

Details

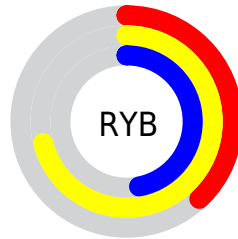
The RYB color **96, 181, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **119, 96, 181**, and the grayscale version is **165, 165, 165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 237, 171**, and **46, 128, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 181, 106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114, 181, 132**.

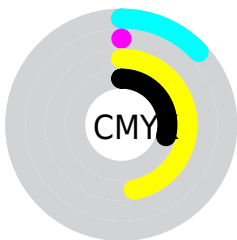
Distribution



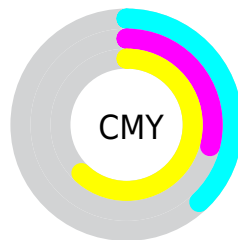
- Red (62%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 96, 181, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 96, 181, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 96, 181, 119


255, 255, 255


 148, 237, 171

 175, 255, 187

 203, 255, 203

 232, 255, 232

 96, 181, 119

 71, 154, 94

 46, 128, 69

 21, 103, 45


 0, 79, 25


 0, 56, 25

 0, 35, 34

 0, 2, 2

 0, 0, 0

 96, 181, 119

 96, 181, 119

■ 78, 181, 106

■ 114, 181, 132

■ 60, 181, 93

■ 132, 181, 145

■ 42, 181, 80

■ 150, 181, 158

■ 24, 181, 67

■ 168, 181, 171

■ 5, 181, 52

■ 182, 181, 187

■ 0, 181, 49

■ 187, 181, 205

■ 192, 181, 223

■ 197, 181, 241

■ 202, 181, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 200, 87



96, 181, 119



107, 174, 189

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96, 181, 119



0, 106, 241



247, 138, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 181, 119



119, 96, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 147, 217



96, 181, 119



97, 150, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96, 181, 119



0, 101, 210



171, 162, 245



250, 141, 135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 181, 119



61, 138, 192



171, 162, 245



241, 140, 191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 181, 119



202, 235, 211



181, 128, 96



97, 117, 102



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 181, 119



103, 235, 139



96, 181, 161



80, 89, 82



0, 153, 41



0, 26, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 96, 181



139, 103, 235



161, 96, 181



83, 80, 89



41, 0, 153



7, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 181, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

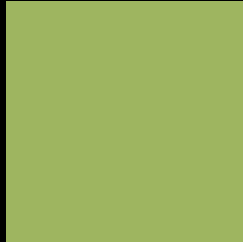
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 181, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 96, 181, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 96, 181, 119.

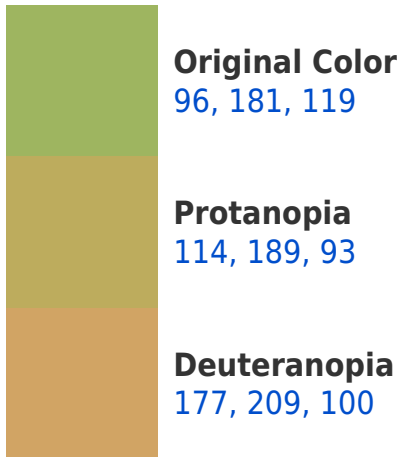


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 96, 181, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
169, 171, 185

Trichromacy



Original Color
96, 181, 119

Protanomaly
97, 178, 94

Deuteranomaly
125, 190, 99

Tritanomaly
153, 175, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 181, 119

Achromatopsia
164, 164, 164

Achromatomaly
139, 170, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 96, 181, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 181, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 181, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 181, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 181, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 96, 181, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 181, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 181, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 181, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 181, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 181, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 181,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 96, 181, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 181, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
181, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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